INFORMATION SYSTEM FOR R&D PLANNING IN A COMPLEX R&D ORGANIZATION WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO CSIR

THESIS

Submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

by S. CHANDRASEKARAN

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the thesis entitled INFORMATION SYSTEM FOR R&D PLANNING IN A COMPLEX R&D ORGANIZATION WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO CSIR and submitted by S. CHANDRASEKARAN, ID NO. 87PHXF402 for award of Ph. D. Degree of the Institute, embodies original work done by him under my supervision.

Signature in full of the Supervisor Line Le Miner

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Date: 20th May, 1994

Dedicated to
My Parents and
My eldest Brother

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New Delhi

S. CHANDRASEKARAN

ABBREVIATIONS

AB

Advisory Board

BE

Budget Estimates

BITS

Birla Institute of Technology and Science

BTIS

Biotechnology Information System

CALIBNET

Calcutta Library Network

CC

Coordination Council

CSIR

Council of Scientific and

Industrial Research

CSIR HQ.

CSIR Headquarters

DBT

Department of Biotechnology

DELNET

Delhi Library Network

DOD

Department of Ocean Development

DSIR

Department of Scientific &

Industrial Research

DST

Department of Science &

Technology

ICAR

Indian Council Of Agricultural

Research

ICMR

Indian Council of Medical

Research

(Abbreviations Continued)

IISc

Indian Institute of Science

IIT

Indian Institute of Technology

IMPACT

Integrated Management and

Project Accounting

IMPRESS

Integrated Management of Pay

Roll and Extended Salary System

IRIS

Integrated Research Information

System

MALIBNET

Madras Library Network

MC

Management Council

NISSAT

National Information System for

Science & Technology

NMIS

National Management Information

System

NOIS

National Ocean Information

System

NRDMS

Natural Resources Data

Management System

PME

Planning, Monitoring and

Evaluation

R&D

Research & Development

(Abbreviations Continued)

RC Research Council

RE Revised Estimates

RPG Research Planning Group

S&T Science & Technology

SE Sanctioned Estimates

SIRNET Scientific & Industrial Research

Network

TAB Technical Advisory Board

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CHAPTER - 1: BACKGROUND AND SCOPE OF PRESENT WORK

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Science and technology is visualized as an important pace setter for the development of any country leading to social and economic growth. In a situation where there are unlimited resources, one can endeavour research in any area. In a real life situation, particularly when the available resources are limited it becomes vital to make decisions to optimize resources for the development. The planning of scientific and technological research is an effective instrument for providing a specific direction for R&D to optimize available resources. The recent liberalization of industrial and trade policies has further put stress on the prioritization and choice of R&D to compete with the international technology.

Ever since it attained Independence, India has been emphasizing the development of indigenous capabilities and their utilization. A study of the objectives, emphasis, approach and policies of different Five Year Plans highlights the role and the importance given to S&T in the national plans.

With the considerable importance given to S&T by Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru, the first Prime Minister of Independent India and also by the successive governments, India to-day has a vast S&T infrastructure interms of institutions, facilities, skills, manpower and policies for R&D.

The S&T plan allocations provided by the government has increased from Rs. 20 crore during the first five year plan i.e. during 1951-56 to an outlay of Rs. 9388 crore earmarked for the eighth five year plan (1992-97) (Ref. Table 1.1 and Table 1.2). Table 1.3 provides details of plan outlay for Eighth five year plan for Central S & T Agencies/Departments

Table 1.1: S&T Plan Allocations

Plan

Rs.Crore % increase

First Plan 1951-56	20	
Second Plan 1956-61	67	235
Third Plan 1901-66	144	115
Fourth Plan 1969-74	373	159
Fifth Plan 1974-78	1381	270
Sixth Plan 1980-85	3668	165
Seventh Plan 1985-90	8245	125
Eigth Plan 1992-97	9388	14

TABLE 1.2: S&T PLAN OUTLAY FOR 8TH FIVE YEAR PLAN (1992-97)

a) Central S&T Agencies/ Departments	Rs. 4119 Cr.
b) Economic Departments	Rs. 5077 Cr.
c) States and Union Territories	Rs. 192 Cr.
Total	Rs. 9388 Cr.

Table 1.3:PLAN OUTLAY FOR EIGHTH FIVE YEAR PLAN(1992-97) FOR CENTRAL S&T AGENCIES/ DEPARTMENTS

S.No. Department	Rs. in Crore
1. Department of Science and Technology	640
2. Department of Scientific and Industrial Research	h 655
3. Department of Biotechnology	265
4. Department of Ocean Development	130
5. Department of Space	1804
6. Department of Atomic Energy	600
7. Department of Electronics	588
8. Department of Defence R&D (1991-92)	685
*	
(1792-93)	779
(1993-94) (expected)	960

^{*} Projections for the remaining years of the Plan not available.

1.2 R&D ORGANIZATIONS IN INDIA

The different types of R&D organizations setup in India are briefly discussed to get an overview of the S&T infrastructure.

Autonomous Organizations

These were created as societies having their own rules and regulations for their research programmes, manpower policies and procedures for the utilization of resources. These were fully supported financially by the government. These organizations have their governing body, research advisory committees to look

into their broad areas of development and policy guidelines. The organizations are: The Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR); Indian Council for Agricultural Research (ICAR) and Indian Council for Medical Research (ICMR), etc.

Special Commissions

These are headed by eminent scientists. Each commission covers one new and emerging area of science and technology to decide broad policies and research programmes. These commissions are supported by departments of government. The chairman of the commission is the secretary to the department and is directly responsible to the minister concerned. This helps smooth and effective operation of the policies evolved. Examples of commissions are:

- i) Atomic Energy
- ii) Space
- iii) Oceanographic Research Board
- iv) Telecommunication

Institutions under Ministries

Ministries have R&D institutions under them to carry out research in specific areas, viz. agriculture, health, education, industry, railways, etc. The Department of Science and Technology under the Ministry of Science and Technology was established to coordinate research programmes spread over different agencies and departments and take new initiatives wherever it was found necessary.

Industrial R&D Establishments

The government provided grants for the establishment of research and development units for the Public Sector industrial organizations while it encouraged private industries to establish R&D units through tax concessions for research.

Co-operative Research Organizations

The cooperative research associations were formed by industry with the encouragement and support of government, the government meeting about 50% of expenses. The government introduced cess in industry and the money collected has been used for funding R&D for the industry. The areas concerned are: Textiles, Cement, Tea, Electricals.

Private Institutions

Government provided tax concessions to encourage people to invest in education and research. As an outcome of this policy of tax exemptions a large number of private societies, foundations, trusts were established providing fellowships or grants for research.

Universities

In addition to above six categories of research organizations, universities continue to encourage research in specific areas to endeavour new knowledge and expertise. The Indian Institutes of Technology (IITs), Birla Institute of Technology and Science (BITS) Pilani and The Indian Institute of Science (IISc) Bangalore are the leading institutions encouraging R&D through interaction and collaborations with industry as well as government research laboratories.

Table 1.4 gives the number of organizations under the various S&T agencies currently existing in the country.

TABLE 1.4: ORGANISATIONS UNDER S&T AGENCIES FOR INDUSTRIAL R&D

A. NATIONAL R&D INSTITUTIONS	NO.	
Council of Scientific & Industrial Research	40	
Indian Council of Medical Research	26	
Indian council of Agricultural Research	61	
Defence Research & Development Organization	51	
Institutions attached to Ministries like RDSO (Railways); TRC (Communication); Central Power Research Institute (Department of Power); etc	150	
State Funded Rescarch Institutions	200	
B. UNIVERSITIES. COLLEGES, etc.		
Universities	156	
Deemed Universities	29	
Institutes of National Importance	10	
Indian Institute of Technology	5	
Engineering Colleges	250	
C COOPERATIVE RESEARCH ASSOCIATIONS	13	
D IN-HOUSE R&D CENTRES	1230	
E. SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ORGANIZATIONS (SIROs)	400	

1.3 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS IN DIFFERENT SCIENTIFIC ORGANIZATIONS

Management Information System (MIS) is a system that provides the required information to the management to help the decision making process

Sequences, Immunology, Enzyme Engineering Immobilized Biocatalysts, Microbial Fermentation and Bioprocess Engineering. Further, each of these distributed information centres has its own distributed information sub-centres located in the universities and R & D institutions.

Besides many other computerized information services relevant to specific areas such as bibliographic information, online literature search, the BTIS provides management information on the projects, facilities, expertise, etc.

The Department of Ocean Development (DOD) has the National Ocean Information (NOIS) system, The NOIS comprising of 13 marine data centres, provides a comprehensive marine data.

Ministry of Environment and Forests

The Ministry has established an Environmental Information System (ENVIS). ENVIS provides information to decision makers, policy planners, scientists, engineers, researchers and general public in the area of environment and forests.

Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR)

The ICMR has an inhouse MIS, viz Integrated Research Information System (IRIS) having data bases on the process, equipment, publications, etc.

Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR)

The National Information System for Science and Technology (NISSAT) was originally established under the Department of Science & Technology (DST) and is presently part of DSIR. The NISSAT network has been built around the existing infrastructure. Area specific information centres have been set up under NISSAT in various R&D organizations and quite a number of them are in CSIR Laboratories. They are NICLAI, leather technology in CLRI, Madras; NICFOS, Food Technology in CFTRI, Mysore; NICMAP, Machine Tools & Production Engineering at Central Machine Tools Institute, Bangalore; NICDAP, Drugs & Pharmaceuticals in CDRI, Lucknow; NICHEM, Chemical and allied industries

in NCL, Pune; NICAC, Advanced ceramics in CGCRI, Calcutta; NCB, Bibliometrics in INSDOC, New Delhi; NICRYS, Crystallography in Univ. of Madras and NICDROM at NAL Bangalore.

NISSAT has also got five specific access centres to international data base services (NACIDS), viz, NAL, Bangalore, Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science, Calcutta, CLRI Madras, INSDOC, New Delhi and NCL, Pune. It may be worth noting that four of these five are CSIR laboratories. NISSAT is also establishing library networks with an objective of sharing library facilities in different metropolitan cities viz DELHI, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, PUNE & MADRAS. INSDOC is a major participant in this activity.

Table 1.5 gives the summary of the various information—systems described above. Very few of them could be classified as MIS for R&D—planning. Most of them are useful data bases which may help the planning process with specific reference to project identification, coordination and—possible linkages with socioeconomic ministries, international—state-of-art in the specific areas, etc.

1.4 INFORMATION FOR PLANNING AND MONITORING

As stated earlier, for an effective promotion of S&T for the development of the nation, planning of R&D becomes very vital. The planning process in India is a judicial mix of the top to bottom as well as bottom to top approach. Policy guidelines emerge from the top and are discussed at the national level, agency level and laboratory level. As a result of this, a plan is formulated with the involvement of scientists at various levels in the laboratory. These are coordinated / integrated at the agency level and then at the national level. The involvement of working scientists in the formulation of plan envisages the effective participation of the scientists in the implementation of plan in terms of actual R&D projects.

The planning process helps to provide direction and proper choice of R&D amongst the various alternatives available or envisaged. In this context information plays a vital role in decision making. The information generation has to help the decision maker in terms of converting the resources, - the three M's viz. Manpower, Machinery and Money -, into an useful and effective output. The role of information is to envisage courses of action to reach the end objectives.

According to Rahman and Wahid; "The process revolves around information for formulating the alternatives, reassessment of goals and objectives and turns up the evaluation."

Table 1.5: Information systems in different organizations

S.No.	Agency	Information System
1.	DST	S&T Resources NRDMS
		NMIS
2.	DBT	BTIS
3.	DOD	NOIS
4.	Min. of Environment & Forests	nt ENVIS
5.	ICMR	IRIS
6.	DSIR	NISSAT
	*	NICLAI
	*	NICFOS
	*	NICMAP
	*	NICDAP
	*	NICHEM
	*	NICAL
	*	NCB
	*	NICRYS
	*	NICDROM
	*	NACIDS
	*	DELNET, CALIBNET, MALIBNET

The collection, analysis and transmission of timely, accurate and precise information needed for decision making is a major challenging task in most complex R&D organizations.

The focus of this thesis is centered around the study of the information requirements for the planning process of R&D in a premier industrial R&D organization namely, the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, known as CSIR.

Before proceeding further, certain frequently used terms are defined below:

DATA

a representation of facts, concepts, or instructions in a formalized manner suitable for communication, interpretation, or processing by human or automatic means.

any representations such as characters or analog quanatities to which meaning is or might be assigned.

Data is a word used to describe collection of facts and figures, i.e. names, numbers, project title, schedule, cost etc.

Data are the raw material of Information.

DATABASE

a collection of data fundamental to a system.

a collection of interrelated or independent data items stored together without unit ressary redundancy to serve one or more applications.

INFORMATION

is data placed in a meaningful context for its recipient i.e.,

Data + Meaning = Processed data which is information.

DATA PROCESSING

The systematic performance of operations upon data; e.g. handling, merging, sorting, computing, storing.

INFORMATION SYSTEM A system or methodology by which information is not only generated but also communicated to the people concerned.

COMPUTER-BASED

INFORMATION SYSTEM An information system where the computer is an integral part of the system and provides for the flow and storage of information.

DATABASE MANAGEMENT

SYSTEM

This is designed when there are:

- 1) Large amount of data, with many types of record occurring many times;
- 2) complex data structures including many relationships between items of data;
- 3) many different user requirements;
- 4) planned requirements of a well-defined and limited nature together with
- 5) a need for flexibility to allow for change.

It may also be necessary to have the understanding of some of the Information attributes. These are essential for any Information system to help meaningful decision making process for any organization interested in scientific management.

Information Attributes

- **TIMELINESS**
- **ACCURACY**
- **PRECISION**
- **CLARITY**
- APPROPRIATENESS

- COMPREHENSIVE
- * BIAS FREE
- * ACCESSIBILITY

These are further elaborated below:

TIMELINESS

The generation and communication of Information to the concerned people with in the specific time frame, Information delayed is information denied.

ACCURACY

The situation where error factor is tending to zero; In other words the degree of absence of error in information. Facts and information should be correct.

PRECISION

A measure of the ability to distinguish between nearly equal values.

Providing the details; eg data as on date; The measurement details used in providing information.

CLARITY

Unambiguous Information; The degree to which the Information is free from ambiguity

APPROPRIATENESS

Too much information creates noise and negative impact. Information should be relevant to the users requirements

COMPREHENSIVE

Information without any gaps or missing links ie the completeness of information. A critical missing fact, vital to a decision, may result in a poor decision.

BIAS FREE

Information should be free from any bias. The screening may be required to filter the noise to

make the information appropriate to the user. But, alteration or modification of information to influence the recipients/users should be avoided.

ACCESSIBILITY

Obtaining data and generating information or obtaining information with ease and speed.

These attributes play vital role in any information system to provide the right information to the right person at the right time.

1.5 THE ORGANIZATION: CSIR

The focus of this thesis is on the information requirements for the planning process of R&D in the Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (CSIR). In this section, a brief introduction of the organisation is given.

The Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) was constituted in 1942 by a resolution of the then Central Legislative Assembly and is an autonomous body registered under the Registration of Society Act XXI of 1860. During its existence of over 50 years CSIR has emerged as a premier national S&T agency. It has a vast network of national laboratories (40), extension and regional centres and complexes spread throughout the length and breath of the country. The list of Councils laboratories are given in Table 1.6.

The functions assigned to the Council are:

- (1) Promotion, guidance and coordination of scientific and industrial research in India, including the institution and financing of specific researches;
- (2) Establishment or development of and assistance to special institutions or departments of existing institutions for scientific study of problems affecting particular industries and trades;
- (3) Establishment and award of research studentships and fellowships;
- (4) Utilization of the results of the researches conducted under the auspices

of the Council towards the development of industries in the country;

- (5) Establishment, maintenance and management of laboratories, workshops, institutes and organizations to further scientific and industrial research and to utilize any exploit for purposes of experiment or otherwise and discovery or invention likely to be use to Indian industries;
- (6) Collection and dissemination of information in regard not only to research but also to industrial matters generally;
- (7) Publication of scientific papers and journals; and
- (8) Any other activity or activities to promote generally the objects of the resolution.

Presently, DSIR in the Ministry of Science and Technology provides the administrative link between the Government of India and the Society.

The organizational structure of CSIR is given at Fig.1.1

Apex policy making bodies at Agency (CSIR) level are:

- Society
- Governing Body (GB)
- Advisory Board (AB)

Technical Advisory Boards (TABs) are in five areas:

- Chemical Sciences & Technology
- Biological Sciences & Technology
- Physical, Earth & Marine Sciences (Including Environment)
- Engineering Sciences (including Electronics & Computer)
- Material Sciences and Technology

Fig 1.1: ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF CSIR

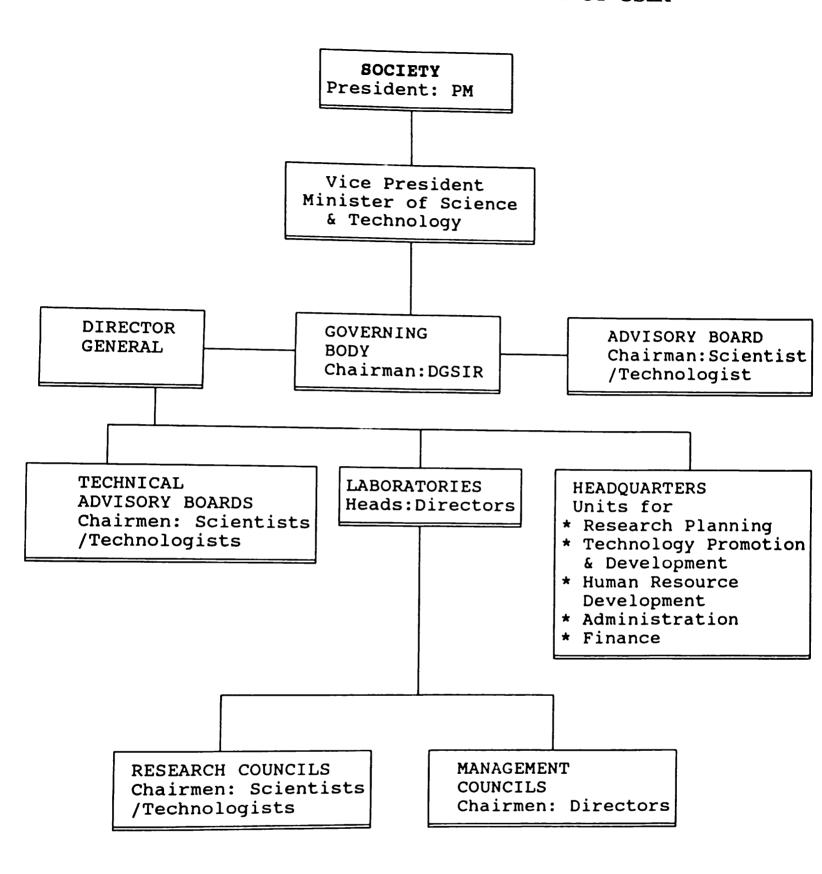


Table 1.6

COUNCIL'S LABORATORIES/INSTITUTES	Year of Establishment
CENTRAL BUILDING RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CBRI), ROORKEE	1951
CENTRE FOR BIOCHEMICALS TECHNOLOGY (CBT), DELHI	1966
CENTRE FOR CELLULAR AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (CCMB), HYDERABAD	1977
CENTRAL DRUG RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CDRI), LUCKNOW	1951
CENTRAL ELECTROCHEMICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CECRI), KARAIKUDI	1953
CENTRAL ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CEERI), PILANI	1953
CENTRAL FUEL RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CFRI), DHANBAD	1950
CENTRAL FOOD TECHNOLOGICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CFTRI), MYSORE	1950
CENTRAL GLASS AND CERAMIC RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CGCRI), CALCUTTA	1950
CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF MEDICINAL AND AROMATIC PLANTS (CIMAP), LUCKNOW	1959

(Table 1.4 Continued)

CENTRAL LEATHER RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CLRI), MADRAS	1953
CENTRAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CMERI), DURGAPUR	1958
CENTRAL MINING RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CMRI), DHANBAD	1955
CENTRAL ROAD RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CRRI), DELHI	1952
CENTRAL SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS ORGANIZATION (CSIO), CHANDIGARH	1959
CENTRAL SALT & MARINE CHEMICALS RESEARCH INSTITUTE (CSMCRI), BHAVNAGAR	1954
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF CHEMICAL BIOLOGY (IICB), CALCUTTA	1935/1956
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY (IICT), HYDERABAD	1944/1956
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF PETROLEUM (IIP), DEHRADUN	1960
INSTITUTE OF MICROBIAL TECHNOLOGY (IMT), CHANDIGARH	1984
INDIAN NATIONAL SCIENTIFIC DOCUMENTATION CENTRE (INSDOC), NEW DELHI	1952

(Table 1.4 Continued)

INDUSTRIAL TOXICOLOGY RESEARCH CENTRE (ITRC), LUCKNOW	1965
NATIONAL AEROSPACE LABORATORIES (NAL), BANGALORE	1959
NATIONAL BOTANICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE (NBRI), LUCKNOW	1953
NATIONAL CHEMICAL LABORATORY (NCL), PUNE	1950
NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING RESEARCH INSTITUTE (NEERI), NAGPUR	1958
NATIONAL GEOPHYSICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE (NGRI), HYDERABAD	1961
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF OCEANOGRAPHY (NIO), GOA	1966
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY AND DEVELOPMENT STUDIES (NISTADS), NEW DELHI	1981
NATIONAL METALLURGICAL LABORATORY (NML), JAMSHEDPUR	1950
NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY (NPL), NEW DELHI	1950
CSIR COMPLEX PALAMPUR (CSIR-CX-PAL), PALAMPUR	1983
PUBLICATIONS & INFORMATION DIRECTORATE (PID), NEW DELHI	1951

(Table 1.4 Continued)

REGIONAL RESEARCH LABORATORY (RRL-BHO), BHOPAL	1981
REGIONAL RESEARCH LABORATORY (RRL BHU), BHUBANESWAR	1964
REGIONAL RESEARCH LA: RATORY (RRI-JMU), JAMMU	1957
REGIONAL RESEARCH LABORATORY (ERL JOR), JORHAT	1961
REGIONAL RESEARCH LABORATORY (RRL-TRI), THIRUVANANTHAPURAM	1978
STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING RESEARCH CENTRE (SERC-G), GHAZIABAD	1965
STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING RESEARCH CENTRE (SERC-M), MADRAS	1965

At the Laboratory level, RC and MC are the main decision making bodies that help the Director of the Laboratory. The functioning of various decision making bodies as approved by the CSIR Society in February 1988 is presented in Annexure 1.1

Technical Secretariat at (CSIR) Headquarters & 51R HQ)

The technical groups presently existing at the CSIR HQ. in New Delhi are:

- i. Research and Planning Group known as Planning Division
- ii. Technology Utilization Division including Patents unit
- iii. Human Resource Development Group

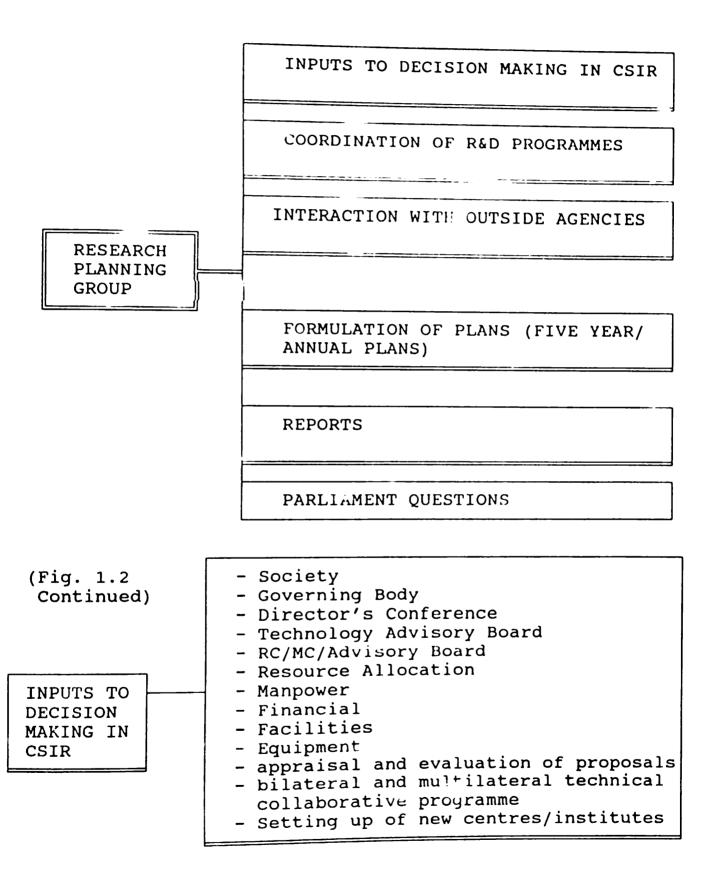
- iv. International Scientific Collaboration
- v. Unit for Science Dissemination and Source Communication
- v. Computer Division.

