## Chapter III

Identification and development of 1-((1-(substituted)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamides as Mycobacterium tuberculosis Pantothenate synthetase inhibitors

## Chapter 3

## Identification and development of 1-((1-(substituted)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamides as Mycobacterium tuberculosis Pantothenate synthetase inhibitors

### 3.1. Introduction

Pyrazole is a five membered and two-nitrogen containing heterocyclic ring. Some of the pyrazole containing drugs like celecoxib, phenazone, fezolamine, apixaban, metamizole, rimonabant, phenylbutazone, lonazolac and many more are already in the market (Figure 3.1) [1]. Pyrazole or systems containing pyrazole fused with a six membered heterocycle have been extensively studied these derivatives are known to contain broad spectrum of pharmacological properties such as antifungal [2], antidiabetic [3], antitumor [4], antibacterial [5]. Pyrazoles play an essential role in biologically active compounds and therefore signify an interesting template for medicinal chemistry [6]. Many compounds have been synthesized as target structures by many researchers and were evaluated for their biological activities.


Figure 3.1: Pyrazole based drugs.

Mamolo et al., reported 5-aryl-1-isonicotinoyl-3-(pyridin-2-yl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazole derivatives which exhibited an interesting in vitro antimycobacterial activity against MTB, with minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) values ranging from 8 to $16 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$ [7]. Ravindra et al., reported 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-substituted pyrazole derivatives with MIC values ranging from 0.35 to $3.15 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$ against MTB H37Rv [8]. Chovatia et al., reported 1-acetyl-3,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro- $(1 H)$-pyrazole derivatives which were screened against MTB H37Rv [9]. Series of N -phenyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-substituted pyrazole derivatives exhibited significant antimycobacterial activity with $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ values ranging from 0.47 to $118.0 \mu \mathrm{M}$ against MTB H37Rv [10]. Palanisamy et al., reported analogues of N,1-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-[1]benzothiepino[5,4-c]pyrazole-3-carboxamide and $N, 1$-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro- 1 H -[1]benzothiepino[5,4-c]pyrazole-3-carboxamide-6,6-dioxides which were screened against MTB H37Rv [11] (Figure 3.2).



MTB IC $_{50}=\mathbf{0 . 4 7} \boldsymbol{\mu M}$

$\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{S}(\mathrm{MTB}$ MIC $=8.2 \mu \mathrm{M})$
$\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{SO}_{2}(\mathrm{MTB} \operatorname{MIC}=7.8 \mu \mathrm{M})$

Figure 3.2: Some of the pyrazole based anti-tubercular agents.

Triazoles have several medicinal applications [12]. It is quite obvious that, the favorable properties of 1,2,3-triazole ring like moderate dipole character, hydrogen bonding capability, rigidity and stability under in vivo conditions are responsible for their enhanced biological activities [13, 14]. For instance, a variety of $1 H-1,2,3$-triazole compounds have been known to exhibit antitubercular activity (Figure 3.3) [15-19].


MTB MIC $=0.62 \boldsymbol{\mu g} / \mathrm{mL}$


MTB MIC $=0.78 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL} \quad$ MTB MIC $=8.0 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$


MTB MIC $=1.56 \boldsymbol{\mu g} / \mathrm{mL}$

Figure 3.3: Some of the triazole based anti-tubercular agents.

The biosynthetic pathway of pantothenate involves four steps catalyzed by panB, panC, panD, and panE genes [20]. The last step of pantothenate biosynthesis viz., the ATP-dependent condensation of $D$-pantoate and $\beta$-alanine to form pantothenate is catalyzed by PanC. Pantothenate is essential for several processes such as cell signaling, fatty acid metabolism, and synthesis of non-ribosomal peptides and polyketides [21]. The biosynthesis of pantothenate is essential for the growth of MTB. The pantothenate biosynthesis pathway is a latent drug target and hence is important for determined growth and virulence of MTB and PS is very good target for developing new therapeutics to treat TB [22, 23].

Till date many MTB PS inhibitors are reported (Figure 3.4), which include 5-tert-butyl- N -pyrazol-4-yl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[d]isoxazole-3-carboxamide derivatives [21], 3-phenyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine derivatives [24], 2,6-disubstituted 4,5,6,7-
tetrahdrothieno[2,3-c]pyridine-3-carboxamide derivatives [25], nafronyl oxalate [26], $N^{\prime}-(1-$ naphthoyl)-2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carbohydrazide [27], and imidazo[2,1-b]thiazole and benzo[ $d$ ]imidazo[2,1-b]thiazole derivatives [28].

$\mathrm{IC}_{50}: 90.0 \mathrm{nM}$
MTB: $\mathbf{4 3} \%$ inhibition at $128 \mu \mathrm{M}$


MTB PS active at $26.07 \mu \mathrm{M}$
MTB MIC not active at $\mathbf{1 6 . 2 9} \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathrm{M}$


IC $_{50}: 38.2 \pm \mathbf{1 . 7} \mu \mathrm{M}$
МТВ МIC $=48.8 \mu \mathrm{M}$

$\mathrm{IC}_{50}: 1.90 \mu \mathrm{M}$
МТВ МIC $=4.53 \boldsymbol{\mu}$ М

$\mathrm{IC}_{50}: \mathbf{5 . 8 7} \mu \mathrm{M}$
MTB MIC $=9.28 \mu \mathrm{M}$

$\mathrm{IC}_{50}: 0.53 \pm 0.13 \mu \mathrm{M}$
MTB MIC $=3.53 \mu \mathrm{M}$

Figure 3.4. Structures of literature reported MTB PS inhibitors.

### 3.1.1. Design and chemistry

The molecular hybridization approach involves rational design of new ligands or the recognition of pharmacophoric sub-units in the molecular structure of two or more known bioactive derivatives which, through the adequate combination of these subunits, lead to the design of new hybrid architectures that maintain preselected characteristics of the original templates. In this work, we designed novel MTB inhibitors by hybridizing reported MTB PS inhibitor 1-benzoylN -(4-nitrophenyl)-3-phenyl-6,7-dihydro-1 H -pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide and 3-(4-((1-(4-bromo-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)piperazin-1yl)benzo[d]isoxazole [29], anticipating a new lead in the development of novel MTB PS inhibitors with potential MTB MIC (Figure 3.5). 3-(4-((1-(4-bromo-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-

1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)piperazin-1-yl)benzo[d]isoxazole is our most active compound from our previous work and when screened for MTB PS it exhibited panC $\mathrm{IC}_{50} 58.4 \mu \mathrm{M}$.

$\operatorname{PanC}$ IC $_{50}=21.8 \pm 0.8 \mu \mathrm{M}$ MTB MIC $=\mathbf{2 6 . 7} \boldsymbol{\mu}$ M


МТВ $\mathrm{MIC}=6.16 \mu \mathrm{M}$
PanC IC $\mathbf{5 0}=58.4 \pm 0.6 \mu \mathrm{M}$

Figure 3.5: Design strategy of the title compounds.