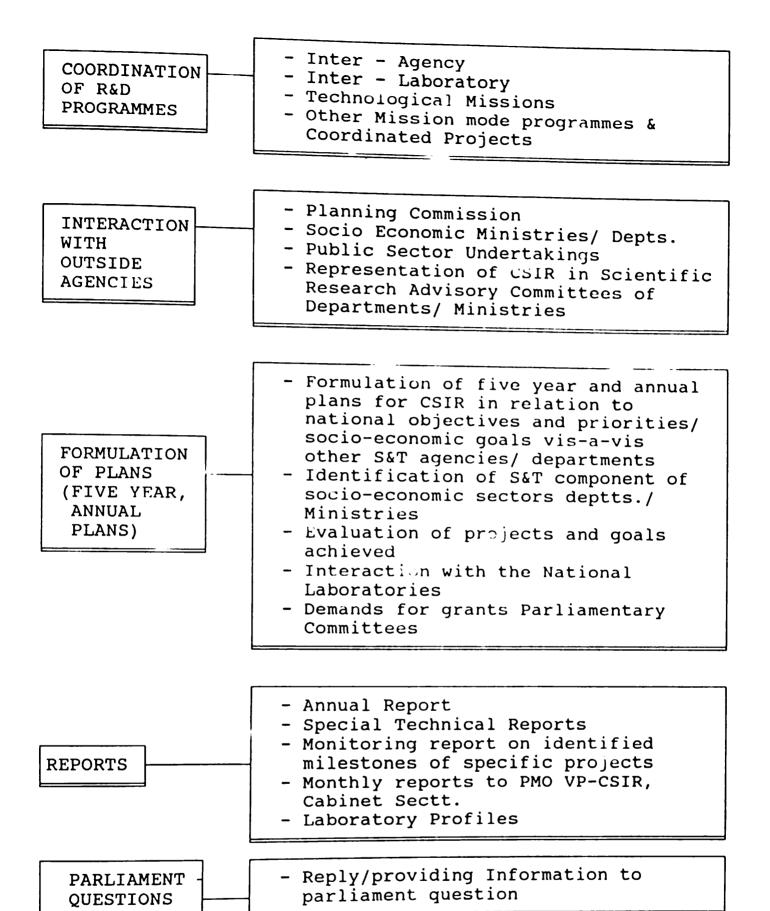
The main functions of Research planning are to

- Interact with Planning Commission, other agencies/departments to catalyse the development/economic plans to S&T Plans.
- Resolve these plans as Mission Projects and prepare/commission detailed project reports wherever necessary.
- Identify networking of laboratories and institutions.
- Provide secretariat for Mission Projects.
- Provide secretariat and technical support for TABs.
- Co-ordinate International Scientific Collaborations and Research Schemes.

The Research Planning group is responsible for providing this support as per details given in Fig. 1.2 the functions of the other technical groups are not elaborated here as the present study interfaces essentially with the Research Planning Group.

Fig. 1.2 Functions of Research Planning Group and Details of Each Function.





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1.6 SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES OF PRESENT WORK

The scope of the present work encompasses different types and levels of information in the context of R&D planning.

- (a) TYPES OF INFORMATION: The following three types of Information is considered:
- 1. Scientific and Technical Information: For any R&D problem, one looks at the information on the state of art. This may be obtained through
 - * Literature Surveys
 - * Seminar/ Conferences/ Symposia
 - * Discussions with experts in the field
 - * Specialized documentation services including literature search on specialized data bases through networks both national and international.

2. Socio-economic information:

This may perhaps be more relevant or applicable to Applied R&D.

- * Availability and cost of raw materials and manpower.
- * Efficiency and productivity of existing technical processes
- * Cost of products
- * User view points user in rural, urban etc.
- Market trends

3. Management Information:

Areas of research

Project details

Manpower details

Linkages

Target groups

Possible users

Resource requirements: Funds, facilities and equipment
Orientation in terms of basic or applied
Expected outputs
Periodic progress, Monitoring data
Physical and financial
Time delay and bottlenecks

(b) INFORMATION LEVELS

In the national scene, one could consider three levels of information viz. National, Agency and the Laboratory. The nature, type and details would vary at each level. One could consider adding two more levels viz. the individual research worker or project level and the international level. The international level could be considered a part of information required at the national level. The microscopic details required at the individual research worker/project level could be considered as a subsystem under the laboratory information system. The Information system under discussion in this thesis would consider the system requirements at the Agency level, in this case the CSIR HQ., with adequate interface with the National level and the Laboratory level.

At the national level, the country looks S&T to help through the activities of R&D organization to achieve the national objectives like eradication of poverty, self-reliance, employment generation, population control, providing food, shelter and clothing, alternate sources of energy, improving the literacy level, etc. The priority assessment at the national level will be between different socioeconomic sectors and the needs of developments of different regions, states, etc. At the laboratory level, the laboratory management normally concerns itself with the techno-economic feasibility of the project. At the agency level, the main problem is the linkage between the national policy guidelines, national goals and the laboratory capabilities. This needs an intense prioritizations and establishment of criteria for selection of projects to optimize the available resources. Information requirements vary at different levels and that depends very much on the apex bodies and decision making authorities involved at different levels as depicted in Fig. 1.3.

Fig.1.3 Information requirements at different Levels

NATIONAL LEVEL

- * PM's Office
- * Cabinet Secretariat
- * Planning Commission
- * Socio Economic Ministries/ Departments
- * Finance Ministry
- * Ministry of programmes implementation

- * National goals/Objectives
- * Periodic Monitoring
- * Resource Allocation
- * Evolving of National coordinated programmes/
- * Technological Missions/ National facilities

AGENCY LEVEL

- * Society (PM/VP,CSIR)
- * Advisory Board (TAB)
- * Governing Body (GB)
- * DGSIR, assisted by Technical groups
- * Plan Formulation (Five year/Annual)
- * Coordination of national programmes/missing
- * Marketing/Tech-transfer
- * Patents
- * Human Resource Development
- * Manpower policies both New & Carrier development
- * Liason between National and lab system.
- * RC/MC- membership nomination
- * Policy inputs to RC/MC
- * External Cash Flow
- * Resource allocation
- * Interse priority/priority setting
- * Output analysis

LAB LEVEL

- * Research Council (RC)
- * Management Council MC
- * Director

- * Project identification CSIR
- * Lab Management
- * Industrial Liason
- * Marketing/Technical Information
- * Output data
- * Intrest of bench level scientist
- * Technical Information
- * Socio-economic Information

Thus in its scope the present thesis deals with the Information needs at the three levels namely viz. National, Agency and Laboratory levels and for the types of information mentioned in this section.

Broadly, the Objectives of this thesis are to

- i. identify the information needs for the planning, monitoring and evaluation of R&D
- ii. analyse the existing Data Collection & Information System
- iii. understand the gaps, if any, in the present system
- iv. develop a Model Information System for computerised processing.

1.7 INFORMATION NEED FOR PLANNING, MONITORING & EVALUATION OF R&D

During the last five decades of its existence, CSIR has emerged as a premier National Science and Technology Agency with a vast network of National laboratories, extension and regional centres and complexes. The forty national laboratories and their several extension and regional centres under the umbrella of CSIR are spread through the length and breadth of the country. The programmes of CSIR are being implemented under the following major schemes, viz. (1) National laboratories including pilot plants, (2) Human resources development (special research programmes and Grant-in-aid, Scientists' Pool, (3) R&D Management Support (CSIR Headquarters - the Central Administration) and (4) Staff quarters and other amenities like schools, dispensary. The R&D programmes are carried out in the national laboratories. The laboratories are engaged in wide areas of research viz. Physics, Standards, Radio Science, Electronics, Superconductors, Geophysics, development, Materials Instrumentation, Oceanographic research, Organic & Inorganic Chemistry, Chemical synthesis, Catalysis, Electrochemicals, Corrosion, Drugs & Pharmaceuticals, Petroleum refining, Coal, Leather, Metallurgy, Glass & Ceramics, Mining, Machinery development, Aeronautics, Structural engineering, Building materials, Road transportation, Post-harvest technology, Natural

products, Medicinal and aromatic plants, Tea, Biotechnology, Genetic engineering, Modern biology, Toxicology, Microbial Technology, information Systems, Science Communication, Science Policy studies etc.

The activities of the laboratories could be categorized as: R&D projects; setting up of National facilities, Infrastructure development, Pilot plants, Routine testings and evaluation as research support activities.

R&D projects of the National laboratories could be continuing routine activities, long term projects, new major projects, applied or basic research etc. Some may be laboratory projects. Some may be a part of an inter-laboratory major project or inter-agency mission mode project. Some could be of international collaboration nature. In other words, there exists a mix of different complex activities in each laboratory. Further, as indicated above the laboratories are engaged in diversified fields of science & technology catering to the needs of different sectors adding to the complexity of the system. Thus, whole the CSIR system presents a complex R&D organization. Thus on the whole the CSIR system presents a complex R & D organization.

One can easily visualize the Research Planning Group (RPG), on behalf of the CSIR HQ., as a coordinating liaison group between the Government, Commission, Finance Ministry, Socio-economic Ministries, user Planning departments and Industries on the one hand and the constituent laboratories of the council at the other hand. The group has to have complete information on the strengths and weaknesses of each laboratory as well as the opportunities available to get the maximum benefits from the available limited resources. government policies, the needs of the user departments, ministries and industries. and their linkages with various organizations provide the opportunities and threats for the R&D of the laboratories. These have to be coupled and matched with the strengths and weaknesses of the laboratories. The scientific expertise, availability of infrastructure and the base information system prevalent in each laboratory, the coordination between various laboratories both existing and required, all these aspects qualify for the strengths and weaknesses. In other words the information system for planning at CSIR HQ. should be able to generate information required to optimize the resources to put them into best use for achieving the goals.

At the laboratory level, the information sub-system should have complete basic data on all the projects and activities of the laboratories. It should also have the data on the outputs generated and expected in terms of a laboratory as a whole as well as the outputs pertaining to each project/activity. The laboratory system must have the linkage with the other systems may be online or other-wise to generate necessary information on the opportunities and threats relevant to them.

The existing data collection system for the planning process is described in **Chapter-2**. The planning system is mainly centred around data base on the R&D and other activities of the laboratories. The reporting system focusing on the methodology of data collection for various mandatary reports viz Monthly Cabinet summary. Quarterly reports on selected projects and the Annual Report on the major achievements of the laboratories is also discussed in this chapter.

The analysis of the data received from the laboratories are vital to generate the necessary information for the management. Chapter-3 extensively discusses the various output format, the generation of laboratory profiles which serve as the background information for the decisions on the plan formulation, the area status reports, the software for generating quarterly milestones report and the analysis on the research output parameters.

In any system there will always be some gaps and problems. A detailed analysis of the various problems in the existing information system and the resulting gaps in information in meeting the demands and requirements of the organization is covered in Chapter-4.

The various facets of the model information system dealing specifically on the Project data base relevant to R&D Planning and Monitoring and its interface with other databases and information system are presented in Chapter-5.

The summary and conclusions arising out of this study and the scope for future work are outlined in Chapter-6

Annexure 1.1

Society

The Society of the Council of Scientific & Industrial Research Consists of the following members:

- 1. The Prime Minister of India who shall be the ex-officio president of the Society.
- 2. The Minister-in-charge of the Ministry or Department dealing with the Council of Scientific & Industrial Research who shall be the ex-officio Vice President of the Society:
- 3. Ministers-in-charge of Finance and Industry (ex-officio):
- 4. Members of the Governing Body: and
- 5. Chairman, Advisory Board.

The authorities of the Society are: the Governing Body, the President of the Society, the Vice-President of the Society, the Director General of the Council of Scientific & Industrial Research, and such other authorities as may be constituted by the Governing Body. The Director -General, Council of Scientific & Industrial Research, is ex-officio Secretary and the Principal Executive Officer of the Society. The CSIR Society has the powers of an autonomous organisation. It reviews the progress and performance of CSIR, gives policy direction to the Governing Body of CSIR and approves the annual accounts and report of CSIR.

Governing Body

The affairs and funds of CSIR shall be administered, directed, controlled, subject to the rules and regulations and byelaws and orders of the Society, by a Governing Body. The Governing Body of the Society for the purpose of Act XXI of 1860 shall consist of the following members:

- 1. The Director General, Council of Scientific & Industrial Research, ex-officio Chairman of the Governing Body;
- 2. Member Finance, (Secretary to the Government of India for financial matters concerning CSIR);

- 3. Chairman of two Technical Advisory Boards (TAB's)
- 4. Directors of two CSIR laboratories
- 5. Two eminent industrialists with one from the public sector;
- 6. Three eminent scientists, with one from academia;
- 7. Heads of two Scientific Departments/ Agencies of the Government of India.

All nominations of the Governing Body shall be by the President of the Society and for a period of three years.

The Governing Body shall meet as often as may be considered necessary but not less than four times a year.

Advisory Board

A high level Advisory Board (AB) with external experts from scientific, technical, social sciences and industrial fields, provides S&T inputs to the Governing Body; overviews the R&D programmes of CSIR to suggest inter-se priorities and resource allocations and organizes periodic reviews of specific R&D areas and laboratories of CSIR.

The Advisory Board is chaired by an eminent scientist/technologist from outside the CSIR system and has following members.

- 1. Director General, CSIR
- 2. Chairmen of Technical Advisory Boards
- 3. Three scientists/ technologists/industrialists
- 4. An eminent social scientist and
- 5. Four representatives of scientific departments/ agencies of the Government of India, as members.

Nominations to AB are made by the President of the Society.

Technical Advisory Boards

Technical Advisory Board (TAB) in broad areas of CSIR R&D activities is a forum for involving government departments/ agencies and users in research planning and programme identification. TAB is basically charged with the task of identifying newer R&D areas and evolving long term perspective plans for research priorities. TABs have been established in five broad R&D areas of CSIR. These are for

- 1. Chemical Sciences & Technology:
- 2. Biological Sciences & Technology;
- 3. Physical, Earth & Marine Sciences (including Environment);
- 4. Engineering Sciences and Technology including electronics and Computers and
- 5. Material Sciences & Technology

Each TAB has an eminent Scientist/ Technologist from outside the CSIR system as its chairman and a Scientist/ Emeritus Scientist of CSIR as convener. The members of TAB consist of

- 1. Laboratory Directors/Project Coordinators concerned with R&D programmes in the areas;
- 2. Eminent Scientists/Technologists in the areas from outside CSIR;
- 3. Representatives of concerned Scientific Departments/ Agencies of the Government.

All nominations to the TABs are made by DG, CSIR for a period of three years. Each TAB in its area of activity

- 1. Undertakes/commissions technological forecasting and prepares long term perspective plans for research priorities and strategies for CSIR and evolves new areas of R&D:
- 2. Identifies, formulates and monitors the progress of specific major R&D programmes, thrust area and mission projects and
- 3. Suggests net-working of laboratories in implementing the programmes identified.

Research Councils

Research Council (RC) at the laboratory level is a body of distinguished professionals in the area of specialization of the laboratory. RC is to provide thrust, suggest new areas of research and orient R&D programmes in desired direction, apart from serving as a professional vehicle for monitoring of resource allocations and their utilization in each laboratory. RC consists of:

- 1. Five external experts, one of whom is designated as Chairman;
- 2. Representatives of concerned scientific departments/agencies of the Government of India;
- 3. Director of the laboratory;
- 4. Senior scientists from another CSIR laboratory and
- 5. DG, CSIR or his representative as a permanent invitee.

The chairmen and members of the RC are nominated by DG, CSIR while the secretary of the RC is nominated by the Director of the laboratory who also provides the secretarial services for functioning of RC. RCs are to:

- 1. Advise and recommend the formulation of research programmes of the laboratory keeping the Five Year Plans and national priorities in view;
- 2. Conduct periodic reviews of the research activities, assess the progress of the research programmes and advise on future directions,
- 3. Advise on fostering linkages between the laboratory and academic institutions, other research organizations, industry and potential clients:

RCs have the power to:

- 1. Constitute Selection committees and Assessment Committees/Peer Groups for selection, merit and assessment promotions, from an approved panel of experts for all the S&T staff;
- 2. Recommend the resource allocations for major R&D activities of the laboratory;
- 3. Approve contract R&D programmes envisaging charges of over Rs. 50 lakh and
- 4. Recommend devolution of necessary power to the project leaders for the proper implementation of the research programmes.

Management Councils

The Management Councils also at the laboratory level, manage the affairs of the laboratories within the framework of rules, regulations, directions and guidelines issued by DG, CSIR, GB and the Society. The Chairman of Management Council (MC) is the Director of the laboratory. Other members consist of:

- 1. Four scientists of the laboratory representing the staff of various age groups
- 2. Two scientists of Director level from the same laboratory or senior scientists from other laboratories
- 3. Finance & Accounts Officer of the laboratory
- 4. Controller of Administration/AO: Member Secretary and
- 5. DG, CSIR or his nominee as a permanent invitee.

Members of the MCs are nominated by DG, CSIR and the period of nomination is three years. MC is to

- Administer and manage the affairs and environs of the laboratory so as to support the research plan of the laboratory as approved by the Research Council
- 2. Serve as the appellate authority for employee grievances,
- Write off irrecoverable loans of stores and monies within the limits prescribed by CSIR.

CHAPTER- 2: ANALYSIS OF EXISTING INFORMATION SYSTEM: DATA COLLECTION PROCESS

2.1 INTRODUCTION

Information is vital for any system. The effectiveness of information depends on the timeliness as well as other attributes described in Chapter-1. Information delayed is information denied. In CSIR, the planning process depends on the activities of the laboratories. Data from each laboratory serves as an input for the information system at the CSIR HQ., and the functions of the planning group could be broadly categorized as Plan formulation and the Reports generation.

The data collection system for the plan formulation is centred around data base on the R&D and other activities of the laboratories. On the other hand the reporting system would focus data on mandatary reports viz. monthly cabinet summary, quarterly reports on selected projects and the Annual Report based on the major achievements of the laboratories.

Further, the information generated from these two systems would help to meet the requirements of GB, AB, TAB, Interagency, Interlab coordination, Annual plan formulation, Interaction with Planning Commission, Ministries, Departments, Industries and Parliament Questions related to the R&D activities of the laboratories.

In this Chapter, the data collection system for the plan formulation and the reports generation is discussed in details.

2.2 BACKGROUND OF THE PLANNING PROCESS

Planning of R&D at the CSIR Headquarters can be traced to the establishment in 1963 of an operational research unit later known as the Research Survey and Planning Organization (RSPO). The Division conducted several studies, surveys and R&D policy analysis and contributed a lot to the process of planning and giving of a direction to R&D. At the national level, the need for S&T planning as a part of the Five Year Plan was recognised during the fifth

plan. This necessitated the importance of establishing coordination and monitoring of R&D efforts.

The RSPO was reconstituted in 1973, as the Planning, Coordination, Monitoring and Evaluation Division, (currently Planning Division). The Division was given the responsibility of coordinating the plans of the laboratories, and preparation of CSIR annual plans and five year plans. Many CSIR Directors were involved in various panels and committees for the formulation of national plans.

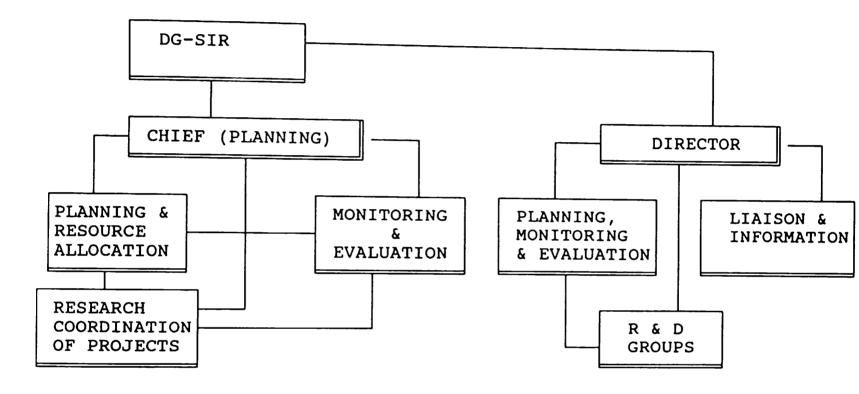
The responsibility of the formulation of Fifth Five Year Plan necessitated the Planning Division at CSIR Headquarters to look for planning data in terms of R&D projects of the laboratories and also the data for their subsequent monitoring and evaluation.

Two sets of questionnaire were formulated at the Headquarters for this purpose. These questionnaires included information on technical, economic as well as social aspects of research. The questionnaires were sent to the laboratories for testing and their comments were discussed at the Directors conference before actually being put to use. The laboratories filled the questionnaire and sent the data on projects to the Head quarters. The data were analyzed and the analysis was discussed at the Directors conference.

Establishment of PME Cells in the Laboratories:

For effective planning, a need to establish a Planning Monitoring and Evaluation (PME) group in each laboratory was also felt. The Planning Commission had also strongly recommended the establishment of a planning, evaluation and monitoring machinery at the CSIR Headquarters to be complemented by similar cells in the laboratories. The Directors' conference held in Jan/Feb. 1974 also recommended the formulation of PME group in each laboratory. The structure shown in Fig. 2.1 emerged as a result of various discussions.

FIG. 2.1: ORGANIZATIONAL CHART SHOWING LINKAGES BETWEEN PLANNING, MONITORING & EVALUATION (PME) CELLS AT CSIR HQ AND LABORATORIES



In the Figure, relationship between PME and other groups are only shown.

2.3 DATA COLLECTION FOR PLAN FORMULATION

CSIR needs to prepare its plan with in the guidelines and frame work of national priorities and Five Year Plans. The Planning Division of CSIR Hq. has the responsibility of defending the CSIR plan and mobilizing maximum resources for supporting R&D in the Laboratories. In order to facilitate resource allocations, the Planning Commission sends a proforma for collecting information about the plan programmes every year. The questionnaire for collection of plan proposals used to be designed by the Planning Division of CSIR HQ. taking into account the requirements of the Planning Commission and other decision making agencies.

The schedule for work related to Annual Plan preparation during the fifth and sixth plan period is as per Annexure 2.1

The activities of the laboratories were grouped as into five groups. They are:

Group I R&D projects:

A project may include all or some of the following stages.

- * Preliminary study/feasibility studies
- * Surveys
- * Research, Design and Development work
- Prototype Fabrication
- * Process Development
- * Upscaling
- Testing and field trials
- * Pilot Plant activity
- Batch production activity.

Group II- Technical Infrastructure:

In order to complete the R&D projects a number of common facilities/supporting facilities/ infrastructural facilities are required to be maintained or created. They are:

- Planning Monitoring and evaluation
- * Information system (e.g. NISSAT Centres.....)
- * Library
- * Information, Liaision, Publicity, Exhibitions
- * Workshop
- Design and drawing office
- * Testing laboratories
- * Service and maintenance of instruments
- * Animal house
- * Glass blowing
- * Training programmes
- * Computer Centre

Group III

- * Civil construction
- * Electrical Installation
- * Maintenance pertaining to civil works, electrical works, sanitation, water supply etc.

Group IV

- * Administration
- * Stores and Purchase,
- * Accounts
- * Housekeeping activities like watch ward, Garden etc.
- * Amenities (such as dispensary, school, club, and other staff welfare activities)

Group V

Extension/Regional Centres etc.

Separate proformae were designed for R&D projects, Technical Infrastructure (Group II) and Extension centres. Separate questionnaire was designed for each group of activities. For Group III&IV, the laboratories were asked to fill in only the financial statements.

Besides Group I, R&D projects related to Group II- (Technical infrastructure) Group V- (Extension centres) were also covered under the same proforma.

Other routine activities under areas of group V were sent in separate simple proformae projecting the resource requirements.

The Information mainly sought was:

- * Title of the project
- * Project No.
- * Scientific & Technical objectives
- * State of art
- Status of the project
- * Justification of continuing the ongoing project or justification for taking up the new proposal.
- * Duration planned as well as expected.
- * Involvement of users.
- * Related work in other organizations
- * Linkages of the project
 - with other projects
 - with other organizations
 (already existing and planned)
- * Nature of Linkages: (Utilization of Results; Funding; Sharing of R&D work; Exchange of Scientist; Utilization of facilities; Utilization of specialized material or techniques developed by other laboratories; Trials and testing; etc).
- * Requirement of major equipment/ facilities
- * Total cost; expenditure incurred; future requirements
- * Manpower deployment;
- Bar chart of activities
- * Area of R&D
- * Discipline of Research
- Long term project
- * Short term project

- * Nature of project
- * Other characteristics linked to a project
 Basic Research; Applied research; Survey and data collection; Impact of
 Applied Research and Long-term basic research; Project Approved by;
 State of work; Socio Economic Aim; Reasons for delay [Technical,
 Infrastructural]

A sample questionnaire is enclosed in Annexure-2.2

The planning committee in the laboratory consisting of the project coordinators, the senior scientists and the Director review the project proposals submitted by the scientists. They assign priorities to the research programmes and formulate the Annual Plan within the frame work of the five year plan. The plan document were to be approved by the Research Advisory committees before sending it to CSIR HQ in the above proforma.

The laboratories were grouped into five Coordination Councils. They were:

- 1. Physical and Earth Sciences (NPL, CEERI, CSIO, NGRI, NIO).
- 2. Chemical Sciences (NCL, CECRI, CSMCRI, RRL-Hyderabad(now known as IICT), RRL- Jorhat, IIP and CFRI.
- 3. Biological Sciences (CDRI, CFTRI, CLRI, NBRI, IICB, CFB(now known as CBT), CCMB, ITRC, CIMAP, IMTECH, RRL-Jammu, CSIR-CX-Palampur CLRI has been recently grouped under Chemical Sciences. (TRA has now gone out of CSIR).
- 4. Engineering Sciences (NML, CGCRI, CMRS(now known as CMRI), CMERI, NEERI, NAL, SERC(GZ), SERC, Madras, RRL-Trivananthapuram, RRL-Bhubaneswar, CBRI, CRRI and RRL-Bhopal. ERDA has now gone out of CSIR.
- 5. Information Science
 PID, INSDOC, NISTADS

One copy of the plan document of the laboratories was submitted to the Chairman of the concerned Coordination Council. The Chairmen were expected to give their assessment of the project particulars, plan proposals of the laboratories and prepare the annual plan documents of the concerned coordination councils with projections till the end of the plan period.

The Planning Division of CSIR in association with the internal financial adviser and the finance group used to hold discussions with each laboratory to have a better understanding of the R&D programmes and other activities of the laboratories. The Director and the laboratory scientists used to get a feeling of involvement to decide ranking and priority of projects.

Based on the discussions with all the laboratories, CSIR prepared the overall CSIR plan document with resource estimates. This document after approval from Chairmen Coordination Councils, DGSIR and the Governing Body used to be submitted to the Planning Commission.

Planning Commission then discussed CSIR Plan with the CSIR HQ and they communicated the Plan allocation. The allocations to the individual laboratories were then decided in consultation with the Coordination Councils and circulated to the laboratories.

This process continued every year. However it was noted that in 1979, as a follow up of the recommendations of the chairman Co-ordinations councils, and also as per the perception of the then DGSIR, an Inter-organization Committee was formulated with representation from CSIR, DST, Department of Electronics and the Planning Commission to study and discuss the proforma sent by the Planning Commission seeking information on the Plan schemes of CSIR and evolve an appropriate information collection system and also arrive at a design of a common proforma suitable for various S&T organizations. From the records, it seems this committee never met formally and did not arrived at any decisions. Each of the organizations went ahead with itsown proformae.

Fig. 2.2 depicts the plan formulation process in CSIR till 1981.

2. TEAN FORMULATION PROCESS TILL 1981 Planning Commission Annual Plan Proforma CSIR: Designing of Plan Proforma Verification of Proforma with Sample Data Finalisation and Designing analysis Sending the Proforma Tables; Profile Formats to the lab. (consultation finance, CC & DGSIR) Receipt of Annual Analysis of Plan Documents Plan Documents from labs. Preparation of Profiles Annual Plan Copies Sent to Discussions with the Chairman Co-ordination Council for comments. labs: Tentative Decisions on RE & BE Preparation of CSIR plan document and submission to the Planning Commission discussions with Planning Commission Planning Commission communicates allocation Reallocation exercise in Consultation with Chairmen Coordination Councils Resource Allocation Process

The Planning group of CSIR prepared and finalized the annual plan proforma for 1980-81 after a detailed discussion with the then Director, National Aeronautical laboratory, Dr. S.R. Valluri. NAL was chosen because it had been recognized for expertise in project planning, budgeting and cost accounting. These proforma were then sent to Chairmen co-ordination councils and Finance to dove-tail their comments and view points.

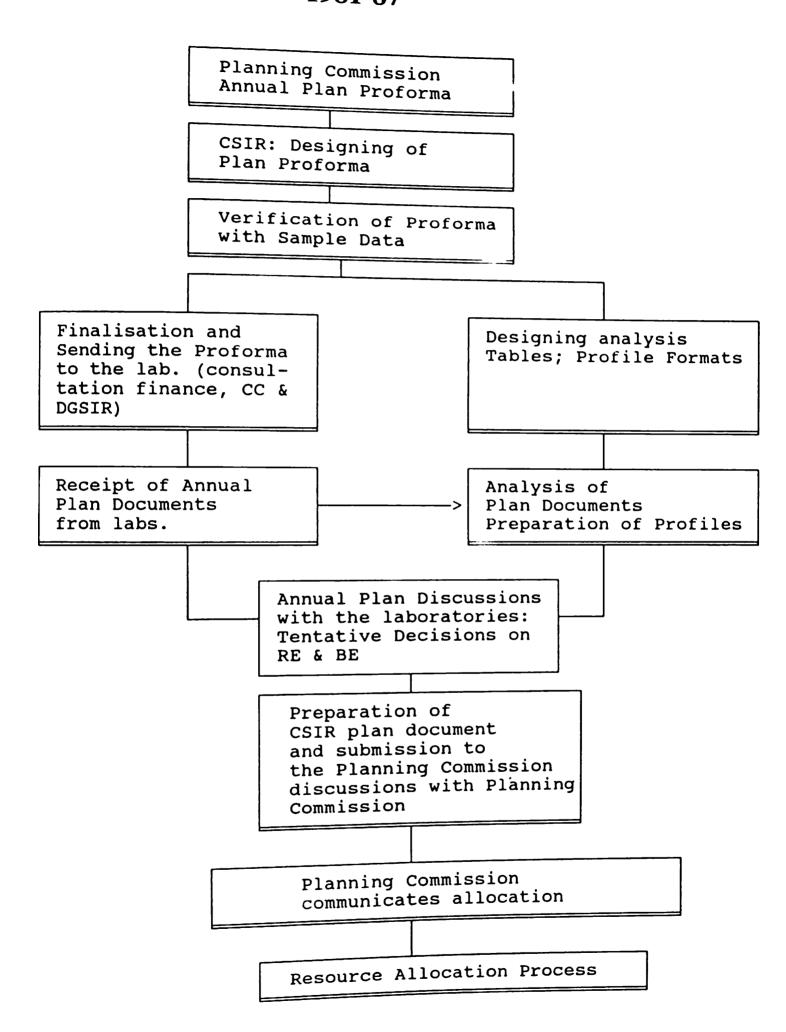
The plan proforma underwent changes every year. The experience of the previous year, the change in demand from Planning Commission, feedback received from the laboratories, change in policy guidelines change in leadership at the government and also at CSIR HQ seemed to have had an effect on the decision of designing a suitable questionnaire. The classification of projects and classification of R&D areas underwent revision almost every year.

Till the formulation of Annual Plan 1980-81, CSIR was following the laboratory approach in presenting its plan to the Planning commission. Specific projectwise presentation was done on the categories of All India Co-ordinated projects and Rural Development projects. Rest of the proposals were shown as requirements of the constituent individual laboratory. The integration of data at CSIR had no major problems.

The new sixth five year Plan (1980-85) was formulated during 1980-81. As per the mutual agreement between CSIR and the Planning Commission and also as per the policy guidelines of the then Vice-President CSIR, CSIR switched over to area approach from laboratory approach in presenting its plan proposals to the Planning Commission. The entire activity of CSIR laboratories were grouped into 26 areas. The UNESCO classification of discipline of Research followed till then as R&D areas was also continued. There was no change in the methodology of data collection system. CSIR continued to review the proforma sent by Planning Commission and designed its proforma and sent to the laboratories for enabling them to prepare their annual plans. The laboratory annual plan proposals were integrated into the 26 areas and the plan proposals projected to the Planning Commission. However the involvement of the Coordination Councils was not strictly followed and their role was also perhaps not effective as envisaged in the system.

Fig. 2.3 shows the Plan formulation process during the period 1981-87

Fig.2.3: PLAN FORMULATION PROCESS TILL 1981-87



The seventh five year plan (1985-90) of CSIR was formulated by a working group. The plan was arrived at, based on the identification of major areas and programmes by this group through several interactive meetings. The plan proposals received specifically for this purpose from the laboratories were integrated by the group of experts both from within and outside the CSIR laboratories. The plan was brought out in five volumes - one each for the five Coordination Councils viz. - Physical and Earth sciences, Chemical Sciences, Biological Sciences, Engineeeering Sciences and Information Sciences. Based on the above identification of the areas and programmes the laboratories used to send their annual plan proposals in the form of plan documents every year as per the proforma designed by the Planning Group of CSIR. CSIR continued the area approach and presented its plan proposals in 26 areas to the Planning Commission. However, these 26 areas were different from those followed during the 6th five year plan. The methodology followed for data collection continued to be in the form of questionnaire.

Since 1985-86, information on socio-economic relevance, the aim and emphasis of Basic research/Applied research, details of projectwise manpower deployment and re-deployment from completed/abandoned process was deleted in the proforma. The reason was because of the difficulty in getting the valid data on the projects of the laboratories and the inability at the CSIR HQ. of subsequent meaningful analysis of these parameters. However, all or some part of such information was sought in a piece-meal manner from time to time. A sample questionnaire followed during the seventh five year plan is enclosed in the Annexure 2.3.

The exercise on Annual Plan data collection in an organized manner through computer proforma was discontinued from 1987 till the beginning of a new eighth five year plan i.e five year plan 1992-97 and Annual plan 1992-93. In 1987, i.e. during the middle of the seventh five year plan, the then DGSIR introduced a concept known as 'Peer Review'. The plans of laboratories were discussed before invited peers and allocations were indicated for the remaining three years of the seventh plan. The annual plans were formulated based on these discussions and also on the proceedings of the research councils of the laboratories.

The exercise of annual plan meetings with the laboratories has virtually been wound up. Since the beginning of the eighth five year plan (1992-97), a revised annual plan proforma was designed and data were collected for plan formulation. The questionnaire followed during the eighth five year plan is enclosed in the Annexure 2.4. The entire exercise of CSIR plan formulation gets completed in two months is September - October of every year.

2.3.1 Interface with Finance: Project Costing, Budgeting and Accounting

Planning and Finance have definite linkages in their working since the Planning process aims at optimum utilisation of the available financial resources.

The plan formulation process integrates all the proposals and arrive at the budgetary requirements. The project proforma designed and used for the data collection expected projection of project-wise budget requirements. The proforma also had inbuilt consistency checks and also provision for matching of these project-wise requirements with the projection based on the conventional budget heads viz. salaries, contingencies, maintenance, chemicals & apparatus, works & services, equipment, furniture, library books, vehicles, pilot plants etc.. The data collection system could not ensure the one to one matching of these two projections.

Inspite of commitments given by the CSIR top Management to the policy making bodies the system of project costing and accounting could not be implemented in the laboratories. Each laboratory was following its own system. Attempts were made several times to simplify and standardize the system. A working group was formulated involving Finance and Planning people of CSIR HQ. and few selected laboratories who had the expertise on project costing (eg. NAL). This group was able to formulate the guidelines and circulated them to all the laboratories in 1984. Again, in September 1985, A get-to-gether of the PME scientists of all the laboratories was organized by the CSIR Planning Group and these were discussed in details. However, this never got implemented in most of the laboratories.

It was decided to overcome this deficiency in the data collection system through the computerisation of financial records having proper linkages with computerised system for project costing budgeting and accounting. The following section describes the attempts made in this direction.

2.3.2 Computerization of Financial Records

In July, 1986 the then Financial Adviser to CSIR Shri M.V. Ramakrishnan initiated the computerization of financial records. A conference of financial officers of CSIR was organized during 24- 25 July 1986 at CSIR New Delhi. The objective was emphasized as follows:

"The main objective of the introduction of computerization of accounting system is to optimize efficiency and faster disposal of day-to-day work to facilitate upto-date maintenance of information pertaining to the finance of the organization and then instantaneous retrieval as and when required for taking effective and meaningful management decisions. It is all the more necessary because of large volume of financial transactions involved in recording, classifying, collecting and summarizing the data in normal parlance known as book keeping and eventually leading to interpretance of information, resulting in management accounting and cost accounting subsystems".

Through this conference attended by the financial officers of all the CSIR laboratories, Computer specialists, experts in government finance departments, it was possible to impress and sell the idea of the importance of computerization. As an outcome of the conference, DGSIR constituted a working group and a sub-group for computerization. Computer and Financial experts from selected laboratories viz CEERI- Pilani, SERC-Madras, NAL- Bangalore, RRL-Hyderabad (now known as IICT, Hyderabad), NIC- Delhi, Finance Ministry and CSIR HQ. were the members of working groups and sub-groups.

Groups were formed for the development of specific packages on:

- Pay Roll And Social Welfare Accounting System
- Uniform Budgeting and Accounting System
- Project Accounting and Costing System
- * Inventory Control System

In addition to these, a need was also felt for the development of personnel information system for the of certain information.

SERC Madras, NAL and CEERI were jointly involved in the development of software packages related to the first three items above. RRL, Hyderabad was the nodal centre for the development of an inventory control package.

Systems report for the development of the first three items was submitted in two parts in Jan - 1987 and the report was accepted. NAL and SERC, Madras went ahead with the development of the package.

In September 1987, a decision was taken to restrict the inventory control package to only those portions relating to financial accounting and project accounting.

The restricted approach was made due to the fact that development of a complete package required evolving a standard coding pattern for all stores used in various laboratories engaged in diversified fields of R&D which inturn would have required extensive time to prepare item history, vendor details vendor performance, stock control, purchase, issue controls etc.

A decision was also taken that

- "i. COBOL will be used for conventional processing and reporting system and
- ii. DBASE III will be used for data input capture, validation daily reporting as well as for handling queries".

The Project Particulars were prepared by NAL keeping the Annual Plan Proforma sent by CSIR as the basis. The items included were:

Title of the Project; Continuing or New; Date of Commencement (Planned Date, Actual Date, Reasons for delay); Expected date of completion; Emphasis of the project in terms of Basic Research, Applied research, Experimental Development, Surveys etc.); Stages of Work; Linkages of the Project- Name of the agency, Nature of Linkages, nature of assistance; Name of the Collaborator and nature of collaboration; End User - Name of the user, Nature of Commitment.

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A format was also designed (Fig. 2.4) to facilitate project costing excercise as a part of computerisation in the project accounting and costing system.

One more development occurred during the time of implementation at the CSIR HQ. A separate division "Computer Division" was established. Quite a few new programmers were inducted. They were also given the responsibility of coordination work related to the computerization and supply of packages developed to all the laboratories. Decisions on Hardware were also taken.

The packages were developed and the softwares supplied to all the laboratories. All the laboratories were also provided with PC-AT system from CSIR HQ, specially for implementing the computerization. The project costing package was developed based on the guidelines on project costing prepared and circulated to all the laboratories during 1984 as an outcome of CSIR's commitment.

However, the package could not be implemented in most of the laboratories as well as in CSIR HQ.

One of the major reasons for the failure could be the lack of appreciation at the laboratory level of the need for computerization and implementing the uniform software packages. Computerization and smooth flow of information to CSIR HQ. were perhaps, viewed as control mechanisms interfering with the freedom of the laboratory management. Besides these sociological problems, these packages also had technical compatibility deficiencies because of the usage of combination of COBOL, DBASE III and the limited package on inventory control. Project costing and accounting was never considered essential by the laboratory management.

The packages worked very well under trial runs according to almost all the persons actually involved in the development of the packages, the computer experts as well as the financial experts.

Fig. 2.4: DATA FORMAT FOR PROJECT-COSTING AND ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

Head of Account	Total Estimated Cost	Expenditure for the Month	Cumulative Expr. on the Proj.	Balance available (2-4)
1	2	3	4	5
(A) <u>Cash-Flow Items</u>				
 Salary Other Allowance Consumable (P) Consumable (G) Capital Equipment Works/Service S. Equipment Service Service Charges Others Overheads 				
Total (A)				
(B) Non-Cash flow Items 11. Depreciation Charges 12. Others				
Total (B)				
(C) Less: Transfer adjustments				
Total Cost (A+B-C)				

Perhaps, the Top Management had neither any intentions nor appreciation for completely switching over to Computerization of financial records with well-knit interface with the Project Accounting and Costing System. The implementation of the package was never made mandatory. The laboratories were asked to maintain the manual accounting system and records also in parallel to the computerization of records. Obviously, it involved huge work load and persons who were not having any inspiration for working in the computers never intended to use the software package supplied.

One more problem was the difference of views on the responsibility of Project costing and accounting. The PME scientists thought it was the responsibility of the Finance whereas the Finance thought it otherwise. The guidelines for project costing and accounting circulated by the CSIR had recommended strengthening of the PME cells in the laboratories to facilitate the implementation of Project Costing and Accounting procedures in the laboratories. This never happened.

Because the system was not prevalent in most of the laboratories, the computerization and supply of uniform software packages never helped to switch over to the new system.

2.4 DATA COLLECTION FOR REPORTS

The data collection process for generating the following mandatory reports at CSIR HQ. is described in this section.

- 1. CSIR Annual Report
- 2. Monthly report and
- 3. Quarterly Reports on predetermined milestones on important projects.

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2.4.1 CSIR Annual Report

There has been no specific proforma for data collection for the annual report. The data generally related to the major achievements in terms of technology development (Product or process, new or improvement), technology transfer, progress on major projects or major areas, achievements in basic research, research outputs, inputs of processes, products, papers, monographs, patents etc, honours and awards pertaining to the laboratory as a whole or to individual and other important events which needed specific reporting, manpower and financial data.

The Schedule for Data Collection for CSIR Annual Report is given below:

First week of April:

Letters to laboratories asking for information for inclusion in the annual report relating to the financial year just ended, to be sent by first week of May.

First week of May:

Reminders to laboratories who have not sent. (Response is approximately 30% by this time).

First week of June:

Processing of information received from laboratories. In those cases where information is not available, alternative sources are tapped and a first draft edited. Data have to be gathered from other technical divisions of CSIR with regard to technology utilization, fellowships, international programmes etc.

First week of July:

First draft submitted to DGSIR for his

consideration and approval.

First week of August:

DGSIR approves the draft.

First week of September:

The draft, revised on the basis of modifications etc. suggested and submitted

to DGSIR for approval.

First week of November:

Draft submitted to the Governing Body for

their approval.

First week of December:

The draft again revised on the basis of the decision of the Governing Body, CSIR submitted to CSIR Society. Report

published and circulated.

(Since Prime Minister is the President of CSIR Society, the society meeting depends on his convenience and sometimes this may

get delayed by a few months).

2.4.2 Monthly Report

Important major achievements of CSIR, during the previous month need to be reported to the PM's Secretariat & Cabinet Secretariat every month during the first week. Laboratories used to send their data by the 3rd of every month and these were screened for their relevance. A consolidated report was sent to the Cabinet secretariat.

The format for the monthly reports is:

- Details on sponsored/consultancy projects completed during the year
 (Title, Date of start, agency name, amount)
- Surveys completed (Nature of Surveys)
- * Training in India and abroad (area, organization, duration of training)
- * Technologies Transferred during the month (Technology, agency to when transferred, Terms and Conditions)

- * Major constructions completed during the month
- Utilization of services offered by the laboratory during the month.
- * Installation of major equipment/ Computer/ facility during the month
- * Name(s) of equipment, facilities and the cost; significant major R&D projects completed during the month and highlights.
- Outputs on pilot plants
- * Any other major events need to be reported to PM/ Cabinet
 - e.g. Honours/ awards;

Special functions like foundation day;

Special Training programmes organized by the lab for the benefit of general public or specialized construction

Special visits of dignitaries;

International collaboration signed;

2.4.3 Quarterly Monitoring Reports

A meeting was organised by the Secretary to the Prime Minister on 25th November, 1985 to review the position regarding targeting in scientific departments. The following departments (scientific) were represented by their Secretaries:

- * DST
- * Space
- * Electronics
- Ocean Development
- * DAE
- DSIR
- Environment & Forests

Dr. S. Varadarajan, the then Secretary, DSIR and Director General, CSIR emphasized to the need of strengthening the monitoring system in CSIR involving

various parameters such as strengthening of CSIR HQ. staff, removal of restrictions on mobility of scientists and a system of monitoring physical progress of research projects in the national laboratories. In general, the need was stressed to evolve a system of Annual Action Plan to reflect the manner and time frame of action in respect of the activities, functions to be performed by the departments, organizations during the course of the year. This system started functioning from the year 1986-87 i.e. beginning April, 1986.

After several iterations and interactions with national laboratories CSIR in April 1986, prepared a document entitled "Activity Milestone (Upto March 1987) Significant Research Projects". The research programmes were broadly classified as -

- a. Projects of interest to Industry, Commerce, Agriculture:
- b. High Technology:
- c. Societal Missions:
- d. Specialized Information, Data Bases
- e. Modelling applications
- f. Manpower development
- g. Basic Sciences:

Specific major projects were identified under each of the above areas. The project details included in the document were:

Title; Name of the Principal Investigator; Participating Laboratories/ Agencies/ Organizations; Milestones for different quarters

This document was sent to all the Directors requesting them to follow the system of monitoring so that a proper reporting could be sent to the PM's office every quarter as per the decision taken at the high level meeting on 25.11.1985. A monitoring mechanism was devised according to which a planning scientist at the CSIR HQ. was linked to a set of projects in one or more areas and their Principal Investigators and Project Leaders in different laboratories. The Project Principal Investigators and Project Leaders in different laboratory, was expected to Leader, with the approval of the Director of the Laboratory, was expected to send a Monitoring Report every quarter on the pre-defined milestone relevant to that particular quarter. The identified milestones were for one or all of the 4

quarters. The milestones were identified for 4 quarters, namely by end of June, by end of September, by end of December and by end of March. A particular project can have a milestone for any of these 4 quarters and not necessarily for all the 4 quarters. The reports received from the laboratories were consolidated and a comprehensive Monitoring Report called "Quarterly Milestone Report" was sent to the PM's Office.

However, because of the federal structure of CSIR Laboratories as well as the autonomous nature enjoyed by each laboratory, the direct linkage between the CSIR Planning Scientists and the respective Project Investigators in the Laboratories did not function effectively and CSIR HQ. obtained the information through the Laboratory Director.

This system continued with the updating of the Activity milestone Document every year and this became a process of preparation of CSIR Annual Action Plan for a few selected major projects e.g. Mission Projects on Water, Oilseeds, etc. From the beginning of the eighth five year plan, laboratories have been asked to specify quarterly milestones for the selected projects as a part of their Annual Plan proposals.

2.5 PARLIAMENT QUESTIONS

It will be extremely difficult to predict the nature and type of Parliament questions. The questions generally cover wide areas ranging from Policy matters, specific micro-details of any project, consolidated information on laboratories, data on finance, manpower, projects, investment etc. The annual plan documents serve as the base information for answering parliament questions. However, invariably, the questions used to be transmitted to the concerned laboratory for getting specific replies with authentic data/information.

2.6 OTHER SOURCES OF INFORMATION

In addition to the Annual Plan proforma, Information was generated through

i. Agenda and proceedings of the Research councils/ Advisory Councils.