### 3.2. Results and Discussion

The designed molecules were synthesized in six steps (Scheme 3.1). Initially we prepared 1,3dicarbonyl intermediate (2) using 1-Boc-4-piperidone (1), morpholine, p-toluenesulfonic acid (catalytic) and benzoyl chloride (stork enamine reaction conditions). Treatment of 2 with hydrazine hydrate yielded pyrazole ring (3) [30]. Compound 3 on reacting with propargyl bromide in the presence of $\mathrm{Cs}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ formed N -alkyl product (4). Compound 4 was then deprotected using trifluoroacetic acid to yield compound (5). With weak base TEA, more nucleophilic amine of aliphatic ring reacted with phenylisocyanate yielding urea derivative (6). The free acetylene group was converted to various $1 H-1,2,3$-triazoles using different aromatic azides via click chemistry method [19]. The purity of compounds synthesized was checked by LC-MS and elemental analyses. Structures of the compounds were confirmed by spectral data. In ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR, the signals of the respective protons and carbons were verified on the basis of their chemical shifts, multiplicities, and coupling constants. The results of elemental analysis were within $\pm 0.05$ of the theoretical values.


Scheme 3.1: Synthetic protocol of titled compounds.
Reagents and conditions: (i) (a) Morpholine ( 1.0 eq ), PTSA ( 0.01 eq ), toluene, $100{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 16 \mathrm{~h}$; (b) Benzoyl chloride ( 1.1 eq ), TEA ( 2.0 eq ), DCM, $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{rt}, 4 \mathrm{~h}$. (ii) $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ ( 1.0 eq ), EtOH, $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-$ rt, 4 h (iii) Propargyl bromide ( $80 \%$ in toluene) ( 1.2 eq ), $\mathrm{Cs}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ ( 1.5 eq ), DMF, rt, 16 h . (iv) $\mathrm{CF}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}, \mathrm{DCM}, \mathrm{rt}, 16 \mathrm{~h}$. (v) Phenyl isocyanate ( 1.3 eq ), TEA (3.0 eq), DMF, rt, 4 h . (vi) Substituted aromatic azides, $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4} \cdot 5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(10 \mathrm{~mol} \%)$, Sodium ascorbate ( $10 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ), $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \cdot{ }^{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{BuOH}(1: 2), \mathrm{rt}, 4 \mathrm{~h}$.

### 3.2.1. In-vitro MTB screening

All the synthesized compounds were tested for their capacity to inhibit the growth of MTB. In assay three different $M$. tuberculosis strains were used. One of them was reference strain $M$. tuberculosis H37Rv ATTC 25618 and the others were 'wild' strains isolated from tuberculosis patients $[29,31]$. MTB strain spec. 210 was resistant to $p$-aminosalicylic acid (PAS), INH, ETB and RMP and another (Spec. 192) fully sensitive to the administrated tuberculostatics [31]. In this study three different strains were used for screening as we wanted to know the kind of activity synthesized compounds showed against the reference strain as well as against the strains isolated from TB patients. In this study the influence of the compound on the growth of mycobacteria at a certain concentration: $3.1,6.2,12.5,25,50$ and $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$ were evaluated

INH was used as reference drug. The in vitro antimycobacterial results of title compounds are arranged in Table 3.1 as MIC $(\mu \mathrm{M})$ and the activity ranged from 24.72 - $>200 \mu \mathrm{M}$.

Table 3.1: Result of Antimycobacterial screening of title compounds

| Entry | R | MIC ( $\mu \mathrm{M}$ ) against <br> MTB H37Rv | MIC ( $\boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{M}$ ) <br> against MTB <br> Spec. 192 | MIC ( $\mu \mathrm{M}$ ) against MTB <br> Spec. 210 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7a | Phenyl | 105.14 | 105.14 | 105.14 |
| 7 b | 4-Methylphenyl | 25.53 | 25.53 | 51.06 |
| 7 c | 4-Ethylphenyl | 49.64 | 49.64 | 49.64 |
| 7 d | 4-Methoxyphenyl | 24.72 | 24.72 | 24.72 |
| 7 e | 4-Fluorophenyl | >200 | >200 | >200 |
| 7 f | 4-Chlorophenyl | 196.08 | 196.08 | 196.08 |
| 7 g | 4-Bromophenyl | 90.18 | 90.18 | 90.18 |
| 7 h | 4-Iodophenyl | 166.26 | 166.26 | 166.26 |
| 7 i | 4-Nitrophenyl | 192.10 | 192.10 | 192.10 |
| 7 j | 4-Trifluoromethylphenyl | 91.98 | 91.98 | 91.98 |
| 7 k | 2-Chlorophenyl | 196.08 | 196.08 | 196.08 |
| 71 | 2-Fluorophenyl | >200 | >200 | $>200$ |
| 7 m | 2-Bromophenyl | 180.36 | 180.36 | 180.36 |
| 7 n | 2-Iodophenyl | 166.26 | 166.26 | 166.26 |
| 70 | 2-Nitrophenyl | 192.10 | 192.10 | 192.10 |
| 7 p | 3-Chlorophenyl | 98.04 | 98.04 | 98.04 |
| 7 q | 3-Methoxyphenyl | 98.89 | 98.89 | 98.89 |
| 7 r | 2,4-dichlorophenyl | 183.67 | 183.67 | 183.67 |
| 7 s | 3,4-dichlorophenyl | 183.67 | 183.67 | 183.67 |
| 7 t | 3,5-dichlorophenyl | 91.83 | 91.83 | 91.83 |
| 7 u | 3-Chloro-4-Fluorophenyl | 189.40 | 189.40 | 189.40 |
| 7 v | 3,4-difluorophenyl | 195.49 | 195.49 | 195.49 |
| 7 w | 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl | 186.70 | 186.70 | 186.70 |


|  | 4-bromo-3 | 160.65 | 160.65 | 160.65 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 xy | trifluoromethylphenyl |  |  |  |
| 7 z | 3,4-dimethylphenyl | 198.57 | 198.57 | 198.57 |
| INH | - | 192.47 | 192.47 | 192.47 |

Among the twenty six compounds screened, eight compounds (7b, 7c, 7d, 7g, 7j, 7p, 7q and 7t) showed activity against MTB with MIC $<100 \mu \mathrm{M}$. Three compounds ( $\mathbf{7 b}, 7 \mathbf{c}$, and $\mathbf{7 d}$ ) inhibited MTB with MIC $<50 \mu \mathrm{M}$. Compound 7d, (1-((1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)- $N$,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1 $H$-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)carboxamide) was found to be the most active compound with in vitro MIC $24.72 \mu \mathrm{M}$. In addition, compounds $7 \mathbf{b}, 7 \mathbf{c}$ and 7d with MIC $<50 \mu \mathrm{M}$ were further subjected to toxicity studies on normal cell line to analyze the selectivity profile.

Amongst synthesized derivatives, electron donating group containing substituent play major impact in exhibiting anti-TB activity. Structural activity relationship studies are explained based on activity of compound $\mathbf{7 a}$. Structural changes at $4^{\text {th }}$ position alter the activity. Compound 7a was inhibiting $99 \%$ growth of MTB $H 37 R v$ strain at $105.14 \mu \mathrm{M}$. In this series, introduction of electron donating groups at $4^{\text {th }}$ position on phenyl ring increased the activity. Introduction of electron donating ethyl group (7c) increased the activity by two fold with MIC $49.64 \mu \mathrm{M}$. Presence of electron donating methyl group (7b) increased the activity by four folds with MIC $25.53 \mu \mathrm{M}$. With introduction of methoxy group (7d) activity increased by four folds (MIC 24.72 $\mu \mathrm{M}$ ), with same methoxy group at meta position on phenyl ring ( $\mathbf{7 q}$, MIC $98.89 \mu \mathrm{M}$ ) activity remained unaltered compared to compound 7a. Presence of electron withdrawing groups viz., F, $\mathbf{C l}, \mathbf{B r}$ and $\mathbf{I}$ resulted in decrease in activity compared to compounds $\mathbf{7 b}, \mathbf{7 c}$, and $\mathbf{7 d}$. Even, presence of electron withdrawing groups at ortho or meta position decreased the activity. Introduction of electron donating methoxy group at meta and para position (7w, MIC 186.70 $\mu \mathrm{M})$ yielded decrease in activity by two folds compared to compound 7a. In conclusion, presence of electron donating methoxy group at para position on phenyl ring enhanced the activity. Amongst the synthesized derivatives, 7d emerged to be the most active compound.