- ii. Agenda and proceedings of the Management Councils
- iii. Agenda and proceedings of the Coordination councils/ Technical Advisory boards
- iv. News letter of the laboratory
- v. Personal interaction with the Directors and other officers of the laboratories
- vi. International meetings

2.7 CONCLUSIONS

The data collection system involving questionnaire and other modes prevalent since the inception of the planning process in CSIR has been discussed in detail. How far this system was successful in meeting the information requirements of the decision making authorities? What were the problems in the data/ information flow from the laboratories to the CSIR HQ. and vice versa? There are many such questions which may not elicit any satisfactory answers straightaway. It all depended on the response to the questionnaire and other queries as well as the analysis of data which converted the data received from the laboratories to information needed for the decision making.

Some of these aspects on the analysis of information are discussed in the next chapter.

Annexure-2.1 Schedule of work for CSIR Annual Plan- Prevalent during the Fifth and Sixth Five year plans. (i.e. between 1976-1985)

First week June: Designing of the proforma for the Annual Plan taking into

consideration the essential requirements of the Planning

Commission and Headquarters.

Third week June Feedback from the laboratories. Physical verification of

problems of data sought from a sample of laboratories.

First week of July Finalisation of the annual Plan proforma with the approval

of Chairman of Coordination Councils and DGSIR.

Third week of July Printing and sending of Annual Plan proforma along with

instructions with a request to send the documents so that

they are received at the HQ and Chairman, Coordination

Council by 15th Sept.

August till end of

September: Designing of profiles, analysis of programmes etc.

Coordination Council Chairman to give their assessment of the project particulars, annual plan of labs, and prepare the

annual plan document of Coordination Council along with projection till and of new plans. CC document to reach

Chief(Planning) from the Chairman by 30th september.

October: Discussion of Annual Plan, RE and BE and other issues

with the laboratories and suggestions of estimates for and

tentative estimate of BE for the coming year.

November: Preparation of overall estimates for Budget and the Draft

Annual Plan document.

Second week

of Dec: Preparation of final document of Annual Plan.

(Annexure 2.1 Continued)

Third week

of Dec:

Discussion of the final document with the Chairmen

Coordination Councils, submission to DGSIR, and for

approval.

Fourth Week

of Dec:

Discussion with the Planning Commission.

January:

Await final communication for Planning Commission.

February-March:

Reallocation exercise on the basis of allocations by the

Planning Commissions.

Ist week of April:

Draft reallocations for circulation amongst Chairmen,

Coordination Council.

Third week of

April:

Discussion with Chairman of C.C. of the reallocation

figures for SE and communication of figures.

May:

Feedback from the laboratories on the SE.

Annexure 2.2 Sample Questionnaire used during the Sixth Five Year (1980-85) Plan

COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

ANNUAL PLAN 1982-83

AND

PROJECT BUDGET

RE 1981-82 & BE 1982-83

Review of achievements in 1980-81. Progress anticipated in 1981-82 and Thrust proposed to be given in 1982-83.

- I. 1. Major R&D achievements in different "Area of R&D" during 1980-81. Please highlight the results, possible applications and impact.
 - 2. Projects completed in different "Area of R&D" during 1980-81. Please give Titles, total cost, manpower released and step taken to productionise the results.
 - 3. R&D Infrastructural facilities created for different "Area of R&D" in 1980-81.
- II. 1. The thrust proposed to be given to the work of the laboratory in different "Area of R&D" during 1981-82.
 - 2. Titles of major projects in different "Area of R&D" as defined in V (1.1) to be taken up during 1981-82.
 - Jon different "Area of RAD" during 1981-82.
- III. 1. "Area of R&D" to which major thrust is planned during the annual plan 1982-83.
 - 2. New proposals/projects that are in advanced stage of processing and approval in different "Area of R&D" and hence likely to commence during 4982-85.
 - 3. Infrastructural facilities planned to be created for different "Areas of R&D" during 1982-83.
- IV. 1. "Areas of R&D" to which major thrust is planned during 1983-85.
 - 2. New proposals/projects to be taken up in different "Areas of R&D" during 1982-85.
 - J. Infrastructural facilities planned to be created for different "Areas of R&D" during 1982-85.

- V. 1.1 Kindly arrange the R&D project particulars as per proforma I in the plan document in the following order:
 - (i) Nationally important and coordinated projects
 (ii) Rural Development projects
 (iii) Major projects
 - (a) UNDP, PL-480 and other internationally or foreign supported projects, etc.
 - (b) DST, Electronics Commission, ISRO, ICAR, ONGC, ICMR and Ministry/Department supported projects, etc.
 - (c) Other in-house projects of the laboratory whose financial input (Plan+Non-plan) is estimated to exceed & 25 lakhs over the VI plan period 1980-81 to 1984-85.
 - (d) Project particulars of other minor projects are to be filled separately for each and arranged R&D area-wise "area of R&D"as per Appendix I).
 - 1.2 Information particulars of Infrastructure items covered under Group II (Appendix VII) are to be given as per proforma II separately for each centre.
 - 1.3 Information particulars of infrastructure items covered under Group V (Appendix VII) are to be given as per proforma III separately for each centre.
 - Note 1: If infrastructure groups and extension/regional centres have any R&D projects, the details of such projects may be given as per proforma I.
 - Note 2: No proforma to be filled for infrastructure covered under Group III and IV. Financial details for these are also to be provided along with others in the overall statements 1.1 to 5. Please also fill statement 1 and 2 for these groups.
- VI. 2.1 Financial (Plan t Non-Plan) deployment for RDP and major projects (as defined in V (1.1) is also to be given separately in the overall statements 1.1 to 5 in the order specified above in V (1.1).
 - 2.2 For all other minor projects financial (Plan + Non-Plan) may be clubbed R&D areawise.

- 2.3 Requirements for infrastructure, separately for each, also be arrange in the same order as the infrastructure particulars.
- Note 3: The items to be focussed under I & II need be highly selective and description need be pointed and crisp. Focus on a few important ones where most of the finances would be deployed.

(Description on I, II, III should normally not exceed five pages in all).

General Instructions

- 1. Proforma details are to be filled by the Scientists and project Leaders, and Heads of Infrastructure facilities.
- Consolidated statements 1.1 to 5 and lists are to be prepared by Planning Group of the laboratory. While preparing these, an overview may be taken so as to avoid duplication of any kind in requirements. Planning Group and ACCount Section may kindly ensure that project budget and Conventional budget information and figures are in agreement. Kindly also ensure information provided in the proforma of project and infrastructure particulars in the Statements 1.1 to 5 and in the lists are consistent.
- Planning Group of the laboratory may help the scientists in filling the proforma for annual plan. It could also discuss the state of the projects and the requirements with the project leaders in the light of the tasks contemplated to be performed and existing facilities in the laboratory.
- Planning Committee of the laboratory consisting of the Director and project coordinators may kindly critically go through the review and details of each project assess the merit of the proposals in all their aspects and the additional requirements being suggested in the light of the state of the project and level of effort required to achieve the terminal objectives of the project within the contemplated time frame.
 - Ten (10) copies of the Review (I,II, III), project details and Consolidated Statements 1.1 to 5 Appendix of Lists need be sent duly bound.

"Area of R&D" AS PER AFPENDIX I

APPENDIX - I

R & D AREAS

Code	
010	MATERIAL DEVELOPMENT
011 012 015 014	Ferrous & Non-ferrous Material Other Materials Paper Technologies Industrial Ceramics
020	POLYMER SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
030	CATALYSIS
040	CORROSION
050	CHEMICALS
051 052 053 054 055 056 057 058	Synetic Pesticides/Pesticides from Plant Sources Biological Evaluation of pesticides & other agro-chemicals Process Technology for drugs & Intermediates Paints & Resins/Varnishes Electro Chemistry Inorganic Salt & Marine Chemicals Any other (specify)
060	BIO-TECHNOLOGIES
061 062 063 064	Tissue Culture Fermentation Technology Enzyme Engineering Utilisation of Agriculture & Forest residues/Products and slaughter wastes Emerging Areas
066	Molecular Biology
	\
070	ENERGY
071 072 073 074 075 076 077	Coal Utilisation - MHD Gasification, LTC etc. Solar Energy & Biogas Biomass & Energy Plantation Batteries Geothermal Energy Conservation of Energy Any other (specify)

080	ELECTRONICS
081 082 083 084 085 086	Instrumentation Control Systems Solid State devices Communication & TV systems Accoustic & Audio Engg. Any other (specify)
090	NATURAL PRODUCTS
091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102	Surveys & Screening Medicinal & Aromatic Plants Other Economic Plants Ornamental Plants Aerobiological Survey Fungal based products Chemistry of Natural products Plant Breeding Phyto-Chemistry Botany & Pharmacognosy Plant pathology Entomology Any other (specify)
200	MACHINERY DEVELOPMENT
300	OCEANOGRAPHY & ALLIED FIELD
301 302 303	Oceanographic Research Allied fields Any other (specify)
400	ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
500	OTHER AREAS OF RESEARCH
501 502 503 504 505 507 508 509 510	Post harvest technologies Health Health environment Production of Bio-chem. Experimental medicine Housing Mining & Metallurgy Aeronautics Standards (Maintenance) Instrumentation

Annexure 2.2

511 512 513 514 515 516	Civil Engineering Leather Drugs Industrial Toxicology Geological exploration Information system, Information Dissemination including publication
518	Any other (specify)

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APPENDIX - II

DISCIPLINES OF RESEARCH

1. PHYSICS & ALLIED SCIENCES

Code	DISCIPLINES OF RESEARCH
101	Atmospheric & Ionospheric Physics & Radio propagation
102	Aeronautics
103	Ultrasonics
104	Physical Oceanography
105	Aerodynamics
106	Biophysics
107	Low Temperature physics and cryogenies
108	High pressure physics and technology
109	Semiconductors
110	Solid State physics
111	Lasers and Masers
112	Liquid crystals
113	Thin film technology
114	Microwave technology
115	Ultra High vacuum technology
116	Ferrites
117	Fuel cells
118	Optice and Optical instruments Visible
119	
120	Ultraviolet
121	Infrared
122	Spectroscopy
123	Instrumentation
1 24 1 25	Metrology Cybernetics
126	Applied mathematics
127	Statistics and operations research
128	Material science
129	Materials characterisation
130	Solar energy
	Digital electronics and process control instruments
131	Precise determination of fundamental physical contents and standards for
132	physical measurements
100	bullet measurement
133	Resonance spectroscopy
134	Carbon products.
135	Electrophotography
136	Building physics Cryogenic materials
137	Meteorology
138	Other (specify)
	Ather Jakas-1

2. CHEMISTRY

201 Solid state chemistry 202 Radiation chemistry 203 Thermodynamics 204 Spectroscopy 205 Polymer chemistry 206 Chemistry of magnetic materials 207 Coordination compounds 208 Catalysis and catalytic agents 209 Silicones and boranes and all ed compounds 210 Chemistry of Natural products 211 Heterocyclic chemistry Synthetic organic chemistry and organic reaction mechanism 212 213 Bioorganic and bio-inorganic chemistry Pharmaceuticals and drugs, particularly in the areas of population control, 214 parasitic diseases, tuberculosis and leprosy 215 Inorganic pigments 216 Electrochemicals 217 Fine chemicals 218 Marine chemicals Dyestuffs 219 Petrochemicals 220 Perfumery chemicals 221 Carbohydrates 222 Tanning agents 223 Paints, resins and varnishes 224 225 Oils Fats and surfactants 226 Chemical Oceanography or Marine chemistry 227 Chemistry of building materials 228 Inorganic and organic ion exchanges 229 Metal finishing 230 Batteries 231 Electrometallurgy 232 Insecticides 233 Pesticides 234 Herbicides and Weedicides 235 Corrosion and its prevention 236 Electrochemistry 237 Analytical chemistry 238 Electronalytical Chemistry 239 Other (specify)

3. BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

	alogology
301	Phycology including marine alogology Mycology & Plant pathology
302	Mycology & Flant Breeding Genetics and Plant Breeding
303	Genetics and I land
304	Neurobiology Industrial microbiology
3 0 5	Industrial microsy
306	Molecular biology

7. ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGICAL FIELDS

```
Electronics
701
       Instrumentation technology
702
       Chemical Technology and Engineering
703
       Biochemical and biomedical engineering
704
       Measurement engineering
705
       Fibre technology (including composition)
706
       Fuel technology and engineering
707
       Combustion engineering
708
       Petroleum technology and engineering
709
       Food technology
710
       Public Health Engineering
711
        High-way Engineering
 712
        Structural engineering (including vibration and aeroelasticity)
        Civil Engineering
 713
 714
        Coastal engineering
 715
        Earth quake engineering
 716
        Foundation engineering
 717
        Water resources engineering
 718
        Mechanical engineering
 719
         Electrical engineering
        Central systems engineering and automation
 720
 721
         Refrigeration technology
 722
         Metallurgy
 723
         Solvent extraction of metals
  724
         Bacterial leaching of minerals
  725
         Heat treatment
  726
         Powder metallurgy
  727
         Welding technology
  728
         Automobile engineering
  729
         High pressure technology
  730
          Textile technology
  731
         Chemistry of fibres
  732
          Fibre physics
  733
          Leather technology
  734
          Mining engineering
   735
          Mineral engineering
   736
          Ae ronautical engineering
   737
          Offshore structures
          Marine instrumentation
   738
   739
           Marine electronics
          Glass & Ceramic Eschnology
   740
   741
           Tribology (Friction, wear and lubrication)
           Refractories
   742
           Computer software development for engineering application
   743
   744
           Studies in rural technology
    745
           Architecture and town planning
    746
           Forest engineering
    747
           Fire prevention technology
    748
    749
```

Others (specify)

8. SCIENCE POLICY, SCIENCE PLANNING, TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER AND FUTUROLOGY

301	Technological forecasting
302	Social implications of science and technology
303	Industrial and organisational psychology
304	Science Policy
305	Planning, Monitoring, Evaluation and Coordination
306	Technology Assessment
307	Technology Transfer
308	Training
309	Information Processing
310	Documentation, Reprography
311	Translation
312	Publication, Printing
112	Industrial Linkson and Extenden

Surveys (Economic and Industrial) and Economic and O R studies

Others (specify)

814

APPENDIX III

CODE Nature of project Nationally Important and Coordinated Projects 1. RDP 2 Major Project (UNDP, PL-480 etc. supported) 3 Major Project (DST, ISRO, Electronic Commission ONGC, Ministry /Department, supported) 4 Major inhouse project (costing more than Rs. 25 lakhs & more over the 5 Vith Plan Period) . 6 Minor project. APPENDIX IV -

CODE Socio-economic Aim

- l. Development of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing
- 2. Promotion of Industrial development
- 3. Promotion of rural development
- 4. Production, conservation and distribution of Energy
- 5. Development of transport and communications, Telecommunication,

- Development of Health Services 6.
- Development of Education 7.
- Exploration, Assessment and Protection of Earth, the sea, the atmosphere 8.

APPENDIX V

Bottlenecks

Technical a)

- Unexpected technical problems; 1 -
- Project redefined; 2 -
- Accorded Lower priority and resources diverted elsewhere; 3 -
- Some other related project behind schedule; 4 -
- Inadequacy of scientific/technical expertise; 5 -
- Inadequacy of co-operation or indifference from collaborator / sponsor;
- Redundancy; 7 -
- Obsolescence; 8 -
- Deputation or study leave of project leader; 9 -
- Project leader resigned or retired; 10 -
- Other (specify). 11 -

Infrastructural b)

- Inadequacy of space;
- Inadequacy of relevant literature with documentation facilities; 1 -2 -
- Non-availability of equipment; 3 -
- Equipment failure; 4 -
- Non-availability of materials/chemicals;

-

- Inadequacy of supporting technical manpower; 5 -
- 6 -Inadequacy of funds;
- Administrative rules/procedures; 7 -8
- Other (specify). 9 -

APPENDIX VI

Codes for stages of work

Level I

01 - Exploratory studies, 11 - Laboratory experimental work with a view to optimise different parameters, 1? - feasibility of upscaling to level II, 21 - behch scale experimentation at larger scale with a view to optimise different parameters from commercialisation point of view, 22 - feasibility of taking up Filot Flant trails on the basis of techno-economic and market viability, level III, 31 - Pilot Plant trials/proto-types making/batch production, 32 - feasibility report, level IV 41 - User trials/demonstrations, 42 - Commercial production by entrepreneur with technical assistance of the laboratory, 42 - any other (specify).

Grouping of R&D projects and Infrastructure

Different proforma have been designed for R&D projects and infrastructure. For all R&D projects proforma I and statement is to be filled. The infrastructure items have been classified into groups (Group I to IV). For these information particulars very from that of Group I. Extension/Regional Centres etc. form the V group.

Group-I R&D Projects

Separate questionnaire will be filled up for each project. The project may include all or some of the following stages:-

Preliminary study/Feasibility Study, Surveys, Research, Design and Development work, Prototype, Development, testing and field trial/pilot Plant/Batch production activity.

Proforma I and statement 1.

In order to complete the R&D projects in a laboratory a number of co-mmon facilities/suporting facilities/infrastructural facilities are required to be maintained or created. These may be grouped as:-

Group-II

2.1 Library
2.2 Information, Liaison, Publicity, Exhibitions
2.3 Planning, monitoring and evaluation
2.4 Training programmes etc.
2.5 Design and Drawing Office

2.5 Design at 2.6 Workshop

2.7 Testing labs.

2.8 Service & maintenance of Instruments

2.9 Animal House 2.10 Glass blowing 2.11 Others (specify) Proforma II, statement 1&2

Group-III

Civil construction, Electrical Installation and Maintenance pertaining to civil works, Electrical works, sanitary, water supply etc.

Statement 1 and 2.

Group-IV

4.1 Administration, Accounts, Establishment activities like wat. Ward Garden etc.

Statement
1 and 2

- 4.2 Purchase, Stores.
- 4.3 Dispensary, School, Club and other Staff Welfare activities.

Statement 1 and 2.

Group-V

Extension/Regional Centre's etc.

Proforma III statement 1 and 2.

•

PROFORMA - I For all R&D Projects (To be filled in by Project Lead

COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

ANNUAL PLAN 1982-83

PROJECT BUDGET STATEMENT: R.E. 1981-82, B.E. 1982-83 & SIXTH FIVE YEAR PLAN PROJECTION (1980-81 to 1984-85)

PROJECT PARTICULARS

- Name of the Laboratory/Institue 1. Title of the Project 2. 3. Project No. Scientific & Technical objectives 4. of the project Importance of the project 5. 6. Status of Technology " 7. Current status of the project & further work proposed to attain the objectives : 8. Justification for continuing the on going project or taking up the new proposal Name and address of the User if 9. any and the extent they are
- involved or committed. Please indicate nature of commitment also.
- Please outline the work being 10. done by the niversities, other agencies, institutes related to the projects.
- Please list here the ministries/ 11. financial institutions/public sector undertaking/universities/ other organisation with whom you would like to collaborate. Also indicate the nature of collaboration required.

:

- 12. Do you need any major Equipment, if yes please indicate the specifications and the cast along with the justifications.
- Please indicate here construction work to be undertaken Please give with details of work and cost involved. Including the justification.

.

14. Give a BAR chart of the project. (Showing proposed programme of work during July 1980 - March 1982 and programme planned vs. actual progress during July 1980 - June 1981). (Only for Major Projects).

S.No.	Activity Name	1980	1981	1982	1983
		July August Septembe: October November December	January February March April May June July August Septembe October November December	January February March April May June July August September October November	January February March

[Classification of Project[Nature of Project**	IGestation Periodisoclo-economic Aim**
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INew (taken up during 7 !	ĮShort term 🗘 Į
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The state of the front of	s land Long-term basic research:
Ruilding of knowledge	Usage of raw Import India
1 - Initiate work in new 6	material ted genous
I Technique I emerging areas I Development DI To explore alternative	
I Development I - To explore alternative I ways for development of	I Renewable:
i existing products/pro-	Use of Agri- Cultural Products D
I cess	[] v
T- To develop improved	Forest Products Tother (pl.specify)
I techniques of testing I and analysis	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
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Applied Research Aim Emphasis of Applied Resear Product New in India	D Type of Tech- Labour Cap.
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Pilot plant D Process D Improvement of	Almed at:
Quality	Emphasis: Import substition
Raw material	
	0
Turnkey D Utilization of	Need:
byproducts/ residues	- Market for the product exists
Emphasis of survey 5	padurtion of Production
survey and sets	50575
OR Studies - Assessment of reso	ourc - Exploitation of natural
Testing & related - Building of es of the region &	D - Saying of Energy
routine information R&D needs work e.g. Wind System - Assessment of mark	- Generation of Employment
Tunnel/Fatigue - Geological data and market intell	1- through ottilisation of
Testing/Benefi Environmental gence	results
clation	collaboration
(specify) data sation to cater to	o - Development of S&I
- Meteorological the needs of Indu	stry capabilities in strates
data	D areas
-Any other (specify)□	

R Please fill in relevant code from Appendix II

^{**} Please fill in relevant code from Appendix III

^{***} Please fill in relevant code from Appendix IV

⁺ Please fill in the relevant codes from Appendix I

Date of commen	cement	Date	of complet	lon	YASSE		Y	
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1981-82	ratimata,							
5. Revised Esti	mate.							
1981-82								
6.@Budget Estin	ate							
1982-83								
7. @Budget Estin	ato							
1983-84								
8.@Budget Estim 1984-85	ate							
+++ CS	IR Componen	t only.						

- + in this item indicate the month and year, e.g. June 1977 should be filled up as 0677.
- ++ Please see Appendix VI for codes.
- * Please fill in relevant code from Appendix V.
- ** Use 1 GB; 2 EC; 3 Director; 4 Other (specify).
- and Use 1 Utilisation of Results; 2 Funding; 3 Sharing of R&D work; 4 Exchange of Scientists; 5 Utilisation of facilities; 6 - Utilisation of specialised material or techniques developed by other laboratories;
 - 7 Trials and testing; 8 Other (specify).
 - @ Please Indicate the total only.
 - " Please attach the list of equipment, works and services.

Statement |

Deployment of Manpower @ Name of the project/Infrastructure;

S1. I Name I	A					
	Age	Designation)	Degree	slfleld	IArea	IMan-month's
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Arrange the names in order of seniority. Put + against Project Coordinator and ++ against Project Leader/Head of Infrstructure.

* Please give only the total irrespective of the designation.

Man Month involvement in the project may not be given.

Please fill this statement for Infrastructure Group III and IV.

Please give name upto JTA/JSA level only. For other low level mention only the designations, total number and their man-months involvement.

PROFORMA-II (For infrastructure Group-II)

C.S.I.R. ANNUAL PLAN 1981-83
BUDGET STATEMENT R.E. 1981-82 AND B.E. 1982-83

To be filled by Heads of Divisions/ Sections in charge of

2.1 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10	Information, Liaison, Publicity, Exhibitions, Planning Monitoring, Evaluation, etc. Training programme etc. Design and Drawing Office Workshop Testing Laboratories Service & Maintenance of Instruments Animal House Glass blowing Others (specify)	etc.
2.11	Others (specify)	

Infrastructure Particulars

1.	Name of the Laboratory	:		
2.	Title of Infrastructure	:		
3.	Nature of activities	:		
4.	Additional Facilities required	:		
	to be created;	:		
	Give full justification	:		
5.	Major bottlenecks, if any	:		
5.5	(Use codes given in Appendix V		1 1	,
			/	
_				

6. Please fill in statement 1 and 2 also.

Annexure 2.2

PROFORMA-III

(For infrastructure Group V)

C.S.I.R. ANNUAL PLAN 1982-83 BUDGET STATEMENT R.E. 1981-82 and B.E. 1982-83

To be filled up by Scientist-in-charge of Extension Centres, Field Stations, Regional Centres, Zonal Centres, S&M Centres, Polytechnological Clinics, etc.

Particulars

- Name of the Centre a) 2. Location Nature of activities 3. Additional facilities required to be created during 1981-82, 1982-83 and 1983-85 with full justification Achievements 5. during 1980-81 expected during 1981-82 b) Major bottlenecks if any (Use codes given in Appendix V) 6.
 - 7. Please fill in statement 1 and 2 also

Name of the Laboratory

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3

Workste Her-se Equip-

fices ment PS(2) PS(3)

PS(4)

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MATIONALLY IMPORTANT COORDINATED PROJECTS

(To be filled by PME Cell of the Laboratory)

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P3(4)

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The projects for which it is not pessible to estimate these boads of empenditure separately, put them ender infrastructure
 Details of Derha/Services to be provided in the Statement 4

52

+ As per Appendix I.

Annexure 2.