### 3.2.2. Pantothenate synthetase enzyme inhibition studies

PS enzyme inhibition studies are carried on synthesized compounds by estimating the amount of $\mathrm{NAD}^{+}$produced [20, 28]. The $\mathrm{NAD}^{+}$produced can be examined spectrophotometrically at 340 nm . In the initial screening at $50 \mu \mathrm{M}$, all compounds exhibited more than $50 \%$ inhibition against MTB PS and their $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ 's were further determined. Most of the compounds showed good $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ ranging from $0.91 \pm 0.32$ to $8.97 \pm 0.05 \mu \mathrm{M}$ (Table 3.2). Seven compounds (7b, 7d, 7h, 7p, 7r, 7s and 7v) inhibited MTB PS with $\mathrm{IC}_{50}<2.00 \mu \mathrm{M}$. Compounds $7 \mathbf{d}$ and 7 s emerged as the most active compounds with $\mathrm{IC}_{50} 1.01 \pm 0.32$ and $0.91 \pm 0.32 \mu \mathrm{M}$ respectively.

Table 3.2: Docking scores and MTB PS assay

| Compound | In-silico |  | In-vitro |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entry | XP <br> GScore | Glide energy | MTB PanC <br> IC <br> 50 $\boldsymbol{\mu M}$ |
|  | -8.32 | -78.66 | -- |
| 7 a | -7.19 | -71.33 | $2.13 \pm 0.12$ |
| 7 b | -5.69 | -58.61 | $1.54 \pm 0.22$ |
| 7 c | -6.44 | -64.89 | $2.56 \pm 0.04$ |
| 7 d | -8.19 | -66.25 | $1.01 \pm 0.32$ |
| 7 e | -6.61 | -67.18 | $3.41 \pm 0.08$ |
| 7 f | -3.25 | -69.57 | $6.36 \pm 0.12$ |
| 7 g | -5.24 | -65.40 | $2.46 \pm 0.07$ |
| 7 h | -7.61 | -73.33 | $1.04 \pm 0.55$ |
| 7 i | -3.80 | -62.50 | $8.97 \pm 0.05$ |
| 7 j | -4.70 | -58.79 | $5.04 \pm 0.54$ |
| 7 k | -4.62 | -65.89 | $2.78 \pm 0.07$ |
| 71 | -4.46 | -61.60 | $5.93 \pm 0.64$ |
| 7 m | -6.31 | -71.76 | $3.54 \pm 0.55$ |
| 7 n | -5.24 | -60.42 | $3.92 \pm 0.19$ |
| 7 o | -6.33 | -72.18 | $4.94 \pm 0.03$ |
| 7 p | -7.69 | -70.79 | $1.14 \pm 0.19$ |
| 7 q | -4.25 | -65.23 | $7.78 \pm 0.56$ |


| 7 r | -6.07 | -67.82 | $1.29 \pm 0.14$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 s | -7.83 | -69.26 | $0.91 \pm 0.32$ |
| 7 t | -5.99 | -63.35 | $4.76 \pm 0.02$ |
| 7 u | -5.37 | -63.08 | $6.43 \pm 0.12$ |
| 7 v | -7.37 | -64.55 | $1.56 \pm 0.11$ |
| 7 w | -4.96 | -64.16 | $8.21 \pm 0.03$ |
| 7 x | -4.44 | -57.95 | $6.54 \pm 0.21$ |
| 7 y | -6.60 | -56.87 | $6.91 \pm 0.07$ |
| 7 z | -4.84 | -73.86 | $8.39 \pm 0.14$ |

### 3.2.3. Docking study

All the final compounds were docked into the crystal structure of MTB PS protein (PDB ID: 3IUB) to know the exact binding pattern with the receptor. Validation of docking protocol revealed that, the value of RMSD obtained between experimental binding mode of cocrystallized ligand (as in X-ray) and its re-docked pose (Figure 3.6) was found to be 0.76, which suggested that, docking procedure could be relied on for further docking studies.


Figure 3.6: Superimposed view of co-crystallized ligand (green) with its X-ray pose (red) in 3IUB.

Further, in the docking studies, molecules exhibited good binding energy in the range of -3.25 to $-8.19 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$ and exhibited good fitness with the MTB PS protein. Several compounds displayed hydrogen bonding interaction with HIE47, HIE44, Met40, Ser196, Tyr82 and Ser197, amino acid residues. One of the most active ligands, 1-((1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)- $N, 3$-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1 $H$-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)carboxamide (7d) with $\mathrm{IC}_{50} 1.01 \pm 0.32 \mu \mathrm{M}$ showed docking score of $-8.19 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$. The active site in the hydrophobic pocket is within the vicinity of Leu146, Val187, Val142, Met195, Ala42, Leu50, Pro38, Ile168 and Met40 some polar amino acid residues HIE47, Ser196, Ser197 and Thr82 respectively. The ligand also exhibited hydrogen bonding interaction with Met40, Ser197, Val187 residues [28]. The binding pattern of 7d with MTB PS is shown in Figure 3.7.


Figure 3.7: Docked pose of compound 7d inside the 3IUB, showing two-dimensional interactive diagram.

### 3.2.4. In vitro cytotoxicity studies

The active compounds $\mathbf{7 b}, \mathbf{7 c}$ and $\mathbf{7 d}$ were evaluated for Promega Cell Titer 96 non-radioactive cell proliferation assay to analyze the selectivity profile against mouse macrophage (RAW264.7) cell lines [32]. The $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ values and selectivity index (SI) values are tabulated in Table 3.3. The most active compound (7d) showed SI value 13.76. The results imply that the compounds are suitable for further investigation in TB.

Table 3.3: Cytotoxicity results of the active compounds

| Entry | MIC $(\boldsymbol{\mu M})$ in <br> MTB $\boldsymbol{H 3 7 R} \boldsymbol{v}$ | ${ }^{*} \mathbf{I C}_{\mathbf{5 0}}$ <br> approximation | ${ }^{\text {a SI values }}$ <br> $\mathbf{I C}_{\mathbf{5 0}} / \mathbf{M I C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7b | 25.53 | 335.19 | 13.12 |
| 7c | 49.64 | 370.12 | 7.45 |
| 7d | 24.72 | 340.15 | 13.76 |
| ${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Selectivity index; * units in $\mu \mathrm{M}$ |  |  |  |

### 3.2.5. Single Crystal X-ray Crystallographic Structure of Compound 7g

The suitable crystals of the compound $\mathbf{7 g}$ for X-ray crystallographic study were grown from methanol solution. The single crystal X-ray diffraction measurement of the molecule $\left(\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{OBr} . \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right)$ was done using Rigaku XtaLAB P200 diffractmeter using graphite monochromated Mo-K $\alpha$ radiation ( $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$ ) on $0.1 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.1 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ pale yellow crystal. Data were collected and processed using CrysAlisPro (Rigaku Oxford Diffraction). The data were collected at a temperature of $-180 \pm 1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to a maximum $2 \theta$ value of $58.2^{\circ}$. Of the 19673 reflections collected, 6164 were unique ( $\operatorname{Rint}=0.0791$ ) and equivalent reflections were merged. The diffraction data were refined and structure was solved using Crystal Structure 4.2.2 software program. The structure was solved by direct methods and expanded using Fourier techniques. The non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen atoms were refined using the riding model. The compound crystallized into a triclinic crystal system with $\mathrm{P}-1$ space group. In a single unit cell four partially occupying molecules along with two methanol solvent of crystallization are observed with $\mathrm{Z}=2$. The basic crystallographic data are shown in Table 3.4. The molecular structure of the compound with methanol solvent of crystallization is given as an ORTEP diagram in Figure 3.8. The part of the molecule containing $p$-bromophenyl ring is
directly attached to triazole ring nitrogen. These two rings are not coplanar; the phenyl ring plane is deviated from the triazole plane by around $30^{\circ}$. The torsional angle between these two rings with selected bonds C5-C4-N1-N2 $=30.90$ and $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 7=31.71$ degrees. The deviation is comparatively less in the other part of the molecule. Pyrazole ring plane with respect to the attached phenyl ring plane deviated by around $7.5^{\circ}$, the corresponding dihedral angle for the selected four bonds are $\mathrm{N} 5-\mathrm{C} 12-\mathrm{C} 13-\mathrm{C} 18=7.54, \mathrm{C} 11-\mathrm{C} 12-\mathrm{C} 13-\mathrm{C} 14=7.34$ degrees. Crystallographic data for the compound $\mathbf{7 g}$ is deposited to the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center and corresponding deposition number is CCDC 1500428.


Figure 3.8: ORTEP diagram showing the X-ray crystal structure of the compound $7 \mathbf{g}$ with a methanol solvent of crystallization.

Table 3.4: Crystal data and structure refinement for $\mathbf{7 g}$

| Empirical Formula | $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{BrN} \mathrm{N}_{7} \mathrm{O} . \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Formula Weight | 586.49 |
| Crystal Color, Habit | Light yellow |
| Crystal Dimensions | $0.1 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.1 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Crystal System | Triclinic |


| Lattice Type | Primitive |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lattice Parameters | $\mathrm{a}=7.8845(3) \mathrm{A}^{\circ}$ |
|  | $\mathrm{b}=11.9643(4) \mathrm{A}^{\circ}$ |
|  | $\mathrm{c}=14.9423(4) \mathrm{A}^{\circ}$ |
|  | $\alpha=102.268(2) \mathrm{A}^{\circ}$ |
|  | $\beta=101.916(2) \mathrm{A}^{\circ}$ |
|  | $\gamma=95.003(3) \mathrm{A}^{\circ}$ |
|  | $\delta=1334.95(8) \mathrm{A}^{\circ 3}$ |
| Space Group | P-1 (\#2) |
| Z value | 2 |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {calc }}$ | $1.459 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
| $\mathrm{F}_{000}$ | 604.00 |
| $\mu(\mathrm{MoK} \alpha)$ | $15.855 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ |
| Radiation | $\operatorname{Mo}-\mathrm{K} \alpha\left(\lambda=0.71073 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}\right)$ |
| Radiation monochromator | Graphite |
| Voltage, Current | $50 \mathrm{kV}, 40 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Temperature | $-180.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum $2 \theta$ | $58.2^{\circ}$ |
| Number of measured reflections | $19673^{\circ}$ |
| Number of Unique reflections | $6164\left(\mathrm{R}_{\text {int }}=0.0791\right)$ |
| Number of parameters | 380 |
| Goodness-of-fit on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ | 1.00 |
| $\Delta \rho_{\text {max,mix }}\left(\mathrm{e}^{-} / \mathrm{A}^{\circ 3}\right)$ | 1.89, -0.78 |
| Reflection/Parameter Ratio | 16.22 |
| Residuals: R1 (I>2.00\%(I)) | 0.0479 |
| Residuals: R (All reflections) | 0.0538 |
| Residuals: wR2 (All reflections) | 0.1931 |
| Crystal refinement | CrystalStructure 4.2.2 |

### 3.3. Conclusions

In this work, we designed novel 1-((1-(substituted)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1 H -pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide derivatives by molecular hybridization approach using reported MTB PS inhibitor and substituted $1 H-1,2,3$-triazole antitubercular compounds. Twenty six compounds were synthesized and well characterized. One of the compounds 7d showed better MTB PS inhibition and MTB MIC than one of the lead compound (1-benzoyl- N -(4-nitrophenyl)-3-phenyl-6,7-dihydro-1 H -pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine$5(4 H)$-carboxamide. Thus, this 1-((1-(substituted)-1H-1,2,3-triazole scaffold could be further optimized to develop MTB PS specific agents. In conclusion, it has been shown that, the potency and low cytotoxicity of the title compounds make them suitable leads for synthesizing new compounds with better anti-tubercular activity.

### 3.4. Experimental

### 3.4.1. Materials and methods

Chemicals and solvents were procured from commercial source. The solvents and reagents were of LR grade and if necessary purified before use. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on aluminium-supported silica gel plates (Merck 60 F254) with visualization of components by UV light ( 254 nm ). Column chromatography was carried out on silica gel (Merck 100-200 mesh). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra were recorded at 400 MHz and 101 MHz respectively using a Bruker AV 400 spectrometer (Bruker CO., Switzerland) in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ and DMSO- $d_{6}$ solution with tetramethylsilane as the internal standard and chemical shift values ( $\delta$ ) were given in ppm. Melting points were determined on an electro thermal melting point apparatus (StuartSMP30) in open capillary tubes and are uncorrected. Elemental analyses were performed by Elementar Analysensysteme GmbH vario MICRO cube CHN Analyzer. Mass spectra (ESI-MS) were recorded on Schimadzu MS/ESI mass spectrometer. Purity of all tested compounds were determined by LC-MS/MS on Schimadzu and was greater than $95 \%$.

### 3.4.2. Chemistry

tert-butyl 3-benzoyl-4-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylate (2)
In a two neck 100 mL round-bottom flask equipped with a Dean-stark trap, a reflux condenser and an internal thermocouple, compound $1(5.0 \mathrm{~g}, 23.15 \mathrm{mmol})$, toluene ( 50 mL ), morpholine
( $2.1 \mathrm{~mL}, 23.15 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), and $p$-toluenesulfonic acid (catalytic) were added sequentially. The reaction mixture was refluxed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ atmosphere for 16 h . The solvent was evaporated and the crude reaction mixture was dissolved in DCM ( 40 mL ) and then triethylamine ( $5.35 \mathrm{~mL}, 37.65$ mmol) was added at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$, benzoyl chloride ( $2.9 \mathrm{~mL}, 25.1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added over 10 min , the ice bath was then removed and the reaction solution was stirred at room temperature for 4 h . Once completion of the reaction, as indicated by TLC, the reaction was quenched with $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution and extracted with DCM. The organic layers were collected, washed with saturated brine solution, dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and concentrated in vacuo. The resultant crude product was purified by column chromatography [ethyl acetate / hexane (10-15\%)] to get the 1,3-dicarbonyl compound $2(7.0 \mathrm{~g}, 92 \%)$ as a colorless liquid. ESI-MS found $304(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$.