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	+ As per Appendix I. ,																

Annexure 2.2

STATEMENT 3

PROJECTION OF PLAN & NON-PLAN EXPENDITURE OVER THE PLANT PERIOD 1980-81 to 1984-85

(To be filled by PME Cell of the Laboratory)
(Rs. in lakhs)

ead of Expenditure		80-81		s.	E. 1981-8	?	P	roposed .E. 1981-	82	F	roposed 3.E. 1982-8	3	1	urticipate	1		Anticipe 1984-85		Total 1980-85 Plan Mon-Plan Total		1980-85	
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OTAL RECURRING:																						
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Note: Give separately for works and services + As per Appendix I.

CONSOLIDATED INFORMATION ON R&D PROJECTS/SCHEMES/STUDIES

S1.No.	Item	1980-81 Actuals	1981-82 Expected	1982-83 Proposal
	2 · ·	3	4	5
1.	PROJECTS IN HAND (No.)			
1.1	NICP Nationally Important and			
	Coordinated projects			
1.2	RDP			
1.3	Foreign Assisted Projects			
1.5	Sponsored Projects			
1.6	In house projects Consultancy projects			
2.	PROJECTS COMPLETED (No.)			
2.1	Nationally Important & Coordinated			
	projects			
2.2	RDP			
2.3	Foreign Assisted			
2.4	Sponsored Projects			
2.5	Inhouse Projects			
2.6	Consultancy projects PROJECTS TERMINATED (No.)	ì		
3.	PROJECTS TERMINATED (No.)			
3.1	Nationally Important & Coordinated			
	projects	1		
3.2	RDP			
3.3	Foreign Assisted			1
3.4	Sponsored Projects			
3.5	Inhouse Projects Consultancy projects	1		
3.6 4.	PRODUCTS/PROCESSES (No.)			
4.1	Developed			
4.2	Licensed to Industry Went into production			
4.3	In continuous production			
4.4	Estimated value of Production		1	
4.5	(Rs. in lakhs) of 4.4			
5.	EARNINGS FROM (Rs. in lakhs)			
	Sponsored Projects			
5.1	Consultancy			
5.2	Royalty			
5,3	Premia		1	
5.4	Analytical Testing			
5.5	Pilot Plant Products			
5.6 5.7	Sale of Lab. Products			
6.	PUPLICATIONS (NUMPER)			
о.				
6.1	Papers			
6.2	Technical Reports			
6.3	Pooks Journals			
6.4				
7.	PATENTS			
7.1	Filed			1 1
7.2	Sealed			
1.2		1		

LISTS

Following Lists may kindly be enclosed in the form of an Appendix

- I. PRODUCTSLAND PROCESSES DEVELOPED DURING 1980-81 (Titles, Current Status).
- II. IN HOUSE-PROJECTS COMPLETED/DROPPED DURING 1980-81 (Titles)
- III. SPONSORED PROJECTS COMPLETED IN 1980-81 (Give title, sponsor, amount paid by sponsor)
- IV. SPONSORED PROJECTS IN HAND IN 1981-82 (Give title, sponsor, Total Financial Commitment of sponsor, Amount paid and to be paid in 1981-82).
- V. PRODUCTS/PROCESSES REPORTED TO HAVE GONE IN TO PRODUCTION FOR THE FIRST TIME IN 1980-81 (Titles)
- VI. PRODUCTS/PROCESSES RELASED TO INDUSTRY FOR COMMER-CIAL EXPLOTATION DURING 1980-81. (Titles)
- VII. CONSULTANCY SERVICES COMPLETED DURING 1980-81 (Title, consultee, Total Consultancy fee paid by Consultee).
- VIII. CONSULTANCY PROPOSALS IN HAND DURING 1981-82. (Give title, consultee total financial commitment, Amount paid and to be paid in 1981-82.
- IX. VALUE OF PRODUCTION DURING 1980-81 AS A RESULT OF EXPLOITATION OF PRODUCTS AND PROCESSES DEVELOPED BY THE LAPORATORY. (Titles product/process, value of production dufing 1980-81).

NOTE:	Financial amounts to be given as Rs.	Lakhs
	e.g. Rs. 4.509 Lakhs.	

Annexure 2.3 Sample Questionnaire used during the Seventh Five Year (1985-90) Plan (FOR ONGOING PROJECTS STARTED IN SIXTH PLAN OR BEFORE AND TO BE CONTINUED IN 1987-88 AND BEYOND AND ALSO FOR NEW PROJECTS PROPOSED TO BE STARTED DURING 1985-86 AND/OR THEREAFTER DURING THE SEVENTH PLAN PERIOD)

COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ANNUAL PLAN 1987-88

PROJECT BUDGET R.E. 1986-87 AND B.E. 1987-88 & SEVENTH FIVE YEAR PLAN PROJECTION (1985-86 TO 1989-90)

Title of the Project Project No 7 Area of R & D (Fill in code as per APPENDIX-1) Indicate whether the project is ONGOING or NEW Indicate whether a comprehensive Project Report is Yes / No available Scientific & Technical objectives of the project A. Targets Expected Results Indicate progress status of the project at the 7.1 end of March 1986 Progress expected during 1986-87 7 2 Proposed work for 1987-88 7.3 Yes/No Whether the project is on schedule 8 1 If no, give new schedule and expected date of completion. Also indicate reasons for change (Please see Appendix III for codes) If there is delay in the completion of the project and any change in the objective & programme please indicate whether approval obtained of: Yes/No 1. RAC Yes/No 2 EC. Yes/No 3. Collaborator/user (a) Has the Project been approved by RAC , and endorsed by EC. A / B / C (b) Indicate the Priority assigned by RAC (c) Any other Comments of RAC Justification for taking up the Mew proposal 11. Do you need any major equipment if yes, please indicate the specification and the cost along

with the justifications.

R NOTE: Maximum field for Project number 15 Eight(8) characters.
Also kindly see Item 2 of General Instructions in page 3

[@] NOTE: The project report referred is cumulative since the inception of the project till todate.

- 13. Please list here the ministries/financial institutions/public sector undertaking/universities/other organisation with whom you would like to collaborate. Also indicate the nature of collaboration required.
- Name and address of the user, if any and please indicate nature of the commitment.
- 15. Details of activity Milestones

Activitiy 1986-87	Milestones : 1987-88	
86 D86 M87	J87 S87 S87 M88	Emplanatory Notes
3 4 5	6 7 8 9	3 (Sept 86)
If no milest quarter fill	one is entered for any in , Maintain the same	4 (Dec. 86)
number as it quarter.	is given here for each	5 (Mar 87)
•		6 (June 87)
		7 (Sept. 87)
		8 (Dec 87)
		9 (Har 88)

Enample

- Development of improved formula with addition of friction modifiers and fr tion dust.
- Fabrication and characterisation of of break lining materials.
- 8. Development of heat resistant adhesive.

NOTE

The Nos. 3,4,5,6,7,8,9 are fixed and related to particular quarter -ending They are not to be changed.

eg: For activities ending in September 1987 the corresponding Col No. can and should be 7 only.

-

TIMEFRAME, LINKAGES, BUDGET BY SOURCE

```
Date of Commencement Date of completion Approved by sa Stages of worker (at what stage the project
Planned 0 Actual Reasons At the time Now Reasons 1985-84 date for delay of approval for delay # 1987-88
Emphasis of the project. [ Tick (v) whichever is applicable for the project ]
i) Of High Plan Priority,
ii) Of Direct Relevance to Socio-
Economic Development,
of High Technology,

iv) Application of Available Scientific Knoweldge,
w) Relevance to Industry;
vi) Sociatal Mission,
viii) Modelling applications,
viii) Specialized Information / data bases
is) Basic sciences.
Linkage of the Project

Name of the Agency/ Nature of -Sponsored
Laboratory.

Linkages***
-Consultancy
                                                                            Nature of Assistance
                                                                              Equipment & Machinery
                                                                                                           Foreign En
                                                                              Materials
                                                                                                           Fellowships
                                         -Supported
                                                                              Visit Abroad
                                                                                                          Training
                                         -Turnkey
                                         FINANCIAL COMMITMENT OF THE OTHER ORGANISATIONS/AGENCIES
                                                                                                        (Rupees in laths)
SI Name of the Agency Total commitment Funds Received Funds Promised Funds Received Funds Expected till March 1986 during the Year so for during during the year
                                                                     during the Year so for during during the year 1986-87 1987-88
                                                               FINANCIAL STATEMENT
     ESTIMATES Salaries 6 Chemicals 6 Works 6 Services Equipment Others Total Allowances Apparatus P5(1)+P5(2) P5(3) P1+P2+P3
   1 2 3 4 5 4 7
1 Expected total cost at
    the time of commencement
   Expenditure incurred so
    far (31.3 86)
    Sanctioned Estimate 1986-87
    Revised Estimate 1986-87
    Budget Estimate 1987-88
    Budget Estimates 1987-88
    Budget Estimates 1988-89
   Budget Estimates 1989-90
600 CSIR Component only. Information of Items 1,2 and 3 are essential
   In this item indicate the month and year, e.g. June 1977 should be filled up as 0677
   Please see Appendix IV for codes
   Please fill in relevant code from Appendix III
use 1-GB; 2-EC, 3-Director, 4-Other (specify)

*** Use 1 - Utilisation of Results, 2 - Funding; 3 - Sharing of R&D work, 4 - Eschange of Scientist,
5 - Utilisation of facilities 6 - Utilisation of specialsed material or techniques developed by other laboratories;
7 - Trials and testing, 8 - Other (specify)
```

1

Name.			n	200200	
N 3 E A	\circ	1 11 6	P T O	180	

		redeployed. If so,give project no.& manmonths.(888)		Proj 1987- 87						
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

Arrange the names in order of seniority.Put(+) against Project Coordinator and (++) against Project Leader/Head of infrastructure
Please give name upto JTA/JSA level only. For other low level mention only the designations, total number and their man-months involvement. Include also Research Fellows, Visiting Scientists, Emeritus Scientists.

5 M Sc. (Physics), PH D (Bio-Chemistry) Etc.
88 Pic) No. (Man-month) e g Bio12(7); B&AN23(9),

PROFORMA IB (For R&D projects completed / to be completed in 1986-87 For R&D projects dropped / to be dropped (NOTE: For Projects started from April 1986 and after, and empected to be completed/ dropped before 31 March 1987 use Proforma IA only and NOT Proforma IB; However, for such projects ,kindly provide information for Item No:6 or 7 of 1. Title of the Project Project No. (Kindly see item 2 of general instruction in page 3.) : 2 . Area of R & D (Please fill in the code from APPENDIX- I) Indicate whether the Project is COMPLETED or DROPPED 4. Duration Date of Start Date of Completion/Termination Estimate of total cost up to the completion / termination of the project Brief report of the results achieved and its scientific, technical & economic significance as reported in RAC / Annual Report. (for completed projects) Reasons for dropping the project if any, and indicate whether any of the findings could be utilised as reported in RAC (for dropped projects) 8. Observation of EC, RAC, CC, on this project. 9. Redeployment details of released manpower: Degree with Area of Project to which field of Experience Deployed/proposed Age as on 1.7.1986 Designation SI. Name to be redployed (Give Project No. specilisation along-with man-months) 00 5 6 4 3 1.

(8) M.Sc.Physics; Ph.D. (Bio-Chemistry) etc. (88) Proj.NO.(Man-months) e.g. bio12(8)

10. Financial Statement

till the completion/Termination

(Rupees in lakhs)

PROFORMA II (For infrastructure Group II)

C S I R ANNUAL PLAN 1987-88 BUDGET STATEMENT R.E. 1986-87 & B.E. 1987-88 SEVENTH PLAN PROJECTION 1985-86 to 1989-90

(To be filled by Heads of Divisions/Sections in charge of)

- 2.01 Library
- 2.02 Information, Lisison, Publicity, Exhibition, etc.
- 2.03 Planning, Monitoring, Evaluation, etc.
- 2.04 Training Programme etc.
- 2.05 Design and Drawing Office
- 2.06 Workshop
- 2.07 Testing Laboratories
- 2.08 Service & Maintenance of Instruments
- 2 09 Animal House
- 2.10 Glass blowing
- 2.11 Others (specify)

Intrastructure Particulars

- 1. Title of Infrastructure
- 2. Infrastructre Number:
- 3. Nature of activity
- Additional Facilities required to be created Give full justification
- Major bottlenecks, if any (Use codes given in Appendix III)
- Please fill in Financial and Manpower statements.

#NOTE: Masimum field for Infrastructural number is Eight (8) characters.
Also kindly see Item 2 of General Instruction in Page 2.

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re
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*	Age as on 1.7.1986		8	pecialisation	in the Project. 1986-1987- 87 88	redeployed. If so, give project no. & manmonths. (600)
1	3			8	6 7 8	9 10
isting						
ee Proj.No.	volvement. sics); ph.D (Man-month).	u.y. Dis			additional Manpower.	the met by internal
		In!ormatio	n on th	requirement of		the sentrement be met by internal
Additional	during Des	In!ormation	n en th	Field/Area Specialisation	Manmonths involvement	If the requirement by and redeployment, indicate from which project/infra.no.(Manmonth)
Additional the Year	during Des	In!ormation	Number	Field/Area Specialisation	Manmonths involvement	If the requirement by a community redeployment, indicate from which project/infra.no.(Manmonth)
Additional the Year	during Des	In!ormation	Number	Field/Area Specialisation	Manmonths involvement	If the requirement by a community redeployment, indicate from which project/infra.no.(Manmonth)
the Year	during Des	In!ormation	Number	Field/Area Specialisation	Manmonths involvement	If the requirement by a community redeployment, indicate from which project/infra.no.(Manmonth)
the Year	during Des	In!ormation	Number	Field/Area Specialisation	Manmonths involvement	If the requirement by a community redeployment, indicate from which project/infra.no.(Manmonth)

- Revised Estimate 1986-87
- 4 Budget Estimate 1987-88
- 5. Budget Estimate 1988-89
- 6. Budget Estimate 1989-90
- 5 Please attach the list of Equipment/works/services also
- * CBIR component only.

(For infrastructure Group V)

C S I R ANNUAL PLAN 1987-88

BUDGET STATEMENT R.E. 1986-87 AND BE 1987-88 &

SEVENTH PLAN PROJECTION 1985-86 to 1989-90

To be filled up by Scientist-in-charge of Extension Centres, Field Station, Regional Centre, Zonal Centres, S&M Centres, Polytechnological Clinics, etc.

Particulars

- 1. Name of the Laboratory
- 2. a) Name of the Centre
 - b) Location
- 3. Nature of activities
- 4. Additional facilities being created during 1986-87, and to be created during 1987-88 with full justification
- 5. Achievements
 - a) during 1985-86
 - b) Expected during 1986-87
- Major bottlenecks if any (Use codes given in Appendix III)
- Please fill in Financial and manpower statement also.

68

MANPOWER STATEMENT (Deployment of Emisting Manpower) 0

Name of the extension/regional centre: Age as on Designation Degrees with Area of Manmonths From which 1.7.1986 Field of S Experience involvement completed. Expected date of S. No Name release from this Specialisation dropped Proj. project/infra in the Project. redeployed. If so, give 1986- 1987- project no 6 87 88 manmonths (006) 5 7 8 10 4 1 2 Existing -----O Arrange the names in order of seniority Put(+) against Project Coordinator and (++) against Project Leader/Head of infrastructure Please give name upto JTA/JSA level only. For other low level mention only the designations, total number and their man-month involvement Include also Research Fellows, Visiting Scientists, Emeritus Scientists s M Sc (Physics), Ph D (Bio-chemistry) etc 00 Pro; No (Man-month) e g Bio12(7), B&AN23(9), Information on the requirement of additional Manpower. Additional during Designation Number Field/Area Hanmonths involvement If the requirement be met by internal redeployment, indicate from which Specialisation the Year project/infra no (Manmonth) 5 1 2 3 4 0 1986-87 -----1987-88 1988-89.1989-90

Annexure 2.

FOR EACH ITEM COVERED UNDER INFRASTRUCTURE GROUP III & GROUP IV (Please refer APPENDIX V) KINDLY FILL IN MANPOWER AND FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS.

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EX3	
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		E I HAMO A	AL STATEMENT	(Puna	s in lakhs)	
m (e of the Infrastructure:			(Kupee		
_		Salaries & Allowances P1+P2+P3	Chemicals & Apparatus P7	Works & Services P5(1)+P5(2) \$	Equipment P5(3)	Others Total
-	Expenditure incurred during 1985-86		,			
	Sanctioned Estimate 1986-87					
	Revised Estimate 1986-87					
	Budget Estimate 1987-88					
	Budget Estimate 1988-89					
	Budget Estimate 1989-90					•
,	Please attach the list o	f Equipment/wo	rks/services at	50		
×	CSIR component only.					

Annexure 2.4 Sample Questionnaire used during the Eighth Five Year (1992-97) Plan

Annexure 2.4

PROJECT PROFORMA FOR THE CONTINUING AND NEW PROJECTS FOR EIGHTH FIVE YEAR PLAN (1992-97) and ANNUAL PLAN 1992-93

- 1. TITLE OF THE PROJECT:
- 1.1 WHETHER MAJOR/MINOR:
- 1.2 PROJECT NO :
- 2. CLASSIFICATION
 - (i) R&D AREA (AS PER ANNEXURE I) Please indicate Code No. :
 - (ii) CATEGORY (AS PER ANNEXURE II) Please indicate Code No. :
- (iii) EMPHASIS (AS PER ANNEXURE -III) Please indicate Code No. :
- (iv) IMPACT (AS PER ANNEXURE IV) Please indicate Code No. :
- 3. BRIEF OBJECTIVE :
- 4. TARGETS-PROPOSED TO BE ACHIEVED DURING 8TH PLAN(1992-97):
- 5. DATE OF START :
- 6. TYPE OF PROJECT: CONTINUING (Projects started before 1.4.92)
 NEW (to start on or after 1.4.92)
- 7. STATUS OF R&D WORK DONE
 - 7.1 STATUS OF R&D WORK TILL 31ST MARCH 1991: (IN CASE OF CONTINUING PROJECTS)
 - 7.2 STATUS OF R&D WORK EXPECTED TILL 31ST MARCH 1992: (IN CASE OF CONTINUING PROJECTS)
 - 7.3 STATE OF ART (IN CASE OF NEW PROJECTS):

- 9. LINKAGES OF THE PROJECT
 - 9.1 WITH OTHER PROGRAMMES
 - a) Established:
 - b) Planned:
 - 9.2 WITH OTHER ORGANISATIONS
 - a) Established
 - b) Planned
- 10. YEARLY MILESTONES DURING THE 8TH FIVE YEAR PLAN(1992-97):
- 11. QUARTERLY MILESTONES FOR THE YEAR 1992-93 :
- 12. EXPECTED OUTPUTS
 - (i) DURING 1992-93:
 - (ii) DURING 1992-97:
- 13. WHETHER ALREADY APPROVED BY (i)TAB YES/NO (Tick whichever (ii)RC YES/NO is applicable)

14.1 Estimated Cost of Existing manpower, consumables and facilities

Sr. No.		AN(P) PLAN(NP)	upto 31.3.92	1992-93	93-94	94-95	95-96	96-97	Total (92-97)	Beyond 1997	Grand Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1Ø	11	12
1.	MANPOWER P1,P2,P3	P NP									
2.	EQUIPMENT P5 (3)	P NP							:		
3.	APPARATUS/CONSUMABLES P7	P NP									
4.	WORKS & SERVICES P5(1),(2)	P NP									
5.	OTHERS	P NP									
6.	TOTAL	P NP									

Sr. No.	Head	PLAN (P)	UPTO 31.3.92		93-94	94-95	95-96	96-97	Total (92-97)	Beyond 1997	Grand Total
1	2	3	4	5 	6	7	8	9	1Ø	11	12
1.	MANPOWER P1,P2,P3	P								,	
2.	EQUIPMENT P5(3)	P									
3.	APPARATUS/CONSUMABLES P7	P									
4.	WORKS & SERVICES P5(1),(2)	P						,			
5.	OTHERS	P									
6.	TOTAL	P									

r.	Head P	LAN(P) PLAN(NP)	upto 31.3.199	1992-93	93-94	94-95	95-96	96-97	Total (92-97)	Beyond 1997	Grand Total
 1	2	3 	4	5	6	7	8	9	1Ø	11	12
L .	MANPOWER P1,P2,P3	P NP									
2.	EQUIPMENT P5(3)	P NP								4	
3.	APPARATUS/CONSUMABLE	5 P NP									
4.	WORKS & SERVICES P5(1),(2)	P NP				,					
5.	OTHERS	P NP									
6.	TOTAL	P NP									

14.4	BUDGET REQUIRED	WITH REFERENCE	то	TOTA	L PRO	JECT	COST	· v	ide p	para	14	. 3					- -			
	Head	PLAN(P) NON-PLAN(NP)	199	1-92	1992	-93	93-8	94	94-9	95	95-9	96	96-	97	Tot.	al 97)	Beyo 1997	ond 7	Gran Tota	
No.	,	NON-FLAN(NI)	C	E	C	E	C	E	C.	E	C	E	C	E		E		E	C	E
			C-	CSIR	COME	ONEN	T; E-	- C	OMPO	NET	EXT	ERNA	AL T	O C:	SIR;					
1	2	3	4	5 	6 	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 	16 	17	18	19	2Ø	21
1.	MANPOWER P1P2,P3	P NP																		
2.	EQUIPMENT P5(3)	P NP																		
З.	APPARATUS/CONSUMA P7	ABLES P NP										,								
4.	WORKS & SERVICES P5(1),(2)	· P NP											9							
5.	OTHERS	P NP																	- -	
6.	TOTAL	P NP																		

SOURCE	ACTU 1985-9Ø	JALS 1990-91	B.E 1 1991-92	1992-	PROJECTEI -93 93-94	94-95	ATES 95-96	96-97		Beyond 97 if applica ble	GRANI
 1	2	3	4	5	6	7 	8	9	1Ø 	11	12
15.1 CSIR FUN	NDING *										
(IF APP	FOR OGRAMMES										
a)GRANT/AID/ FROM INTER AGENCIES (i) ii) iii)	LOAN	UNESCO	etc)								
a)GRANT/AID/ FROM INTER AGENCIES (i) ii) iii) iii) covt AGE	LOAN RNATIONAL REG UNDP,		etc)		,		•				

Annexure

2.4

```
SPECIAL EQUIPMENTS REQUIREMENTS (COSTING MORE THAN RS. FIVE LAKH EACH ) DURING 1992-97
16.
      in ref: to projections at para 14.3)
      (LIST OUT EXISTING EQUIPMENTS and PROPOSED NEW AQUISITIONS SEPARATELY)
      (LIST IN ORDER OF PRIORITY)
      S.NO
                NAME OF THE TOTAL EXPECTED IMPORT TENTATIVE YEAR
                                                                       SOURCE OF FUNDING **
                EQUIPMENT
                             COST
                                            CONTENT OF PROCUREMENT
                                                                       FOR PROCUREMNET
       EXISTING
      2.
       NEW AQUISITIONS PROPOSED
       1.
       2.
            FROM .CSIR BUDGET PROVIDED TO THE LAB;
        **
                  .TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FROM UNDP, UNESCO, ....etc;
                  .GRANT FROM DST, DBT, DOD, DNES, DOEF, ... etc:
                  .INDUSTRY and OTHER SOURCES:
```

LISTS AND TABLES

THE FOLLOWING CONSOLIDATED INFORMATION, LISTS and TABLES MAY KINDLY BE PROVIDED FOR THE LABORATORY AS A WHOLE IN THE FORM OF APPENDIX.

LISTS

- I. a) LIST OF PROJECTS COMPLETED/DROPPED DURING 1990-91
 - b) LIST OF PROJECTS TO BE COMPLETED/DROPPED DURING 1991-92
- II. a) LIST OF TECHNOLOGIES READY FOR EXPLOITATION BY 31.3.92 INDICATING THE FOLLOWING:
 - 1) POTENTIAL FOR EMPLOYMENT GENERATION NUMBERS
 - 2) POTENTIAL FOR EXPORT PROMOTION FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS (AMOUNT)
 - 3) POTENTIAL FOR IMPORT SUBSTITUTION- FOREIGN EXCHANGE SAVINGS (AMOUNT)
 - b) LIST OF TECHNOLOGIES EXPECTED TO BE DELIVERED DURING 1992-97, INDICATING PROBABLE YEAR OF RELEASE, INDICATING THE FOLLOWING:
 - 1) POTENTIAL FOR EMPLOYMENT GENERATION NUMBERS
 - 2) POTENTIAL FOR EXPORT PROMOTION FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS (AMOUNT)
 - 3) POTENTIAL FOR IMPORT SUBSTITUTION- FOREIGN EXCHANGE SAVINGS (AMOUNT)

P

TABLE - 1

ΓTS	of ITEMS FOR							
a)	UPGRADATION	OF	THE	EXIST	ING	FACILIT	ry Y	
b)	REPLACEMENT	OF	OBS	DLETE	EQUI	PMENT/N	MACHINERY	7
c)	MODERNISATIO	N						

S.NO	NAME OF THE FACILITY/ EQUIPMENT	ESTIMATED COST (RS. LAKH)	PROPOSED YEAR OF PURCHASE	REMARKS: U - for R - for M - for	INDICATE UPGRADATION REPLACEMNT MODERNIZATION
1	2	3	4	5	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.					