## tert-butyl 3-phenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxylate (3)

A stirred solution of tert-butyl 3-benzoyl-4-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylate (2) (7.6 g, 25.05 mmol$)$ in ethanol was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and hydrazine hydrate ( $0.8 \mathrm{~mL}, 25.05 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added and stirred for 4 h . Once completion of the reaction, as indicated by TLC the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude residue was purified by column chromatography to get compound $3(6.9 \mathrm{~g}, 92 \%)$ as an off-white solid. ESI-MS found 300 $(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 9.48(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.58-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 4.82(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.91(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.83(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) 163.54, 146.99, 143.56, 136.64, 132.75, 129.31, 127.39, 117.45, 81.67, 43.91, 36.89, 31.49, 27.79; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : (\%) C, 68.20; H, 7.07; N, 14.04, Found: C, 68.24; H, 7.09; N, 14.13.

## tert-butyl-3-phenyl-1-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-

 carboxylate (4)A solution of tert-butyl 3-phenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxylate (3) $(5.0 \mathrm{~g}, 16.70 \mathrm{mmol})$ in DMF was cooled to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $\mathrm{Cs}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(8.16 \mathrm{~g}, 25.05 \mathrm{mmol})$ and propargyl bromide ( $80 \%$ in toluene) ( $1.64 \mathrm{~mL}, 21.17 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) were added and allowed to reach room temperature and stirred for 16 h . Once completion of the reaction, as indicated by TLC, the reaction was quenched with cold water and extracted with diethyl ether. The organic layers were collected, washed with saturated brine solution, dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and concentrated in vacuo. The resultant crude product was purified by column chromatography [ethyl acetate /
hexane (20-30\%)] to get the compound $4(4.6 \mathrm{~g}, 83 \%)$ as a semisolid. ESI-MS found 338.15 $(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.60-7.23(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 4.80(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.56(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.92(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.81(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.72(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.31(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) 163.57, 147.64, 143.65, 136.76, 132.87, 129.38, 127.40, 117.51, 81.7, 77.96, 69.05, 43.91, 42.07, 36.77, 31.59, 27.90; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : (\%) C, 69.79 ; H, 6.96; N, 13.20, Found: C, 69.80; H, 7.01; N, 13.23.

## 3-phenyl-1-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine (5)

A solution of tert-butyl 3-phenyl-1-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine$5(4 \mathrm{H})$-carboxylate (4) $(4.0 \mathrm{~g}, 11.85 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $\mathrm{CF}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}(4.5$ $\mathrm{mL}, 59.27 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added drop wise and stirred at room temperature for 16 h . The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude residue was washed with hexane and diethyl ether to get compound 5 ( $2.6 \mathrm{~g}, 92 \%$ ) as an off-white solid. ESI-MS showed 238.10 $(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$.

## N,3-diphenyl-1-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide

Phenylisocyanate ( $1.3 \mathrm{~mL}, 10.95 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), was added to the stirred solution of Compound 5 ( 2.0 g , $8.42 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}(3.5 \mathrm{~mL}, 25.26 \mathrm{mmol})$ in DMF at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ atm, and stirred at room temperature for 4 h . Once completion of the reaction, as indicated by TLC, the reaction was quenched with cold water then solid was filtrated and washed with water and hexane to get the key intermediate $6(2.7 \mathrm{~g}, 90 \%)$ as an off-white solid. ESI-MS showed $357.15(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.74$ (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, $J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 7.78 (d, $J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 7.67 (d, $J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.72-7.64(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.47(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.71(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.86(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=$ $7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.90(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) 164.58, 155.57, 143.57, 139.51, 136.69, 132.85, 129.38, 128.92, 128.12, 127.40, 121.16, 117.52, 81.73, 77.94, 69.0, 44.01, 42.12, 23.94; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 74.14; H, 5.66; N, 15.72, Found: C, 74.16; H, 5.67; N, 15.73.

## N,3-diphenyl-1-((1-phenyl-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-clpyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7a-z)

A solution of N,3-diphenyl-1-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)carboxamide ( 6 ) ( $0.20 \mathrm{~g}, 1.0$ equiv.) is reacted with substituted phenyl azides ( 1.2 equiv.) in the presence of sodium ascorbate ( 0.01 equiv.), $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4} .5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ( 0.02 equiv.) and $t-\mathrm{BuOH}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2: 1)$, at rt for 4 h . Once completion of the reaction, as indicated by TLC, the reaction was quenched with cold water and extracted with DCM. The DCM layers were collected, washed with saturated brine solution, dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and concentrated in vacuo. The resultant crude product was purified by column chromatography $[\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{DCM}(1-3 \%)]$ to yield the title compounds 7a-z.



N,3-diphenyl-1-((1-phenyl-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-clpyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7a)
Off white solid (83\%); m.p. 221-223 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3490,3021,2843,1650,1410$, 1340, 1060. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.400 \mathrm{MHz}, ~ D M S O-d_{6}\right) \delta 8.88(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.94-7.86(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.69-7.66(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.58(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.50-7.42(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.38-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.28-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.49(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.72(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.98(\mathrm{t}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta$ 155.67, 145.55, 144.46, 140.85, $139.15,136.98,133.97,130.32,129.20,129.14,128.74,127.78,126.51,122.38,122.39,120.61$, $120.48,112.00,44.40,42.17,41.16,40.59,22.33$. EI-MS $m / z 476.20(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 70.72; H, 5.30; N, 20.62; Found: C, 70.74; H, 5.31; N, 20.63.

N,3-diphenyl-1-((1-(p-tolyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-1,4,6,7-tetrahydro-5H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5-carboxamide (7b)
Light yellow solid (87\%); m.p. 204-206 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $(\mathrm{KBr}){v_{\max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3455,3025,2867,1645,1420$, 1348, 1062. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.81(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 2H), 7.67 (d, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.48-7.42$ (m, 4H), $7.40-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.26-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $6.94(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.47(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.71(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.36(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.68,145.54,144.42,140.91,139.16$, 138.77, 134.74, 133.95, 130.71, 129.21, 128.82, 127.78, 126.48, 122.38, 122.24, 120.49, 120.47, 111.99, 44.46, 42.18, 41.66, 22.29, 21.06. EI-MS m/z $490.23(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 71.15; H, 5.56; N, 20.03; Found: C, 71.16; H, 5.58; N, 20.06.

## 1-((1-(4-ethylphenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-clpyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7c)

Off white solid (89\%); m.p. 128-130 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3478,3031,2913,1635,1422$, 1341, 1056. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.82(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.48-7.42(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.40-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.26-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $6.94(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.47(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.71(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.76(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.36(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.17,145.09,144.67$, $144.21,143.62,140.38,138.66,133.47,129.93,128.66,128.22,127.25,126.04,121.89,121.84$, 121.77, 119.95, 114.78, 48.12, 44.19, 41.67, 28.23, 21.85, 14.45. EI-MS m/z $504.25(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 71.55; H, 5.80; N, 19.47; Found: C, 71.56; H, 5.82; N, 19.48.