TABLE - 2

SOURCES OF FUNDING:

8) CONSOLI	DATEI	PROJECT-WIS	SE LISTING	FOR 18	992-9:	3.							
S.NO;	TITLE OF PROJECT		TOTAL COST; OF THE ;										(RS.	LAKH
1	F NOJEC I	;	PROJECT (RS. LAKH);	IN 1992-93	CSIR	! IN	rernation	NAL	GOY	T. ; (OTHERS	; T	OTAL	
			3											
1. 2.														:
	b) CONSOL	IDATE	D PROJECT WI	SE LISTING	FOR 19	992-9	7							
S.NO	TITLE OF PROJECT	1	TOTAL COST; OF THE ; PROJECT ; (RS. LAKH);	REQUIRED FOR 1992-97	CSIR	! IN'	rernation	NAL	GOV	T. ; (THERS	 ; T		LAKH;
1	2		3	4	5		6		7		8		9	
1. 2. G. TO													. 	

TABLE - 3

		FOR EXPECTED SE FROM 1991-				URCES	OTHER	THAN
	SOURCE	TO:					96-97 :	
	1	2		4	5	6	7	8
a)	COMPLEMENTARY INTERNATIONAL	FUNDING FRO						
Ъ)	COMPLEMENTARY GOVT. AGENCIE		M					
c)	SPONSORED							_
	(i) GOVT.							
		SECTOR (INGS(PSU)/ OUS BODIES						
	(iii) PRIVATE	INDUSTRY/INI	AUDIVIO	LS				
d)	CONSULTANCY							
	(i) GOVT.							
		SECTOR KINGS(PSU)/ OUS BODIES						
	(iii) PRIVATE	INDUSTRY/INI	DIVIDUA	LS			(Continued)

	SOUR		TOT					96-97	
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
e)	ANALYT	ICAL TESTI	NG						
	(i)	GOVT.							
	(ii)	PUBLIC SEC UNDERTAKIN AUTONOMOUS	GS(PSU)/						
	(iii)	PRIVATE IN	DUSTRY/IND	IVIDUA	LS			-	
f)	OTHER	SERVICES							
	(i)	GOVT.							
	(ii)	PUBLIC SEC UNDERTAKIN AUTONOMOUS	NGS(PSU)/						
	(iii)	PRIVATE I	NDUSTRY/INI	IVIDUA	ALS				
g)	ROYAL	TY/PREMIA							
	(i)	GOVT.							
	(11)	PUBLIC SE UNDERTAKI AUTONOMOU	NGS(PSU)/						
	(111)	PRIVATE I	NDUSTRY/INI	OIVIDU	ALS				
	,	Control Contro	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR						

(Continued)

			TABLE	_	4	
MANPOWER	STATUS	&	PROJECTION	of	ADDITIONAL	REQUIREMENTS

GRADE	Sanctioned Ceiling	Existing AS ON	Addi Requ			Minimum Additional Projection					ons.
	Strength	31.3.91	Plan	ned of -92 w ceili Amou (P1,	during within ing	Plan Nos.	(1992 Amou (P1)		During Annual Plan 1992-93 Nos. Amount (P1,P2,P3) (Fs. lakh)		
1	2	3	4	5		6	7		8	9	

1. Group 1V Scientists

Director*

G

EII

ΕI

C В

(* Including Director Grade Scientists)

2. Group III Scientists

E1

C1

B1

A1

SSA/STA

JSA/JTA

Continued...)

GRADE	Sanctioned Ceiling	Existing AS ON	Additional Requirement	Minimum Additi	onal Projections
		Strength 31.3.91		During Eighth Plan(1992-97) Nos. Amount	During Annual Plan 1992-93 Nos. Amount (P1,P2,P3)
1	2	3		6 7	8 9
3. Group II					
4. Group I					
5. GROUP ▼				,	
6. Administrative					
7. Non-Technical (Class	IV)				
Total					

TABLE - 5.1 PROPOSED DEPLOYMENT OF (PLAN + NON-PLAN) RESOURCES FOR 1992-93 (CSIR COMPONENT ONLY)

TEM			1992-93	(Rs. in La	akh)	
		QUIPMENT P5(3)	APPARATUS & CONSUMEBLES	WORKS & SERVICES P5(1) P5(2)	OTHERS	TOTAL
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
1. ALL R & D PROGRAMMES						
2. ALL INFRASTRUCTUE AND SUPPORTING ACTIVITIES	RE .			_		
3. PILOT PLANT						

TABLE - 5.2 PROPOSED DEPLOYMENT OF (PLAN + NON-PLAN) RESOURCES FOR 1992-97 (CSIR COMPONENT ONLY)

TEM		*	1992-97	(Rs. i	n Lakh)	
	MANPOWER	EQUIPMENT	APPARATUS & CONSUMEBLES		OTHERS	TOTAL
	(P1,P2,P3)	P5(3)	P7	P5(1),P5(2)		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. ALL R & D PROGRAMMES 2. ALL INFRASTRUCTUR AND SUPPORTING ACTIVITIES	RE				_	
3. PILOT PLANT						
4. EXTENSION/ REGIONAL CENTRES						

			•	TABLE - 6					
RINGET	ESTIMATES	(PLAN	AND	NON-PLAN)	FOR	EIGHTH	PLAN	(1992 - 8)	17)
DODGE	Воттами	(CS	SIR	COMPONENT	ONLY)			
								/ RS	IN

1	RS.	IN	1.	AK	H	
(No.	TIA	L	7117	11	

								• school-us etc.			
BUDGET HEAD		ACTUALS 1985-90	ACTUALS 1990-91	S.E. 91-92	R.E 91-92	PRO 92-93	JECTED 93-94	BUDGET 94-95	' ESTI	MATES 96-97	TOTAL 1992-97
 1 		2	3	4 	5	6	7	8	9	1Ø	11
I. RECURRING											
SALARIES (P1,P2,P3)	P NP										
CONTINGENCIES (P4)	P NP										
MAINTENANCE (P6)	P NP					-					
CHEMICALS & APPARATU (P7) *	S P NP										
TOTAL RECURRING (I)	P NP										
								(Co	ntinue	ed)	

								(RS.	IN LA	KH)	
UDGET HEAD		ACTUALS 1985-9Ø	1990-91	91-92	R.E 91-92	PRO- 92-93	JECTED 93-94	BUDGET 94-95	r esti 95-96	MATES 96-97	TOTAL 1992-97
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
II.CAPITAL											
WORKS (P5(1))	P										
SERVICES (P5(2))	P										
EQUIPMENT (P5(3))*	P										
LIBRARY BOOKS (P5(4))*P NP										
FURNITURE, VEHICLES MISC. ETC, *	NP .							_			
TOTAL CAPITAL (II)											
TOTAL RECURRING & CAPITAL (I+II)	NP										
STAFF QUARTERS (Q)											

NOTE: FOREIGN EXCHANGE COMPONENT INCLUDED ABOVE IN P7, P5(3),P5(4) BOOKS and OTHER ITEMS MAY BE INDICATED IN BRACKETS.

CHAPTER-3: ANALYSIS OF EXISTING INFORMATION SYSTEM: DATA ANALYSIS AND INFORMATION GENERATION

3.1 INTRODUCTION

The analysis of data received from the laboratories to serve as the background information for the decision making will be discussed in this chapter. This would give a better understanding of the existing system of information generation. This would also enable one to appreciate the problems in built in the existing system for the generation of appropriate information at various stages at the Agency level.

The data received from the laboratories serve as an input for the CSIR HQ. system and these data are processed to generate the required outputs for the Management as depicted in Fig. 3.1.

Fig. 3.1 Other Input Sources of (Lab Data) Information Data Management at CSIR HQ Output Management Information Research Output Mandatory Annual Plans analysis Reports: Five Year a-scientific Annual,= plans, analysis of Monthly, & Laboratory research Ouarterly Profile papers Milestones Area Reports b-Technicals-Reports Project Technologies; Profile Patents etc. c-Servicescashflow EBR d-Honours/ Awards

The trend analysis to project the budgetary and manpower needs is also made using the data available from the laboratories.

The data are of different types . e.g. Numerical data, Textual data and Alphanumerical data.

The Numerical Data involves budget, project cost, manpower. The Textual/ Alpha Numerical data are available for Plans, Reports, Achievements, Research Publications, Parliament Questions, Annual Plans, Five year Plans, Manpower profiles and Project databases.

3.2 FIVE YEAR PLANS/ANNUAL PLANS:

As discussed in Chapter 2, most of the laboratories send their plans in the prescribed proforma to the CSIR HQ. The system prevalent requires formulation of the Five Year Plans first and then formulation of annual plans within the five year plans. The plan proforma designed takes into account this requirement and the laboratory annual plans project targets and requirements for the entire plan period indicating break-ups for every year.

CSIR HQ. analyses the laboratory plan documents and prepares CSIR plan by integrating the plans of the laboratories. Between 1977 and 1980, CSIR plan document presented the plans in the following format.

- a) Plans of All India Coordinated Projects, Project-wise information.
- b) Plans of Rural Development Projects, Project-wise Information
- c) Plans of Laboratories other than (a) & (b), laboratory wise.
- d) Special Infrastructure Requirements.

Starting from the Sixth Five Year Plan, CSIR is following an area approach instead of laboratory approach in presenting its plan to the Planning Commission. These plans enable Planning Commission to arrive at plan allocations for CSIR both for five year and annual plans.

The Plan document received from a laboratory is a source document for meeting any information requirements at the Headquarters. Further, the laboratory profile is also generated from this source. This profile serves as the background information for the Annual Plan discussions with the concerned laboratory.

3.3 LABORATORY PROFILES

The basis for these profiles was the annual plan documents and conventional budget documents received from the laboratories. The PME cells in the laboratories are responsible for the preparation of the plan document while the finance office has the responsibility of formulating the conventional budget document.

The analysis of the plan documents and the subsequent generation of laboratory profiles had gone through several phases during various time intervals viz. 1977-80; 1980-85; 1985-87, 1987-92 and eighth Plan (i.e. after 1992)

1977-80 These were the initial years when the system of annual plan proforma/ Annual Plan document was started systematically.

CSIR had no inhouse computer and depended mainly on the computing resources of Delhi University for the purpose of the analysis in the formats given in Tables 3.1-3.19.

LABORATORY PROFILE

Name of Lab: Table 3.1: Details of Projects in Progress proposed to be taken up

Sl. No.	Title		Time S _I	oan	Budge lal	et (Rs. kh)	Area of	Nature of
	i ë	Start Expected date of Comp.		d New date of Comp.	R.E.	B.E.	R & D (Code)	Linkag es (Code)
	<u>AICP</u>							
	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	<u>RDP</u>							
	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	MAJOR							
	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	<u>Infra-</u> structure							
	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	Extension					-		
	1.					-		
	2.							
	3.					-		
	4.					<u></u>		

Table 3.2: Status of R&D Projects - Commencement and Completion

SI. No.	Category	No. of Projects	No. of Projects expected to be completed in the year			
			80-81	81-82	82-83	After Man 1983
1.						
Cont	inuing Major					
	Minor					
2.	New					
	Major Minor					
	Willion					
3.	Total					
	Major Minor					
	MIIIOI					

Table 3.3 Classification of R&D Projects - Nature and Budget

S. No	Category	No. of Projects	Budget (Rs. in lakh		Man Months
1.	AICP		RE 1980	SE 1981-82	
2.	RDP				
3.	Major				
4.	Minor				
	Total				

Table 3.4 Classification of R&D Projects Socio-Economic Aim and Budget

S. No	Category	No. of Projects	Budget (Rs. in Lakh)	
			RE 1980-81	BE 1981-82
1.	Development of a griculture Forecasting and Fishing			
2.	Promotion of Industrial development			
3.	Promotion of R u r a l Development			
4.	Production, conservation and distribution of energy			
5.	Development of Transport and communication, Telecommunic ation.			
6.	Development of Health Services			
7.	Development of Education			
8.	Exploration, Assessment and Protection of Earth, the sea, t h e Atmosphere.			

Table 3.5: Field of R&D-Wise and Infrastructure-wise Deployment of Resources

S. No	Category	Nature of Projects	No. of Projects	Budget (Rs. in Lakh)	
				RE 1980-81	SE 1991-82
A.	Field of R&D				
1.	,	Major			
C	Chemistry	Minor			
2.	Food Technology				
	etc.				
	Total				
В.	Infrastructur e				
	Total				
	Grand Total				

MAP, NICTP/AICP, RDP Clubbed under Major

Table 3.6 Type-wise Distribution of R&D Projects

S. No	Category	No. of Budget (Rs. in L		Lakh)
			RE 1980-81	SE 1981-82
1.	Basic Research			
2.	Applied Research			
3.	Survey & Data Collection			
4.	Testing and related routine work			

Table 3.7: Aim-wise Distribution of R&D projects

S.No	Category	No. of Projects
1.	Capability Building	
2.	Technique Development	
3.	Development	
4.	Design Engineering	
5.	Pilot Plant	
6.	Statistical and O.R. Studies	
7.	Building of Information on Geological Data	
8.	Building of Information on Oceanographical Data	
9.	Building of Information on Meteorological Data	
10.	Building of Information on Pollution Data	

Table 3.8: Emphasis-wise Distribution of R&D Projects

S.No	Category	No. of Projects
1.	To enhance frontiers of knowledge	
2.	To initiate work in new and emerging areas	
3.	To explore alternative ways for development of Existing products/Processes	
4.	To develop improved techniques of testing and analysis	
5.	New in India	
6.	Product/Process efficiency	
7.	Improvement in Quality	
8.	Raw material Development	
9.	Utilization of byproducts/residues	
10.	Assessment of resources of region and R&D needs	
11.	Assessment of Market and Market Intelligence	
12.	Location of Skills	
13.	Information Organization to cater to the needs of Industry and Research	

Table 3.9: Type of Linkage of R&D Projects

S. No	Category	No. of Projects
1.	Sponsored/Indian Supported	
2.	Consultancy	
3.	Foreign Supported	
4.	Turnkey	

Table 3.10 Nature of Linkage for Sponsored and Consultancy Projects

S. No	Category	No. of Projects
1.	Utilization of Results	
2.	Funding	
3.	Sharing of R&D Work	
4.	Exchange of Scientist	
5.	Utilization of Facilities	
6.	Utilization of Specialized material of technique developed by Other Laboratories	
7.	Trials and Testing	

Table 3.11 Nature of Assistance for Foreign Supported R&D Projects

S. No	Category	No. of Projects
1.	Equipment and machinery	- rojects
2.	Foreign Experts	
3.	Materials	
4.	Fellowships	
5.	Visits abroad	
6.	Training	
7.	Additional Staff	

Table 3.12: Financial Commitment of the Outside Organizations for linked R&D Projects

S. No	Category	No. of Projects	Funds (Rs. in	Lakh)
			Sponsored	Foreign Supported
1.	Total Commitmen t			
2.	Received			
3.	Proposed during 1980-81			
4.	Proposed during 1981-82			

Table 3.13: Size of R&D projects (Total expected Cost)

S. No	Category	No. of Projects
1.	Upto Rs. 2 lakhs	
2.	Rs. 2 - 5 lakhs	
3.	Rs. 5 - 10 lakhs	
4.	Rs. 10- 15 lakhs	
5.	Rs. 15 - 20 lakhs	
6.	Rs. 20 - 25 lakhs	
7.	More than Rs. 25 lakhs	
8.	Data Not Available	

Table 3.14: Annual Budget

S. No	Category	No. of Projects
1.	Upto Rs. 2 lakhs	
2.	Rs. 2 - 5 lakhs	
3.	Rs. 5 - 10 lakhs	
4.	Rs. 10- 15 lakhs	
5.	Rs. 15 - 20 lakhs	
6.	Rs. 20 - 25 lakhs	
7.	More than Rs. 25 lakhs	
8.	Data Not Available	

: Escalation in time Schedule for R&D Projects

No	Category	No. of Projects
	Ahead of Schedule	
2.	Nil	
3.	Upto 6 months	
4.	6 - 12 months	
5.	12 - 18 months	
6.	18 - 24 months	
7.	More than 24 months	
8.	Data Not Available	

e 3.16: Age of R&D Projects as on 1.4. 1980

S. No	Category	Projects
1.	Upto 2 Years	
2.	2 - 5 Year	
3.	5 - 10 Year	
4.	More than 15 Years	
5.	Not available	

Table 3.17: Socio-Economic Relative Aspects for R&D Project

S.N o	Category	No. of Projects
Ţ	Jse of Raw Materials	
1.	Imported	
2.	Indigenous	
	TECHNOLOGY	
3.	Labour Intensive	
4.	Capital Intensive	
	<u>EMPHASIS</u>	
5.	Import Substitution	
6.	Export Promotion	
	<u>NEEDS</u>	
7.	Market for the Product excess	
8.	Reduction & Production Cost	
9.	Exploitation of Natural Resources	
10.	Saving of Energy	
11.	Generation of Employment through Utilization of results.	

Table 3.18: Bottlenecks Retarding the Progress of R&D Projects

S. No	Category	No. of Projects
	<u>TECHNICAL</u>	
1.	Unexpected Technical Problem	
2.	Project Redefined	
3.	Accorded lower priority and resources diverted elsewhere	
4.	Some Other related project behind schedule	
5.	Inadequacy of Scientific/Technical expertise	
6.	Inadequacy of Cooperation or indifference from Collaborator Sponsor	
7.	Redundancy	
8.	Obsolescence	
9.	Long absence of Project Leader	
Infra	astructural	
10.	Inadequacy of Space	
11.	Inadequacy of relevant literature with documentation facilities	
12.	Non availability of equipment	
13.	Equipment Failure	
14.	Non availability of materials/chemicals	
15.	Inadequacy of Supporting Manpower	
16.	Inadequacy of Funds	
17.	Administrative Rules/procedures	

Table 3.19: Additional Manpower Requirement

Sl. No	Year	Manpower Requirement Scientific Technical Administrative	Total
1.	1980-81		
2.	1981-82		
3.	1982-83		
4.	1983-84		
5.	1984-85		

The data received were coded, entered and processed and the laboratory profiles prepared. The dependence on the computing resources elsewhere put tremendous pressure in meeting the deadlines.

1980-85 During these years, in addition to the analysis discussed above and presented as laboratory profiles, an additional set of laboratory profiles for each laboratory indicating mainly trend analysis of finance, manpower, per scientist expenditure, percentage of investment in different types of activities and also degree of utilization i.e. capability of the laboratory to utilize the resources allocated, were also prepared to help the decision making. This helped in the planning process and resource allocations.

1985-87 Since 1985, the above laboratory profiles were merged and a single profile was prepared for each laboratory. This was possible mainly because of the availability of inhouse computer system in CSIR.

The "Laboratory Profile" covered the following:

- Scope and objective of the laboratory.
 - * Areas of Thrust identified for the year
 - * Major initiatives proposed for the year
 - * Major infrastructure facilities proposed for the year.

- 2. List of R&D projects of the laboratories both ongoing and new proposed. The list provided information on R&D area, Title of the project, reference to the page no of plan document, project code, duration of time span. Nature of the project (viz Major, Minor, MAP and the financial projection for the current year and the next year.
- 3. Summary of the analysis of expenditure and manpower
 - a. Average Growth rate/annum as well as overall Growth rate for all the Conventional Budget heads, viz, Salaries, Contingencies, Maintenance, Chemicals, Works & Services, Equipment, library books, Total.
 - b. Actual Cumulative expenditure on Additional facilities provided to the laboratory - in terms of construction (works & services), sophisticated equipment and Library Books.
 - c. Average expenditure per scientist per annum
 - d. Ratio of Scientific and Technical personnel
 - e Distribution of Resources on the conventional heads as percentage of Total; Distribution of resources on the projects (specialized, Major, Minor, Infrastructure) as percentage of total
- 4. Budget allocation and details of works and services for the current year.
- 5. Financial projection for ten years 1980-90
- 6. Sub-headwise break-up of year-wise actual expenditure since 1975-76 till previous year, RE for the current year and BE for the next year.
- 7. Distribution of proposed investment in different functional activities Actuals, SE, RE and BE.
- 8. Project-wise financial projection as demanded by the laboratory.
- 9. Project-wise Financial Commitment (if any) of the other organizations/Agencies.

- 10. Financial resources received from various sources including CSIR.
- 11. Trend of Manpower deployment since 1975.
- 12. Designation/Category-wise consolidated manpower statement as on 1 July current year.
- Detailed information on existing scientists name, age/ Date of birth,
 Degree with field of Specialization, Involvement in the project and
 Infrastructure.
- 14. List of obsolete equipment costing more than Rs. one lakh.
- 15. List of Major equipment required.
- 16. List of project-wise requirement of Works & Services
- 17. Degree of utilization under different conventional budget heads since 1975-76; i.e. analysis of the data in terms of Resources asked for (estimated expenditure), actually Sanctioned allocation, Revised allocation and Actual expenditure under each head viz Total, Salaries, Contingencies, Chemicals, Works & Services and Equipment.

 This analysis helped to understand the planning process of the laboratories as well as the capability to utilize the allocated resources. In most of the cases, actual Sanctioned allocation used to be 50% of the projected estimates. Laboratories could be classified in terms of those having Actuals < SE, those having Actuals < RE and those having Actuals > RE.
- 18. Consolidated information on R&D projects/Schemes/ Products/
 Publication/ Patents; etc. viz

i. Projects in Hand (No)

- i.1 Specially funded projects
- i.2 Major projects

- i.3 Other in-house R&D projects
- i.4 Foreign Assisted projects
- i.5 Sponsored Projects
- i.6 Consultancy projects

ii. Projects Completed (No)

- ii.1 Specially funded projects
- ii.2 Major Projects
- ii.3 Other In-house R&D projects
- ii.4 Foreign assisted projects
- ii.5 Sponsored Projects
- ii.6 Consultancy projects

iii. Projects Terminated (No.)

iv. Products/Processes (No.)

- iv.1 Developed
- iv.2 Licensed to Industry
- iv.3 Went into production
- iv.4 In continuous production
- iv.5 Estimated value of production (Rs. in lakh)

v. Earnings from (Rs. lakhs)

- v.1 Sponsored projects
- v.2 Consultancy
- v.3 Royalty
- v.4 Premia
- v.5 Analytical Testing
- v.6 Pilot Plant projects
- v.7 Sale of Laboratory projects

vi. Publications (No.)

- vi.1 Paper
- vi.2 Technical Reports
- vi.3 Books
- vi.4 Journals (bimonthly)

vii. Patents

- vii.1 Filed
- vii.2 Sealed
- 19. LISTS as given in the Annual Plan document indicating the projects in hand completed dropped in terms of in-house sponsored & consultancy projects, products and processes, and Value of production as a result of exploitation of products and processes developed by the laboratory.

plan meetings preceding CSIR plan discussions with the laboratories was discontinued with the introduction of the Peer Review Meetings in the Year 1987. This was a new concept introduced for the first time in CSIR. The laboratory Directors and senior scientists were requested to plan for the remaining three years (1987-90) of the Seventh five year plan (1985-90) and make a presentation before the Peers. Based on the presentation and the following interaction, the three year allocations for the laboratories in terms of financial requirements, manpower ceiling upto March, 1990, thrust areas of research etc. were indicated. Decisions on areas of thrust, clearance of posts for filling up the vacancies and the resource allocations for the last two years of the Seventh Five Year Plan i.e. for 1988-89 and 1989-90 were taken annually within the purview of decisions taken for three years during these Peer Review Meetings.

1990-92: There were lot of uncertainities during these two years. The Eighth Five Year Plan (1990-95) was scheduled to begin during 1990-91. CSIR formulated the Eighth Five Year Plan and forwarded the base document to all the laboratories seeking their comments and inputs. The activities of the laboratories

were grouped in terms of: National Missions, CSIR in National S&T Programmes, CSIR Missions or CSIR Thrust areas, Major National Facilities and Laboratory Thrust area Programmes.