## 1-((1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-

 pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7d)Brown solid (90\%); m.p. $115-117^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3442,3027,2832,1645,1424,1365$, 1034, 1020. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.76(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.81-7.78(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.68-7.64(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.47-7.41(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.35-7.31(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.25-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.11(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=$ $9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.95(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.46(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 156.47,153.18,145.02,143.72$, $140.36,138.63,133.49,129.91,128.64,128.24,127.27,126.01,121.88,121.86,121.77,119.98$,
$114.78,111.48,55.51,48.12,44.93,41.67,22.13$. EI-MS $m / z 506.20(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : (\%) C, 68.89; H, 5.38; N, 19.39; Found: C, 68.91; H, 5.39; N, 19.41.

## 1-((1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-

 pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7e)Off white solid (82\%); m.p. $158-160{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3490,3021,2843,1655,1410$, $1340,1120,1060 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.85(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.74(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.00-7.90(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.71-7.63(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.50-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-7.17(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{tt}, J=7.3,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.48(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.71(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 161.01,155.21,145.02,143.72,140.36,138.63,133.49,129.91,128.64,128.24$, 127.27, 126.01, 121.88, 121.86, 121.77, 119.98, 114.78, 111.48, 50.19, 48.93, 41.87, 24.23. EIMS m/z $494.20(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{FN}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 68.14; H, 4.90; N, 19.87; Found: C, 68.16; H, 4.91; N, 19.89.

## 1-((1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-1,4,6,7-tetrahydro-5H-

 pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5-carboxamide (7f)White solid (89\%); m.p. $145-147{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ( KBr ) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3428,3027,2834,1647,1412,1343$, 1043, 615. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.82(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.43(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.37(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.91(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.46(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.74(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.96(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.28,145.12,143.92$, 141.36, $138.63,134.12,133.39,129.91,128.64,128.24,127.27,126.11,121.88,121.89,121.77,119.88$, $114.78,111.48,52.19,48.83,41.67,24.83$. EI-MS $m / z 510.20(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{ClN}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 65.94; H, 4.74; N, 19.23; Found: C, 65.16; H, 4.75; N, 19.89.

## 1-((1-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-

 pyrazolo[4,3-c] pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7g)Pale yellow solid (87\%); m.p. 150-152 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ) $v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3492,3022,2913,1657,1422$, 1332, 1055, 680. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.90(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.88(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, $J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.67$ (d, $J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.45$ (dt, $J=7.8,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.33$ (t, $J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.48(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.71(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82$
( $\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), $2.96(\mathrm{t}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 155.66,145.58$, $144.65,140.84,139.15,136.17,133.95,133.19,129.14,128.74,127.79,126.45,122.51,122.43$, $122.38,121.92,120.42,112.05,44.33,42.24,41.24,22.22$. EI-MS $m / z 554.12(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+} ; 556.10$ $(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+2}$; Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{BrN}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 60.66 ; H, 4.36; N, 17.68; Found: C, 60.68; H, 4.37; N, 17.69.

1-((1-(4-iodophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7h)
Light brown solid (80\%); m.p.147-149 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ; IR (KBr) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3485,30311,2905,1658,1402$, 1043, 560. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.85(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.76(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.35(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.92(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.47(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.69(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.48,145.02,144.23,143.72$, 140.36, 138.63, 129.91, 128.64, 128.24, 127.27, 126.01, 121.88, 121.86, 121.77, 119.98, 116.78, 115.48, 95.15, 45.23, 42.13, 41.67, 23.93. EI-MS m/z $602.12(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{IN}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 55.92; H, 4.03; N, 16.30; Found: C, 55.94; H, 4.31; N, 16.32.

## 1-((1-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7i)

Light yellow solid (81\%); m.p. 144-146 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3505,3031,2912,1675,1532$, 1372, 1027. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 9.08(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.74(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.48-8.40(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $8.28-8.19(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.71-7.63(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.50-7.39(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.40-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-7.18$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{tt}, J=7.3,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.51(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.71(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}$, $J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.65,147.17,145.65,145.10,141.20$, $140.83,139.19,133.92,129.13,128.74,127.81,126.50,125.96,122.89,122.38,121.14,120.47$, 112.03, 44.29, 42.15, 41.13, 22.28. EI-MS $m / z 521.19(M+H)^{+}$; Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ : (\%) C, 64.61; H, 4.65; N, 21.53; Found: C, 64.63; H, 4.66; N, 21.55.

N,3-diphenyl-1-((1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7j)

White solid (76\%); m.p. $246-248{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3505,3029,2903,1650,1402,1357$, 1279, 1045. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 9.03(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.69-7.64(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.47-7.42(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.37-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.27-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.96-6.92(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.51(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.72(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta 155.66,145.62,144.86,140.84,139.75$, $139.18,133.94,129.14,128.73,127.80,127.60,127.60,126.51,122.91,122.71,122.38,121.06$, 120.47, 112.02, 44.33, 42.16, 41.14, 22.30. EI-MS m/z $544.19(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ : (\%) C, 64.08; H, 4.45; N, 18.04; Found: C, 64.10; H, 4.46; N, 18.05.

## 1-((1-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7k)

Off white solid (88\%); m.p. 137-139 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3523,3032,2923,1675,1445$, , 1052, 602. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.87(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.40(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.37(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.99(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.42(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.64(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.84(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.96(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 155.28,145.22$, 142.92, 141.36, $138.53,136.23,134.12,133.39,129.91,128.64,128.24,127.27,126.11,121.88,121.89,121.77$, 120.21, 119.88, 114.78, 111.48, 52.19 48.83, 41.67, 24.83. EI-MS $m / z 510.15(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; EI-MS $m / z 510.15(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{ClN}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 65.94; H, 4.74; N, 19.23; Found: C, 65.16; H, 4.75; N, 19.89.

## 1-((1-(2-fluorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-

 pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (71)White solid (91\%); m.p. $156-158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3576,3031,2925,1665,1421,1330$, 1050. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.76(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.68(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.83(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.68$ (d, $J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.64-7.51(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.51-7.38(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.33(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.24(\mathrm{t}, J$ $=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.95(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.51(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.72(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.98$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.67,153.06,145.56,143.95,140.85$, $139.19,133.96,131.82,129.16,128.75,127.80,126.51,125.99,125.74,125.13,122.38,120.48$, 117.66, 117.47, 112.00, 44.20, 42.16, 41.16, 22.34. EI-MS $m / z 494.20(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{FN}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 68.14; H, 4.90; N, 19.87; Found: C, 68.16; H, 4.91; N, 19.89.

## 1-((1-(2-bromophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-

 pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7m)White solid (90\%); m.p. $119-121^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3490,3021,2843,1650,1410,1340$, 570. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.71(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.67$ (d, $J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), $7.44(\mathrm{t}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.33(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.11$ (d, $J=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.46(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.73(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta$ 155.21, 145.02, 144.23, 143.72, $140.36,139.21,138.63,134.24,133.49,133.67$, 129.91, 128.64, 128.24, 127.27, 126.01, 121.88, 121.86, 121.77, 120.08, 118.12, 48.12, 44.73, 41.67, 22.83 EI-MS m/z $554.12(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}, 556.10$ $(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+2}$; Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{BrN}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 60.66 ; H, 4.36; N, 17.68; Found: C, 60.68; H, 4.37; N, 17.69.

## 1-((1-(2-iodophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7n)

White solid ( $87 \%$ ); m.p. $188-120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ( KBr ) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3512,3025,2843,1650,1408,1344,500$.
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.79(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.72(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.76(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.35(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.98(\mathrm{t}$, $J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.47(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta$ 155.46, 145.02, 144.23, 143.72, 140.36, 138.63, 130.23, 129.91, 128.64, 128.24, 127.61, 127.27, 126.01, 121.88, 121.86, 121.77, 119.98, 116.78, 115.48, 95.15, 48.23, 44.83, 41.67, 22.93. EI-MS m/z $602.12(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{IN}_{7} \mathrm{O}:(\%) \mathrm{C}$, 55.92; H, 4.03; N, 16.30; Found: C, 55.94; H, 4.31; N, 16.32.

1-((1-(2-nitrophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7o)
Off white solid (86\%); m.p. 118-120 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ) $\mathrm{v}_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3505,3027,2846,1655,1525$, $1410,1360,1025 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}_{6}$ ) $\delta 9.07(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.49-8.41(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 8.28-8.20(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.73-7.62(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.50-7.39(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.40-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-$ $7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{tt}, J=7.3,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.47(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.69(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.18$, 147.87, 147.15, 145.12,
$143.72,141.36,138.63,135.23,134.56,133.49,129.91,128.64,128.24,127.27,126.01,121.88$, 121.86, 121.77, 120.98, 112.03, 44.29, 42.15, 41.13, 22.28. EI-MS m/z 521.19 (M+H) ${ }^{+}$; Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ : (\%) C, 64.61; H, 4.65; N, 21.53; Found: C, 64.63; H, 4.66; N, 21.55.

## 1-((1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7p)

White solid (86\%); m.p. $147-149{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3497,3029,2847,1650,1444,1306$, 1032, 753. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.80(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.89(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.40(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.37(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27-$ $7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.93(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.42(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.64(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.84(\mathrm{t}$, $J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.96(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta 155.38,145.42$, $142.82,141.39,138.55,136.23,134.32,133.30,129.96,128.74,128.29,127.20,126.51,121.98$, $121.80,121.75,121.34,120.31,119.78,118.78,45.2942 .80,41.66,22.73$. EI-MS m/z 510.15 $(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{ClN}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 65.94; H, 4.74; N, 19.23; Found: C, 65.95; H, 4.76; N, 19.24.

## 1-((1-(3-methoxyphenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7q)

Brown solid (79\%); m.p. $135-136^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3502,3023,2875,1657,1454,1350$, 1090. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.78(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.67$ (d, $J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.47-7.41(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.11(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.48(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.71(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.96$ ( $\mathrm{t}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 156.25,154.08,145.22,143.87,141.36$, 138.63, 133.49, 129.91, 128.64, 128.24, 127.27, 126.01, 125.32, 121.88, 121.76, 121.77, 120.14, $119.98,114.78,111.42,53.51,46.12,44.73,41.87,22.21$. EI-MS m/z $506.20(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : (\%) C, 68.89; H, 5.38; N, 19.39; Found: C, 68.91; H, 5.39; N, 19.41.

## 1-((1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7r)

White solid (82\%); m.p. $139-141^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3505,3029,2840,1654,1415,1342$, 1070, 740. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.400 \mathrm{MHz}, ~ D M S O-d_{6}\right) \delta 8.77(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$,
$7.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.50(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.41(\mathrm{t}, J$ $=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.91(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.45(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.69(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.84(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.96$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.31,145.53,144.16,142.72,141.48$, $139.56,136.29,135.74,133.40,129.99,129.24,128.44,127.25,126.21,123.58,123.49,121.57$, 120.21, 119.88, 114.78, $46.2144 .63,41.67,22.23$. EI-MS $m / z 544.13(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 61.77; H, 4.26; N, 18.01; Found: C, 61.79; H, 4.27; N, 18.03.

## 1-((1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-

 pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7s)Off white solid (83\%); m.p. 228-230 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3503,3029,2842,1654,1410$, 1345, 1066, 745. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.78(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.74(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.77(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.54(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.44(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.01(\mathrm{t}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.43(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.63(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 2H), $2.98(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta$ 155.18, 146.41, 143.80, 141.43, $138.26,136.49,134.31,133.41,129.90,128.52,128.41,127.43,125.32,121.78,121.59,121.47$, $120.20,119.82,115.78,111.78,46.65,46.24,40.97,22.73$. EI-MS $m / z 544.20(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 61.77; H, 4.26; N, 18.01; Found: C, 61.79; H, 4.27; N, 18.03.

## 1-((1-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7t)

White solid (85\%); m.p. $139-141{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3505,3027,2846,1650,1411,1345$, 1030, 752. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.400 \mathrm{MHz}, ~ D M S O-d_{6}\right) \delta 8.98(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.74(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.78-7.64(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.45(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.38-7.16(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.49$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), $4.71(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.95\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}^{13} \mathrm{C}\right.$ NMR ( 101 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.64,145.60,144.79,140.84,139.15,138.57,135.63,133.93,129.13,128.73$, $127.80,126.50,122.83,122.38,120.47,119.25,112.02,44.35,42.16,41.12,22.26$. EI-MS $m / z$ $544.13(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 61.77; H, 4.26; N, 18.01; Found: C, 61.79; H, 4.27; N, 18.03.

1-((1-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl) methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7u)

White solid (77\%); m.p. $240-242{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3505,3022,2840,1654,1410,1345$, 1178, 1020, 780. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.90(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.23(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.4$, $2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.01-7.92(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.71-7.62(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.49-7.39(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.38-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.28-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.98-6.89(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.48(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.95$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta 155.28,145.09,144.14,140.34,138.63$, $133.46,128.62,128.22,127.27,126.00,122.44,122.30,121.87,120.95,120.77,120.58,119.99$, 118.13, 117.90, 111.51, 43.88, 41.67, 40.64, 21.79. EI-MS $m / z 528.17(M+H)^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{ClFN}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 63.70; H, 4.39; N, 18.57; Found: C, 63.72; H, 4.40; N, 18.59.

## 1-((1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-

 pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7v)Off white solid ( $80 \%$ ); m.p. $226-228^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3501,3021,2846,1659,1412$, $1335,1130,1060 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.24$ (dd, $J=6.5$, $2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.01-7.91(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.70-7.62(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.46-7.40(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.35(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.20(\mathrm{t}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.04(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.48(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, ), $3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), $2.95(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.21,149.84$, 149.21, $145.02,143.72,141.78,140.36,138.63,133.49,130.12,129.91,128.64,128.24,127.27,126.01$, 124.12, 121.88, 121.86, 121.77, 119.98, 45.22, 42.13, 40.81, 23.53. EI-MS $m / z 528.17(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 65.74; H, 4.53; N, 19.17; Found: C, 65.76; H, 4.54; N, 19.19.

## 1-((1-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7w)

Brown solid (88\%); m.p. 207-209 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3500,3020,2845,1654,1410,1345$, 1080. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.78(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.72(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.67$ (d, $J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.44(\mathrm{t}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.33(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.46(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.72(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.84(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 156.31,153.21,148.74,139.76,136.99$, $135.44,129.89,129.54,128.44,127.45,126.81,123.98,123.69,121.77,120.81,119.88,118.78$, $114.25,109.13,101.21,55.86,46.90$, 44.63, 40.32, 22.09. EI-MS m/z $536.20(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ : (\%) C, 67.27; H, 5.47; N, 18.31; Found: C, 67.29; H, 5.48; N, 18.33.