Based on the feed back received from the laboratories, the Eighth Plan (1990-95) was formulated twice once during 1990-91 and again during 1991-92. However, the government treated these two years as annual plans and resources were allocated with marginal increases over the previous year allocations. CSIR continued the concept of Peer Review Meetings with the laboratories to arrive at the resource allocations for the laboratories and also to stream line the committed expenditure to optimise the available resources.

1992 Onwards: The Eighth Five Year Plan (1992-97) was revised and actually came into effect from 1992-93. The allocations were decided on the past trends for committed expenditure and some special allocations were being made for specific programmes.

Various computer systems were used in the analysis. Table 3.20 illustrates the chronological order of computer systems and software and generation of laboratory profiles.

Some of the analysis tables and graphs are presented in Annexure-3.2 and Annexure-3.3

3.4 AREA-WISE STATUS REPORT

In addition to laboratory profiles, Area-wise status reports giving details of projects in each area were also prepared based on the inputs received from laboratories. The area reports constitutes project profiles giving details of each project in the area in terms of objectives, targets, linkages and the resource requirements

Year	Comment		
	Computer System	Activities	Packages used/developed
1	2	3	4
Before 1981	IBM 360 Delhi University	Listing of Profile Lab Profile	Fortran IV Application Programme Written by CSIR
1981-84	Inter Data 8/82 Planning Commission	"	te
1980-84	DCM Microsystem 1121/1122 Inhouse Cassettes, Magcards Teleprinter as printer	Trend analysis graph pattern Histogram	Specific Machine Assembly language Programme
1984	PSI- Action station 64 KB RAM 8" FDD Two printers one LQP 35 cps and one 8 colour DMP 200 cps in house	Lab Profile Project listing Trend analysis Plan Reports Monthly Reports	C-BASIC Word Processor Supercal-2 Electronic Spreadsheet Graphics
1985-90	1) PSI-OMNI system 16-bit Mini Computer 2) AS-16-PCXT min. one 51/2 one 8" FDD Including	All activity of Planning Research output analysis' Terminal to OMNI AS8 also served as a terminal to OMNI	Word Processor Electronic spreadsheet, COBOL DBMS, DBPLUS C-BASIC etc.

Ser.			
1	2	3	4
1987	ESPL-SM32 Motorolla 68020 Unix based Min. Computer with 26 Terminal one are PCAT/ PCXT/PC etc.	SM-32 Never worked PCAT worked	DBPLUS STORY Harward Graphics
1991 - Till date	HCL PCAT-386 PCXT Busy Bee	All activities of PME	Many application Software used

3.5.2 Monthly Report

Monthly reports are received from the laboratories as per the format discussed in the Chapter-2. Major breakthroughs used to be reported every month to the cabinet. Only very few laboratories send their reports well in time. The reports of laboratories who respond are included in the next months report.

3.5.3 Quarterly Milestones Report

The genesis of the quarterly milestones monitoring was discussed in Chapter-2. The report on the identified milestones included in the Activity Milestones document for the year has to be sent by the laboratories as per the following format.

Format for Reporting Every Quarter

Name of the Laboratory:

Title of the Project

Milestones for the Quarter:

June

Sept

Dec

March

- 3. Whether Milestones Reached or not: Yes or No
- 4. If yes, Highlights
- If No, a) Reasons/ Bottlenecks
 To which quarterly the Milestones to be shifted

6. Remarks if any

Signature of the

Signature of the

Project Investigator

Director

Date

Date

Table 3.20 Continued

1	2	3	4
1987	ESPL-SM32 Motorolla 68020 Unix based Min.	SM-32 Never worked	
	Computer with 26 Terminal one are PCAT/ PCXT/PC etc.	PCAT worked	DBPLUS STORY Harward Graphics
1991 - Till date	HCL PCAT-386 PCXT Busy Bee	All activities of PME	Many application Software used

Presently a data base is available having financial and manpower data since 1975.

3.5 MANDATORY REPORTS

3.5.1 Annual Reports

The data received from the laboratories were edited and the items needed to be included in the CSIR annual report were marked with a specific area code. The criteria for selecting the items are:

Continuity of progress reported in the earlier report; projecting the major technological achievement; important breakthrough in basic research; essential technical services rendered; avoiding duplication of earlier reports; etc.

The selected information was entered into the computer as laboratory file with each item having area identification. After finalizing each laboratory file, area files were generated for each laboratory. These were then merged and integrated as the CSIR Annual Report master file. This master file is used by PID for the publication of the CSIR Annual report.

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Name of the Laboratory:

- 1. Title of the Project
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June

Sept

Dec

March

- 3. Whether Milestones Reached or not: Yes or No
- 4. If yes, Highlights
- If No, a) Reasons/ Bottlenecks
 To which quarterly the Milestones to be shifted
- 6. Remarks if any

Signature of the

Signature of the

Project Investigator

Director

Date

Date

Software for the Quarterly Milestones:

In 1988-89, a menu driven software was developed for this purpose specifically. The Software has the facility to generate laboratory-wise report, area-wise report for each quarter as well as generation of list of projects and their milestones for every quarter and the complete document as such. The software has the facility to generate laboratory wise list of projects having milestones for a particular quarter. These lists are generated in the first week of June, September, December and March for the respective quarters and sent to the laboratories seeking the reports on these projects. The reports received from the laboratories are used to generate the Quarterly milestone report and

The details and list of the SOFTWARE FOR MONITORING REPORT FOR MILESTONES PROJECTS are given below:

(Developed by Planning Division, CSIR, New Delhi)

MAINMENU

- 1. REPORT FOR QUARTER ENDING JUNE
- 2. REPORT FOR QUARTER ENDING SEPT.
- 3. REPORT FOR QUARTER ENDING DEC.
- 4. REPORT FOR QUARTER ENDING MARCH
- 5. DETAILS OF ALL PROJECTS-WHOLE YEAR
- 6. UPDATING/EDITING OF DATA BASE
- 7. FUNDS/MANPOWER/TIME SCHEDULE
- 8. EXIT

CHOOSE NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 8

ENTER CHOICE:

Choice between 1 to 4 will almost give similar submenu for the 4 different quarters.

CHOICE 1

SUBMENU 1

_______ PROJECTS HAVING MILESTONES FOR QUARTER ENDING JUNE HORIZONTAL PRINTING FOR ALL PROJECTS (PRINTING) PROJECTWISE - REPORTING (PRINTER) 2. PROJECTWISE - REPORTING (MONITOR) 3. 4. EXIT TO MAIN MENU ENTER OPTION 1 OR 2 OR 3 OR 4 CHOICE 2 SUBMENU 2 PROJECTS HAVING MILESTONES FOR QUARTER ENDING SEPT. HORIZONTAL PRINTING FOR ALL PROJECTS (PRINTER) 1. PROJECTWISE - REPORTING (PRINTER) 2. PROJECTWISE - REPORTING (MONITOR) 3. EXIT TO MAIN MENU ENTER OPTION 1 OR 2 OR 3 OR 4 CHOICE 3 SUBMENU 3 PROJECTS HAVING MILESTONES FOR QUARTER ENDING DEC. HORIZONTAL PRINTING FOR ALL PROJECTS (PRINTER) PROJECTWISE - REPORTING (PRINTER) 3. PROJECTWISE - REPORTING (MONITOR) MENU MAIN EXIT TO ENTER OPTION 1 OR 2 OR 3 OR 4

CHOICE 4

SUBMENU 4

PROJECTS HAVING MILESTONES FOR QUARTER ENDING MARCH

- 1. HORIZONTAL PRINTING FOR ALL PROJECTS (PRINTER)
- PROJECTWISE REPORTING (PRINTER)
- PROJECTWISE REPORTING (MONITOR) 3.
- 4. EXIT TO MAIN MENU

ENTER OPTION 1 OR 2 OR 3 OR 4 UNDER THE SUBMENU 1 TO 4, THERE ARE 4 OPTIONS

OPTION 1 gives print output of details of all projects and Milestones pertaining to the specific quarter.

OPTION 2 gives the print output of project wide milestones report

Name of the Laboratory:

Title of the

Project:

Milestones for the Quarter:

Project Co-ordinator

Head-quarter

Co ordinator

Whether Reached or Not: Yes /No If Yes,

Highlights of Achievements

and

If No,

Bottlenecks, Reasons for not reaching

Whether Milestones to be Shifted to another

Quarter.

If so, to Which Quarter.

Remarks

This can be stopped at any time by typing 'q' or 'Q'.

OPTION 3 Same as OPTION 2. ONLY DIFFERENCE THE REPORT IS VIEWED IN THE MONITOR. THIS CAN ALSO BE STOPPED BY PRESSING 'q' OR 'Q'

CHOICE 5 will generate complete list of projects with details of milestones defined for different quarters for the whole year. in other words it generates the complete milestones document.

CHOICE 6 ENABLES UPDATING, EDITING OF A DATA BASE
OPTION 1 ALLOWS ADDING RECORDS
OPTION 2 ALLOWS EDITING OF ANY EXISTING RECORD
THIS ENABLES TO ENTER THE MILESTONES ACHIEVEMENTS
AND BOTTLENECKS AS REPORTED IN EACH QUARTER BY THE
LABORATORIES
OPTION 3 EXIT TO MAIN MENU

CHOICE 6

===SCREEN FOR UPDATING MILESTONE DATA BASE ===

- 1. ADD PROJECTS
- 2. UPDATE DATA
- 3. EXIT

ENTER OPTION 1 OR 2 OR 3

CHOICE 7 LEADS TO SCREEN FOR FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND TIME SCHEDULE DETAILS

OPTION 1 ONE CAN GET THE INFORMATION FOR A SPECIFIC PROJECT BY INDICATING THE PROJECT NUMBER

OPTION 2 PROVIDES PROJECTWISE INFORMATION ON ALL PROJECTS

OPTION 3 INFORMATION ON ALL PROJECTS AT A GLANCE EVEN OF TIME OPTIONS HAS FURTHER OPTIONS TO GET A PRINT OUTPUT OF VIEWING IN THE MONITOR OR STOPPING AT ANY TIME.

OPTION 4 - EXIT TO MAIN MENU

CHOICE 7

==SCREEN FOR FINANCIAL, MANPOWER AND TIME SCHEDULE DETAILS===

- 1. INFORMATION FOR A SPECIFIC PROJECT
- 2. PROJECT-WISE INFORMATION ON ALL PROJECTS
- 3. INFORMATION ON ALL PROJECTS AT A GLANCE
- 4. EXIT TO MAIN MENU

ENTER OPTION 1 OR 2 OR 3 OR 4

CHOICE 8 GIVES ARE YOU SURE Y OR N

IF 'Y' - EXIT AND ANY OTHER KEY AGAIN MAIN MENU

CHOICE 8

ARE YOU SURE Y OR N

IF Y EXIT TO C>

IF N RETURN TO MAIN MENU

3.6 Research Output Analysis: Performance Evaluation

One of the important outputs of a national laboratory is the publication of research papers in journals. An attempt by the author and Dr. N.R. Rajagopal to analyze the papers published in journals during 1985 and 1986 resulted in a document entitled "RESEARCH OUTPUT OF NATIONAL LABORATORIES (Papers Published During 1985 and 1986)" This document was released by the then Prime Minister at CDRI, Lucknow. As an outcome of this publication, a need for a detailed bibliometric analysis of papers published by the scientists of laboratories was felt by the management and the project was undertaken by INSDOC in collaboration with CSIR Headquarters.

The bibliometric analysis started in the year 1986, is being continued every year by INSDOC. CSIR headquarters coordinates the data collection and the data received from the laboratories, are passed on to the bibliometric group of INSDOC for analysis. Papers published in Journals are only included in the analysis. The main emphasis is the impact factor of the journals. The impact of any paper could be considered as the number of citations the paper receives in its field. In CSIR, the analysis is carried out immediately and there is not sufficient time to have a proper measure of the impact factor of the paper. So,

INSDOC group is adopting an indirect method of using the IF of the Journal for the preceding year.

"The Impact factor (IF) of a journal has been defined as the ratio of total number of citations received by it to the total number of citable items published by the journal during a fixed period"

The IF of journals are taken from the journal citations reports (JCR) of the Science Citations Index (SCI).

This also did not solve the problem completely because CSIR scientists are engaged in diversified fields of R&D and the papers published by them are widely scattered in more than 90 subjects. The range of the highest IF values varies from subject to subject. It will be very high in the biology area where as very low in some of the engineering subjects. If IF is to be used as a comparative indicators among the various laboratories, this analysis may lead to incorrect decision or judgment on the performance of a particular laboratory. So, a decision was taken to apply a normalization factor. "The IF of the topmost research periodical/Journal in a subject category has been normalized using a suitable multiplier. Using the same multiplier, the Normalized Impact Factor (NIF) of the other periodicals/journals figuring with in the same subject category have been determined". INSDOC is carrying out the analysis using both IF and NIF. The analysis from 1986 - 1991 is presented in Table 3.21.

Since papers published in journals are only a very small part of the output indicators, this has not helped much in decision making especially with regards to performance evaluation.

In continuation of this project, it was decided to analyze other aspects of research output. A data base was created for the first time for the ABCD analysis. The ABCD analysis aims at the evolution of quantitative and qualitative parameters on A- the Science component, based on the analysis of scientific papers published in the Journals, B- the Technology component such as development of processes, products, patents, value of industrial production, based on the CSIR know-how etc., C- the Service component such as the

quantum of external cash flow and other parameters and D- the recognition component measured in terms of various awards.

Parameters included under A, B, C, D are:

A. Scientific

- * Number of Scientists
- * Number of papers: Total
 - in SCI Journal

in Non SCI Journal

Ratio of SCI/Non SCI

- In indian Journal
 In foreign Journal
 Ratio of Indian/Non Indian
- * Impact Factor (IF)
 - Total IF
 - Average IF/ paper
 - Average IF/ Scientist
- * Normalized Impact Factor (NIF)
 - Total NIF
 - Average NIF/paper
 - Average NIF/ Scientist
- * Major Fields of Publications
- * Papers with

A = IF > 0.6

B = NIF > 2.0

Indices A/Total Papers

B/Total papers

B. Technological

- * Annual Industrial production
 based on lab technology (Rs. in crore)
- * New knowhow developed (Numbers)
- * Know how licensed (Nos)
- * Commercial production of technologies (New

Nos.)

Patent applications (Nos.) filed,
 Sealed, accepted

C. Services (Rs. lakh)

- * Committed cash flow during the year
- * Lab Budget
- * Actual cash flow
- * % increase
- * Excess or short fall during the year
- * Satisfaction factor
 - S1 = Actual cash flow / Target
 - S2 = Actual Cash flow / Expenditure of lab Budget

D. Awards Recognition

- * National awards
- * Academy awards
- Special awards

This exercise was attempted for the first time in 1987. Because of the detailed analysis of papers published in journals, the data on A - i.e. Scientific part was available. The authentic information on the other 3 components viz. B - technological C - services and D - awards could not be generated due to the non availability of a proper information system both at the CSIR HQ. level as well as at the individual laboratory level. Further, there are several other sub components in A itself such as papers presented in the conference (symposia), monographs, books, technical reports, review articles, etc. which are not taken into account.

The conceptual design visualized was the generation of an Index (I) for the laboratory such that

$$I = aA + bB + cC + dD$$

where ,a,b,c & d are the weightage factors for the four components defined earlier.

Summation of a,b,c & d could be assumed as 1. The factor d will be a function of a,b,c.

The weightage factors depend on the charter and nature of the activities of each laboratories.

In order to facilitate such an analysis, a data collection format have been designed and sent to the laboratories in April 1993. The response from the laboratory is not very good. This has to be an integral part of the information system at the lab level, so that there is a smooth flow of such information to the agency to facilitate meaningful analysis. The formats are given in Annexure 3.1.

3.7 CONCLUSIONS

The plan documents of the laboratories form the base information for the preparation of overall CSIR five year plans and subsequent annual plans.

The various analysis made based on the data received in the form of plan documents served as the background materials in the form of laboratory profiles for the annual plan discussions with the laboratories and helped the process of resource allocations. The trend analysis and other information on thrust areas etc. provided the insight into the direction and growth of the laboratories. The analysis on the degree of utilization under various conventional budget heads narrated the existence of the planning process and availability of effective leadership.

The project-wise financial data viz. cost data, expenditure incurred were mostly the problem area and invariably were not provided by most of the laboratories. The continuity of data with respect to project information has always been the weak link in the system mainly because of the exercise being done

annually and not continuously. This had enabled to arrive at overall allocations to the laboratories based on the past trends in terms of certain percentage increase rather than project-wise allocations based on the projections on the project requirements.

The dependability and reliability of data are essential for any meaningful analysis and subsequent decisions based on such an analysis.

There were not major problems with respect to mandatory reports. However, the laboratories were not focusing on reporting only important items to form the part of CSIR report. It required perceptions by the editors to decide the items to be included. The data on total investment made on the development of technology/process/product were not available.

Performance evaluation is the role mainly of the research councils of the laboratories. The information system is expected to take care of the availability of the data for such an exercise. There has never been any consensus on the performance indicators for a project, a lab, or CSIR as a whole.

Besides helping the decision process, information is also required generation of information for various other purposes. The problems in information generation and the gaps in information as per the present system are discussed in the next Chapter.

Table 3.21: RESEARCH PAPERS 1986-1991.

LAB	Year	PAPERS	SCI	NSCI	INDIAN	FOREIGN	IF	AVG IF/ PAPER	NIF	avg nif/ Paper	IF 7.6	NIF 7.2
NPL												
	1986	76	62	14	0	76	59.727	0.786	203.553	2.678	31	0
	1987	127	75	52	63	64	58.972	0.464	190.326	1.499	36	36
	1988	144	107	37	56	88	101.355	0.704	396.268	2.752	63	60
	1989	135	103	32		77	85.590		287.093	2.130	51	57
	1990	173	98	75	77	96	136.559		377.437		56	57
	1991	219	176	43	95	124	195.482	0.893	541.099	2.471	99	90
CEERI					80							_
	1986	16	6	10	0	16	7.178	0.449	28.882	1.805	2	0
	1987	14	8	6	3	11	9.987	0.713			7	6
	1988											
	1989	34	20	14	_ 11	23	27.033	0.800	76.943	2.263	14	12
	1990	9	6	3	5	4	7.447	0.827	20.981		3	3
	1991	21	16	5	4	17	7.600	0.362	24.936	1.187	3	3
CSIO										1		
	1986	2	1	1	0	2	0.105	0.021	0.607	0.121	1	0
	1987	6	4	2		4	1.468				0	1
	1988	3	3	0	1	2	2.973		9.633		2	2
	1989	4	3	1	1	1	2.540	0.640			1	2
	1990	10	2	8	5	5	3.250	0.325	12.562	1.256	2	2
	1991	9	2	7		3	2.472	0.275	5.747	0.639	1	1
NGRI										_		
	1986	57	42	15	0	57	45.255	0.794	141.732		27	23
	1987	53	28	25	17	36	50.479	0.952			0	20
	1988	47	29	18	24	23	20.723	0.441	61.963		13	11
	1989	31	19	12	16	15	14.373	0.464			5	6
	1990	38	26	12	14	24	22.677				12	12
	1991	40	34	6	19	21	19.546	0.489	48.976	1.224	13	6
NIO												
	1986	96	66	30	0	96			157.205		19	0
	1987	91	64	27		40	34.551		111.132		15	16
	1988	125	85	40		57	54.517		190.347		32	32
	1989	13	9	4	7	6	6.047		22.469		21	16
	1990	108	81	27	45		84.572		164.977		38	40
	1991	109	85	24	48	61	109.149	1.001	209.126	1.919	35	35

LAB	YEAR P	apers	SCI	NSCI	INDIAN	FOREIGN	IF	AVG IF/ PAPER	NIF	AVG NIF/ PAPER	IF 7.6	NIF 7.2
NCL												
	1986	172	159	23	0	172	154.607	0 800	571.149	7 721	01	٥
	1987	166	145	21	37		150.633	200	411.527		91 89	0
	1988	48	40	8	12		40.153		125.129		25	97
	1989	169	155	14	25		212.300		650.684			23
	1990	156	147	9	20		203.236		448.968		110	117
	1991	182	161	21	21		207.567		610.298		107 120	91 108
				-								
CECRI	100/	0.		0.4								
	1986	91	11	80	0	91	22.659		110.899		5	0
	1987	83	19	64	64	19	20.773		82.593	Service Diff.	15	13
	1988	133	10	123	120	13	19.482		104.528		3	8
	1989	150	20	130	131	18	33.836		148.459		12	15
	1990	106	19	87	84	22	32.992		118.127		15	17
	1991	96	48	48	40	56	49.382	0.514	204.063	2.126	32	34
CSMCRI	1001	70	50			70	05.514	0.170	00 470	0.470	40	
	1986	38	28	10	0	38					12 11	11
	1987 1988	39	25	14	21	18	19.580	0.502	49.493	1.207	11	,
	1989	55	38	17	21	31	54.228	0.990	172.769	3.140	29	13
	1990	64	46	18	36	29	40.402	0.631	7.748	1.199	27	14
	1991	59	38	21	18	41	31.472	0.533	70.240	1.191	25	7
ICT	1986	79	59	20	0	79	72.780		206.423		38	0
	1987	86	69	17	23	63	76.001	0.884	237.308	2.759	46	41
	1988	120	96	24	44	76	91.086	0.759	309.484	2.579	59	61
	1989	173	140	33	18	155	165.553	0.960	555.727	3.210	93	102
	1990	196	166	130	45	151	193.059	0.985	628.462	3.206	113	111
	1991	134	105	29	23	111	137.382	1.025	419.306	3.129	77	62
RRL-JOR	1986	45	27	18	0	45	23.852	0.530	80.692		15	0
	1987	41	25	16	22	19	21.013	0.513			11	11
	1988	27	10		18	9	10.814	0.401	32.208		15	5
	1989	30	23				20.002	0.670			8	4
		43	30			22	24.259	0.564	99.374	2.311	12	15
	1990 1991	35	18					0.544	77.117	2.203	13	16
	1986	28	25	3	0	28	15.732				9	(
IIP	1987	31	28				13.849				8	12
		20	15		8		8.975				6	10
	1988 1989	20	13				7.984	0.400			7	10
		29	23	i. 50		10012	13.430	0.463			5	1.
	1990 1991	29	20					0.285	51.799	1.786	3	12

LAB	YEAR I	PAPERS	SCI	NSCI	INDIAN F	OREIG	I IF	AV6 IF		AVG NIF/	IF	NI
CLRI	1986	29	10	19	0					Paper	7.6	7.
	1987	84	28	56	12	29				2.964	8	
	1988	42	22	20		72			126.620	1.507	23	1
	1989	48	29	19	25		3 35.46	3 0.84	4 81.86	1.949		
	1990	29	14	15	13	21	19.156			8.520	10	1
	1991	58	30	28	20	16				0.871	9	١
-					20	38	25.719	0.443	75.027	1.294	17	1.
CFRI	1986	22	6	16	0	22	6.107	0.278	42.745	1.040	_	
	1987	26	1	25	25	1	3.641	0.140		1.942	3	(
	1988	35	11	24	23	12	12.758	0.365		0.817	1	1
	1989	10	3	7	7	3	3.295	0.330		2.815	9	11
	1990 1991	12	3	9	9	3	3.378	0.282		1.340	3	3
	1771	19	5	14	16	3	2.430	0.128		1.324	2	2
— M	1001							V	10.013	0.990	1	3
ML	1986 1987	9 17	3	6	0	9	2.672	0.296	10.606	1.178	1	0
	1988	17	6	11	12	5	1.494	0.088	6.699	0.394	ō	0
	1989	21	10								3	3
	1990		12	9	10	9	10.096	0.480	44.195	2.104	8	10
	1991	21	12	9	8	13	6.758	0.322	32.055	1.526	5	6
	1771	26	17	9	7	19	11.157	0.429	46.816	1.801	11	11
6CRI	1986	16	9	7	0	16	8.211	0.513	75.694	4.730	4	0
	1987	35	20	15	9	26	18.363		113.540	3.244		
	1988						101000	0.010	110.540	3.244	11	17
	1989	34	19	15	8	26	16.254	0.480	78.229	2.300	14	18
	1990	36	20	16	10	26	14.583	0.405	66.463	1.846	7	10
	1991	30	16	14	12	18	10.950	0.365	61.844	2.061	7	9
ers	1986	26	2	24	0	26	5.885	0.226	18.404	0.707	1	0
	1987	27	4	23	21	6	6.498	0.241	21.903			
	1988	30	5	25	18	12	4.805	0.160	21.888	0.811	3	4
	1989	25	9	16	13	12	5.524	0.220	31.260	1.250	3	
	1990	12	0	12	10	2	0.238	0.020	0.799	0.067	0	3
	1991	16	3	13	10	6	1.243	0.078	4.247	0.265	0	0
				05	^	7E	7 770	0.200	77 707	0.017	_	^
ERI	1986	35 40	10 14	25 54	0 50	35	7.338 18.790		33.707	0.963	1	0
	1987	68							93.552	1.375	8 7	9 7
	1988	52	9	43	39		11.433		50.936	0.980		
	1989	42	5	37	26	16	6.972		29.765	0.710	1	2
	1990	75	23	52	49		17.055		72.139		10	0
	1991	53	5	48	52	1	2.014	0.038	7.441	0.140	0	0
ERI	1986	12	0	12	0	12	0.756	0.063	7.992	0.666	0	0
	1987	14	0	14	14	0	0.490	0.035	3.651	0.261	0	0
	1988	-	7	0	1	2	0.729	0.234	2.834	0.945	0	1
	198 9	3	3	0					5.678			2
	1990	3	2	1	()	177			RTED		v	-
	1991			NO	JOURNA	1L	Paper	תבוי נו	11 LU			