## 1-((1-(4-bromo-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-

 dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7x)White solid (79\%); m.p. 221-223 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3500,3022,2854,1660,1405,1343$, 1119, 1070. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.24$ (dd, $J=6.5,2.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.01-7.82(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.69-7.53(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.46-7.41(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.36(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.21(\mathrm{t}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.04(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.48(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, ), $3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.95(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta$ 155.18, 145.02, 143.72, 140.36, $139.10,138.63,136.89,136.12,133.49,130.23,129.91,128.64,128.24,127.27,126.01,121.88$, 121.86, 121.77, 120.98, 120.01, 114.78, 48.01, 46.32, 44.83, 22.19. EI-MS $m / z 622.20,624.15$ $(\mathrm{M}+1, \mathrm{M}+2)^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{BrF}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 55.96; H, 3.72; N, 15.75; Found: C, 55.98; H, 3.74; N, 15.76.

## 1-((1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7y)

Off white solid (84\%); m.p. 221-223 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( KBr ) $\cup_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3505,3022,2844,1658,1412$, 1345, 1076. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.82(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.79(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.66(\mathrm{~d}, ~ J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.47-7.42(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.44(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.41-7.31(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.27-7.20$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.93(\mathrm{t}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.47(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.72(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.36(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 159.25,155.18,145.02,143.72$, 140.36, 138.63, 136.89, 136.12 133.49, 129.91, 128.64, 128.24, 127.27, 126.01, 121.88, 121.86, 121.77, 119.98, 114.78, 111.48, 45.51, 44.02, 41.57, 22.23, 20.92. EI-MS $m / z 504.25(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}$ : (\%) C, 71.55; H, 5.80; N, 19.47; Found: C, 71.56; H, 5.82; N, 19.49.

## 1-((1-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methyl)-N,3-diphenyl-6,7-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]pyridine-5(4H)-carboxamide (7z)

Brown solid (78\%); m.p. $168-170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr) $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3504,3025,2840,1655,1416,1345$, 1080. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 8.77(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.72(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.67$ (d, $J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.44(\mathrm{t}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.33(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.94(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.46(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.97$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 156.31,148.74,147.53,139.76,136.99$,
$135.44,133.49,129.89,129.54,128.44,127.45,126.81,123.98,123.69,121.77,120.81,119.88$, 114.78, 109.98, 101.21, 52.21, 48.63, 41.67, 24.73. EI-MS m/z $520.20(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H})^{+}$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ : (\%) C, 67.05; H, 4.85; N, 18.87; Found: C, 67.06; H, 4.87; N, 18.89.

### 3.4.3. Biological activity

### 3.4.3.1 MTB PS screening

The MTB panC gene ( Rv 3602 c ) encoding the pantothenate synthetase was cloned and changed into BL21 (DE3) cells and the protien was expressed. ${ }^{7,15}$ For the assay, to each well of a 96-well plate, $60 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of PS reaction mixture containing $0.4 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NADH}, 10 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MgCl}{ }_{2}, 5 \mathrm{mM} \beta$-alanine, 5 mM pantoic acid, 1 mM potassium phosphoenolpyruvate, 10 mM ATP, and $20 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of enzyme mixture consisting of 18 units $/ \mathrm{mL}$ each of chicken muscle myokinase, rabbit muscle lactate dehydrogenase and rabbit muscle pyruvate kinase, diluted in 100 mM HEPES buffer were added. The reaction mixture and enzyme mixture were added to the plate to a final volume of $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ with 100 mM HEPES buffer ( pH 7.8 ). Concentration of enzyme was determined based on the range finding experiments by varying the concentration of enzymes. Compound solutions were then added to the plates (from $50 \mu \mathrm{M}$ to lower concentration) and the reaction began with the addition of $10 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of 4.32 pM of MTB PS, diluted in buffer. The test plate was immediately moved to a microplate reader and the reduction of NADH was quantified at 340 nm . The reaction elements except MTB PS were mixed in the well and the background reaction was calculated; MTB PS was then added and the reaction kinetics was monitored. Reactions were carried out at $37{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in a heat controlled Perkin Elmer Victor X3 Spectrophotometer. \% inhibitions were calculated using following formula: $100 \times[(1-$ compound rate - background rate) / (full reaction rate - background rate)] [20, 28].

### 3.4.3.2. In vitro MTB screening

The antimycobacterial activities of the compounds 7a-z were evaluated against MTB H37Rv strain and two "wild" strains extracted from tuberculosis patients: one strain is Spec. 210 resistant to PAS, INH, ETB and RMP and the other strain is Spec. 192 fully sensitive to the administrated anti-TB agents. In vitro anti-TB activity is performed by a classical test-tube method of successive dilution in Youmans' modification of the Proskauer and Beck liquid medium containing $10 \%$ of bovine serum [31]. Bacterial respites were prepared from 14 days old
cultures of gradually growing strains. Solutions of compounds in DMSO were tested. Stock solutions contained 10 mg of compounds in 1 mL . Dilutions (in geometric progression) were prepared in Youmans' medium [31]. The medium is without compounds and containing INH as reference drug was used for comparison. Incubation was performed at $37{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The MIC values were determined as MIC inhibiting the growth of tested TB strains in relation to the probe with no tested compound. The influence of the compound on the growth of bacteria at concentrations of $3.12,6.25,12.5,25,50$ and $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$ was evaluated.

### 3.4.3.3. In vitro cytotoxicity screening

Compounds 7b, 7c and 7d were further tested for toxicity in a RAW 264.7 cell line at the concentration of $50 \mu \mathrm{M}$. After 72 h of exposure, viability was evaluated on the basis of cellular translation of MTT into a formazan product by the Promega Cell Titer 96 nonradioactive cell proliferation assay [32, 33].

### 3.4.4. Docking Study

Docking studies of the title compounds (7a-z) was performed using Glide 5.9 (Extra Precision) running on maestro version 9.4, in order to investigate their in-silico biding affinity as well as their binding pattern with enzyme Pantothenate synthetase [34]. Enzyme used for the docking study was retrieved from RCSB Protein Data Bank (PDB ID: 3IUB) in complex with cocrystallised ligand (indole-2-carboxamide derivative). Selected protein consist of two chains asymmetric units (A and B), both consist of co-crystallized ligand, in the current study unit A was separated and used further for docking studies. Protein preparation wizard of Schrödinger suite was used for preparation of selected protein. Protein was pre-processed separately by deleting the substrate co-factor as well as the crystallographically observed water molecules (water without H bonds), followed by optimization of hydrogen bonds. After assigning charge and protonation position, finally energy was minimized with root mean square deviation (RMSD) value of $0.30 \AA$ using optimized potentials for liquid simulations-2005 (OPLS-2005) force field [35]. Finally energy minimized protein and co-crystallized ligand was used to build energy grids using the default value of protein atom scaling ( $1.0 \AA$ ) within a cubic box of $14 \AA$ dimensions, centered on the centroid of the X-ray ligand pose [36]. The structures of 7a-z were drawn using ChemSketch and converted to 3D structure with the help of 3D optimization tool.

Using LigPrep 2.6 module, the drawn ligands were geometry optimized; partial atomic charges were computed using OPLS-2005 force field [37]. Finally, prepared ligands were docked with prepared protein using Glide 5.9 module, in extra precision mode (XP). The leading docked pose (with lowest Glide score value) found from Glide was analyzed. RMSD value was calculated between the experimental binding mode of co-crystallized ligand as in X-ray and re-docked pose to ensure accuracy and reliability of the docking procedure.

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