	1007		•	12	V	12	1.062	0.120	15.552	1.196	1	0
	1987	7	1	6	4	3	1.440	0.200	7.563	1.080	1	0
	1988	9	6	3	2	?	2.709	0.301		4.047	1	4
	1989	6	1	5	5	1	0.080	0.010		0.160	0	0
	1990	9	3	6	5	4	1.168	0.130	6.150	0.683	0	1
	1991	21	4	17	11	10	2.461	v.118	23.519	1.120		•
RRL-BHU	1986	30	12	18	0	30	7.886	0.262	34.044	1.134	5	0
	1987	42	27	15	19	23	14.026	0.334	66.419	1.581	11	11
	1988											
	1989	20	6	14	7	11	4.010	0.200	18.788	0.940	3	5
	1990	22	11	11	9	13	5.903	0.268	28.219	1.283	4	6
_	1991	22	9	13	8	14	5.398	0.245	22.367	1.017	3	3
RRL-TRI	1986	27	17	10	0	27	9.916	0.367	65.984	2.443	6	0
	1987	20	6	14	8	12	4.635	0.232	35.717	1.786	4	5
	1988	25	14	11	14	11	9.569	0.383	32.509	1.300	5	7
	1989	23	14	12	10	16	11.431		42.335	1.B40	6	9
	1990	52	37	15	14	38	35.193		138 .99 6	2.673	18	25
	1991	51	41	10	7	44	52.475	1.029	200.112	3.924	30	27
CBRI	1986	12	1	11	0	12	1.112	0.093	11.597	0.966	0	0
	1987	14	1	13	12	2	0.543	0.039	5.025	0.359	0	0
	1988	8	5	3	2	6	2.181	0.273	21.032	2.629	1	2
	1989	8	0	8	6	2	0.600	0.075	5.599	0.070	0	1
	1990	19	4	15	10	9	0.959	0.031	3.488	0.184	Û	1
	1991	12	2	10	8	4	0.839	0.070	6.949	0.579	0	1
CRRI	1986	19	2	17	0	19	0.290	0.068	12.460	0.656		
Citt	1987	10	0	10	10	Û	0.426	0.043	4.686	0.469	0	0
	1988	17	1	16	17	0	0.078	0.005	0.542	0.032	0	0
	1989	13	1	12	13	0	0.099	0.007	0.875	0.067	0	0
		. J	•			N	o Journa	1 Paper	Reported			
	19 9 0 1991	17	3	14	15	2	1.119	0.066	9.782	0.575	0	0

LAB	YEAR P	APERS	SCI	NSCI	INDIAN	FOREIGN	IF	AVG IF/ PAPER	NIF	AVG NIF/ PAPER	IF 7.6	NIF 7.2
RRL BHO	1986	14	10	4	0	14	9.598	0.685	87.568	6.254	5	0
	1987	7	7	0	0	7	6.096	0.871	32.092	4.585	5	7
	1988	49	41	8	17	32	19.648		95.455	1.948	17	20
	1989	39	30	9	19	19	15.745		58.180		12	10
	1990 1991	35 47	34 27	11 20	12 21	23	10.848		40.700		5	6
_					21	26	14.755	0.314	54.262	1.155	11	13
CFTRI	1986	108	81	27	U	108	62.655	0.580	290.522	2.690	35	0
	1987	140	91	49	47	93	70.011	0.500	317.255	2.266	56	57
	1988	100	72	28	44	56	49.145	0.491	209.274	2.093	31	31
	1989										26	35
	1990	74	46	28	34	40	27.015		117.943		16	20
	1991	109	65	44	57	52	44.167	0.405	186.230	1.709	30	26
_												
CDRI	1986	177	115	62			132.117		282,778		56	0
	1987	171	105	66	86	85	105.818		229.195		50	35
	1988	172	117	55			102.214		251.785		47	44
	1989	181	116	65		125	88.070		242.825		47	35
	1990	208 125	133	75 4 2		111	143.327 77.341		321.569 178.901		67 34	57 31
_	1991	123			J/	00	77.541	V.017	170.701			
NBRI	1986	76	17	59		76					7	
	1987	85	17	68		44					7	
	1988	49	22	27		25					6	7 8
	1989	62	27	35		32					6	5
	1990	66	18	48		32					9	
_	1991	73	28	45	36	37	17.501	0.240	40.47.	0.007		
IICB	1986	62	55	7			83.475		135.625		40	
	1987	85	67	18			124.720		179.023		55	
	1988	60	55	5					134.914		36 35	
	1989	69	57	12			125.331		190.949			
	1990	56	55	1					140.96		50	
	1991	69	58	11	14	55	96.798	3 1.403	131.515	1.906		20
CFB	1986	3	1	2								
	1987	9	5									
	1988	2	2									
	1989	12	11	1) 34.32	7 2.000	••	0
	1990 1991	12	В	4	NO DAT 4	A RECEIVE		2 0.980	23.91	6 1.993	6	
						28	44.25	9 1.70	2 63.11	5 2.428	10	
CCMB	1986	26	25		50 100					4 1.548	0	
	1987	23	21		.				7 54.50	1 2.096	13	7
	1988	26	25	-			105.55		140.22	8 3.420	32	
	1989	41	36								17	
	1990	23	23		_		_				14	5
	1991	23	22	1	. /	10	, ,,,,,,,,					

LAB 	YEAR PA	APERS	SCI	NSCI	INDIAN	FOREIGN	IF	AVG IF/ PAPER	NIF	AVG NIF/ PAPER	IF 7.6	NIF 7.2
ITRC	1986	85	57	28	0	85	65.868	0.774	189.031	2.230	41	0
	1987	119	74	45	87	32	83.300		175.657	1.476	48	47
	1988	130	87	43	57	73	63.326		225,970		49	46
	1989	109	75	34	23	81	54.864		176.311	1.620	50	39
	1990	72	61	11	18	54	51.944		129.860		38	30
	1991	121	88	33	28	93	76.538	0.633	193.524		42	37
CIMAP	1986	60	29	31	0	60	30.242	0.504	96.497	1.608	0	0
	1987	48	22	26	19	27	22.730				17	15
	1988	37	25	12	5	32	25.023				18	18
	1989	90	56	34	15	74	39.833		115.595		28	24
	1990	74	41	33	28	46	26,999	0.365	76.902	1.039	19	19
	1991	86	46	40	37	49	36.940	0.430	81.252	0.945	27	24
- RRL-JMU	1986	62	22	40	0	62	15.583	0.251	70.183	0.251	3	0
	1987	55	_5	30	35	20	21.436	0.390	40.750	0.390	12	11
	1988	50	30	20	24	26	28.151	0.563	69.980	1.400	5	13
	1989	26	12	11	10	13	11.315	0.440	22.257	0.860	4	15
	1990	73	38	35	53	20	20.575				15	10
	1991	54	21	33	33	21	20.972	0.388	50.686	0.939	12	13
IMT	1986	0	Û	(0	0	0.000				0	
	1987	0	0	(0	0	0.000				0	
	1988	4	3		0	4	3.111				3	
	1989	4	4	(0	4	20.755	5.190	18.722	4.690	4	
	1990									0.570	5	
	1991	3	3	() 1	2	3.622	1.207	7.710	2.570	1	1
CSIR-PAL	1986 1987											,
	1988	2	0		2 0						0	
	1989	3 7	1		2 2 2 3	1	0.945				1	
	1990		5									
	1991	6		2	4 4	2	5.78	2 0.96	4 12.44	6 2.074		
PID	1986 1987											
	1988	12	7	7	5 10) 1	2.65	8 0.22	0 7.65	0.640	1	
	1989 1990	12	,			NO DATA						
	1991	4	1	L S	3 3					9 0.130	0)
INSDOC	1986 1987											
	1988	10	,	2	8 5	5 5	1.92	0 0.19				
						-						
	1989 1990	6				4 2	0.67	3 0.11	2 4.15	7 0.693 7 0.221		

LAB	YEAR P	apers	SCI	NSCI	INDIAN	FOREIGN	IF	AVG IF/ PAPER	NIF	AV6 NIF/ PAPER		NIF 7.2
NISTADS	1986 1987 1988 1989 1990	12	3	9	7	5	2.528	0.210	13.841	1.150	2	2
	1991	8	5	2	6	2	1.868	0.234	6.250	0.781	1	0

Annexure 3.1: Data collection format for Research Output Analysis.

Lab:

for the period 1.1.1992 to 31.12.1992

A. PUBLICATIONS

A1 List of Papers published in journals.

List of papers presented in symposia/conferences

List of Monographs, Review articles etc.

- A2 List of technical reports, books, designs surveys, feasibility studies, DPRS, Data generated and published and software generated for inhouse consumption.
- Number of scientists Group-IV (B and upwards) as on 1.4.1992 and 1.4.1993

(Each list separately please)

Lab:

Value of

for the

 \mathbf{B}

Technologies

period

Transferred

1.4.1992 to

31.3.1993

Value in rupee terms of technologies transferred

B1 Cash received between 1.4.1992 and 31.3.1993 for technologies developed before 1.4.1992

S. No	Technology	Developed in the year (before 1.4.1992)	Cash received (Rs. in lakh) between 1.4.1992 and 31.3.1993

B2: Cash received for technologies developed and transferred during the current financial year.

S. No.	Technology	Cash received (during 1992- 93) Rs. in lakh)

B3: Number of patents (in India and abroad) filed, accepted and sealed (between 1.4.92 and 31.3.93

Lab:

C1: Major Services Offered by the Laboratory

C2: Value of Services Rendered For the Period 1.4.1992 to 31.3.1993

S.No.	Category of Services	Cash received (Rs. in lakh)
		Total

C3: Notional Value of Services Rendered Gratis For the period 1.4.1992 to 31.3. 1993

S. No.	Category of Services	Value (Rs. in lakh)	Reasons for No Cash inflow
	Total		

Lab:

For the period 1.4.1992 to 31.3.1993

D: Honours and Awards

D1: To the Lab (please list)

D2: To individuals (please list)

Annexure 3.2:

Group-wise and Laboratory-wise Trend Analysis of Financial Growth (1975-76 to 1992-93)

and also

Year-wise comparative expenditure on Salaries vs R&D for different laboratories (1985-86 to 1992-93)

COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS		7/	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1989-90	AV.GROWT RATE PER ANNUM	5 YEARS		1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	1407.19	2123.00	10.83	8431.09	2387.62	4889.27	19.62	17902.19	5523.76	3 93 89. 46	14.18	37658.15	10324.1	7 11506.1	B 13403.24	35233.59
CONT.+ MAINT.	263.70	373.05	9.06	1633.80	456.32	972.60	20.83	3571.47	1145.98	2015.60	15.1¢	7669.31	2320.2	2 2486.93	3 2596.82	7403.98
CHEMICALS	319.36	553.37	14.73	2266.57	682.83	1292.55	17.30	4995.51	1523.78	1842.94	4.87	8065.99	2055.7	1 2293.82	2207.49	6557.02
CONSTRUCTION	160.25	342.35	20.90	1233.12	494.04	1135.98	23.14	3981.05	1494.30	1232.30	-4.71	7475.24	1025.52	933.67	967.66	2926.85
EQUIPMENT	417.99	1029.09	25.26	3514.94	1021.72	1802.69	15.25	7810.61	3163.23	2590.91	-4.87	11727.48	2207.10	2196.29	1508.72	5912.10
LIB. BOOKS	72.82	103.93	9.30	418.92	124.72	267.65	21.03	980.28	300.84	521.72	14.76	2045.52	604.04	712.63	794.04	2110.70
OTHERS	35.55	49.01	8.36	234.50	67.70	108.60	12.54	499.40	152.90	485.60	33.50	1188.00	395.10	401.30	258.00	1054.40
RECURRING	1990.25	3049.42	11.26	12331.46	3526.76	7154.42	19.34	26469.17	8193.54	13248.00	12.76 5	3393.45	14700.10	16286.93	18207.55 4	7194.58
CAPITAL	686.6	1 1524.38	3 22.07	5401.48	1708.18	3314.92	18.03	13271.34	5111.27	4830.54	-1.40 2	2436.24	4231.76	4243.88	3528.42 12	2004.05
TOTAL	2676.85	5 4573.8	1 14.33	17732.93	5234.94	10469.34	18.92	39740.51	13304.81	18078.53	7.97 7	5829.69 1	8931.86	20530.81 2	1735.97 61	198.64

PHYSICAL & EARTH SCIENCES GROUP 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	ACTUALS	ACTUALS	RATE PER ANNUM	TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM				AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	258.74		6.98	1522.98	420.91			3148.05	973.19	1651.11	14.13	6630.56	1821.07	2037.97	2395.47	6254.51
CONT.+ MAINT.	56.68	69.70	5.21	320.54	81.96	162.61	18.68	691.85	206.94	342.44	13.42	1309.67	349.57	396.51	414.53	1160.60
CHEMICALS	91.30	155.87	14.31	699.49	219.05	359.77	13.21	1507.78	389.98	379.64	-0.67	1817.68	415.36	500.07	413.81	1329.24
CONSTRUCTION	41.39	47.54	3.52	233.87	65.06	140.71	21.27	452.46	124.22	203.61	13.15	e57.01	144.6B	87.74	155.79	388.21
EQUIPMENT	127.58	231.70	16.09	815.33	216.04	467.74	21.30	2045.66	649.52	545.45	-4.27	2472.29	528.77	567.58	216.02	1312.37
LIB. BOOKS	9.63	15.62	12.85	58.43	20.48	38.14	16.82	146.20	43.66	72.75	13.61	292.85	74.82	83.54	98.70	257.06
OTHERS	7.17	7.25	0.28	47.74	6.13	19.92	34.26	68.42	22.76	56.11	25.30	174.60	35.27	53.51	38.66	127.44
RECURRING	406.92	590.50	9.76	2543.01	721.92	1378.87	17.56	5347.69	1570.11	2373.19	10.68	9757.91	2585.99	2934.55	3223.81	8744.35
CAPITAL	185.77	302.11	12,93	1155.37	307.71	666.50	21.32	2712.73	840.16	877.92	1.11				509.17	2085.08
TOTAL	592,69	9 892.6	1 10.78	3698.38	1029.63	2045.37		8060.42	2410.27	3251,10	7.77 1	3554.67	3369.54	3726.92	3732.98 1	0829.43

Authorities and page

N P L, DELHI 1975-76 TO 1992-93

							19/5-/6 11									
HEADS	1975-76	1979-80	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	5 YEARS			RATE PER	5 YEARS			AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	TOTAL				3 YEAR
	85 . 07	118.54	 8.65	100000000 V 20120	131.94	289.16		1065.27	327.15	539.00	13.29	2179.32	587.59	628.93	744.17	1960.6
SALARIES			1.17		22.89	51.90	22.71	211.33	70.95	102.15	9.54	433.79	112.43	136.45	138.72	387.6
CONT.+ MAINT.	19.67	20.61			31.85	62.52	18.37	227.54	57.04	84.28	10.25	322.80	74.82	113,17	81.94	269.9
CHEMICALS	13.42			_		24.48			31.99	54.86	14.43	209.45	88.90	27.46	33.10	149.4
CONSTRUCTION	4.90	15.67	33.62					***			4.91	951.17	106.37	97,22	50.29	253.8
EQUIPMENT	16.89	53.1	33.20	0 200.93								125.49	30.00	31.64	40.00	101.6
LIB. BOOKS	3.6	2 6.5	1 15.8	0 24.45	7.49	13.2						25.72		25.41	11.38	62.73
OTHERS	0.3	66 0.6	6 16.3	56 4.1	6 0.67	2.8									964.83	2618.22
RECURRING	118.	16 161.	05 B.	05 694.5	5 186.68	403.5		1504.15				2935,92 1311.82		Water-1014		547.70
CAPITAL	25.	77 75.	96 31.	03 296.1	.6 87.3	2 143.2			5 248.88 						1099.60	6371.85
TOTAL	143.	.93 237	.01 13.	28 990.	71 274.0	0 546.	81 18.88	2178.1	1 704.02	1054.99	10.64	4247,74				

C E E R I, PILANI 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS			AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
 ALARIES	41.85	58 . 98	 8.96	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY O	70.75	137.76		501.43	156.62	260.80	13.60	1050.27	278.38	314.34	376.49	969.22
CONT.+ MAINT.	7.08	9.40	700 V-010		10.67	27./4	26.98	141.32	29.15	53.82	16.57	192.16	52.03	58.46	63.09	173.58
	14.92		200000000000		18.93	58.37	32.51	195.53	59.93	45.01	-6.91	252.75	43.62	54.57	33.50	131.68
CHEMICALS	9.86				16.93	23.07	8.04	91.92	34.78	42.51	5.14	189.02	35.52	27.72	45.03	108.27
CONSTRUCTION						132.99	24.42	539.85	196.15	144.00	-7.44	653.45	131.48	114.62	71.11	317.20
EQUIPMENT	10.04					8.16		25.65	8.50	12.50	10.14	48.12	12.50	13.30	15.17	40.97
LIB. BOOKS	1.52		500 S00 S00 S00 S00 S00 S00 S00 S00 S00					7.08	3.53	3.85	2.23	29.59	2.65	5.62	2.45	10.72
OTHERS	0.5								245.70	359.63	9.99	1495.18	374.03	427.37	473.08	1274.48
RECURRING	63.89			22.21.22					242.95	202.86	-4.41	920.17	182.15	161.25	133.76	477.16
CAPITAL TOTAL	21.9 85.7							1502.76			3.5e	2415.35	556.18	588.62	606.84	3503.28

C S I O, CHANDIGARH 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS	1979-80 ACTUALS	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL	1960-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		(2) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		20110000 10000	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	53.31	72.98	8.17	302.81	85 . 58	158.96	16.74	601.77	181.68	277.01	11.12	1181.24	320.56	369.05	427.20	1116.80
CONT.+ MAINT.	7.82	14.43	16.55	55.98	17.19	24.29	9.03	105.21	31.52	45.95	9.88	184.94	49.46	51.02	72.00	172.48
CHEMICALS	16.81	24.93	10.35	98.41	31.07	34.76	2.85	158.11	39.71	30.27	-6.56	166.55	27,98	29.84	27.00	84.82
CONSTRUCTION	12.49	6.13	-16.30	33.44	6.32	21.90	36.44	52.95	16.12	26.54	13.28	115.27	13.51	4.00	16.12	33.63
EQUIPMENT	10.97	34.94	33.59	113.38	31.84	44.38	8.66	191.12	96.20	85.68	-2.85	309.82	58.97	45.07	39.99	144.03
LIB. BOOKS	1.50	1.65	5 2.41	7.60	2.00	3.55	15.42	15.26	3.99	7.34	16.48	29.69	8.75	12.00	13.50	34.25
OTHERS	2.36	1.2	2 -15.21	8.92	1.90	0.93	-16.36	7.02	1.00	2.20	21.88	16.59	0.77	1.00	2.00	3.77
RECURRING	77.94	112.3	4 9.57	457.20	133.84	218.01	12.97	865.09	252.91	353.23	8.71	1532.74	398.00	449.91	526.20	1374.10
CAPITAL	27.32	2 43.9	4 12.61	163.34	42.06	70.76	13.89	266.35	117.30	121.75	0.94	471.37	82.00	62.07	71.61	215.68
TOTAL	105.20	5 156.2					13.19	1131.44		474.99	6.43	2004.11	479.99	511.98	597.81	3179.57

N G R I, HYDERABAD

(RS. LAKH) 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1975-BO 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
 GALARIES	49.41	70.7B	9.40	300.65	81.60	154.82	17.36	571.76	174.39	352.09	19.20	1294.90	376.47	438.66	502.64	1317.77
CONT.+ MAINT.	14.53	14.48	-0.09	73.33	18.24	29.90	13.15	126.17	37.94	91.89	24.75	283.43	85.85	94.12	91.26	271.23
CHEMICALS	14.47	28.50	18.47	116.21	34.17	37.24	2.17	182.78	50.78	52.43	0.80	262.56	75.75	106.76	81.37	263.88
CONSTRUCTION	6.36	12.56	18.54	41.86	15.94	9.60	-11.91	88.52	24.11	19.18	-5.56	210.55	4.10	0.69	18.54	23.33
EQUIPMENT	6.85	62.41	73.74	125.14	24.99	86.48	36.39	325.96	68.02	69.75	0.63	277.34	24.73	25.20	25.20	75.13
LIB. BOOKS	1.55	2.19	B.90	8.71	2.50	4.45	15.51	16.57	6.16	10.10	13.18	36.89	13.18	14.61	16.03	43.82
OTHERS	2.49	7 2.0	9 -4.28	19.41	1.97	7.85	41.29	23.14	10.03	46,06	46.39	83.70	5.91	20.87	18.35	45.13
RECURRING	78.4	1 113.7	6 9.75	490.19	134.01	221.96	13.44	880.71	263.10	496.41	17.20	1840.90	538.07	639.54	675.27	1852.88
CAPITAL	17.25	5 79.2	4 46.40	195.12	45.40	108.38	24.30	454.19	108.32	145.09	7.58	608.49	47.92	61.37	78.12	187.40
TOTAL	95.6	6 193.0	0 19.18	8 685.31	179.41	330.34	16.49	1334.90	371.42	641.50	14.64	2449.38	585.99	700.90	753.39	4080.57

N I O, GOA 1975-76 TO 1992-93

76 TO 1992-93 (RS. LAKH)

							1775 70 1									
HEADS			AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1980-81	1984-85	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTA 3 YEAR
 SALARIES	29.10	43.65	10.67	180.09	51.04	115.78	22,72	407.21	133,36	222.21	13.62	924.82	258.06	287.00	344.97	890.0
CONT.+ MAINT.	7.78	10.78	B.50	43.91	12.97	28.78	22.05	107.76	37.38	48.63	6.80	215.34	49.79	56.46	49.46	155.7
	31.68	65,27	19.81		103.03	166.88	12.81	743.83	182.53	167.65	-2.10	813.02	193.18	195.74	190.00	578.92
CHEMICALS	7.78					61.66		122.47	17.22	60.53	36.93	132.73	2.65	27.87	43.00	73.52
CONSTRUCTION			1470A6 100 FORCE			101.29		471.06	91.27	6.33	-48.68	280.51	207.23	285.47	29.43	522.13
EQUIPMENT	82.83					8.69			9.29	10,79	3.81	52.66	10.39	12.00	14.00	36.39
LIB. BOOKS	1.44										-32.99	18.97	0.00	0.61	4.48	5.09
OTHERS	1.45											1953.18	501.04	539.19	584.43	1624.66
RECURRING	68.5	6 119.7				311.4		1258.80				484.87	220.27	325.94	90.91	637.12
CAPITAL	93.5	0 51.5	3 -13.8			177.8		653.69				2438.06	721.31	865.14	675.34	4523.58
TOTAL	162.0	6 171.7	23 1.3	59 858.3	9 223.46	4pr 3	2 21.65 	1912.49	4/3,77	J17.1J						

CHEMICAL SCIENCES GROUP 1975-76 TO 1992-93

1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 1992-93 1990-93 HE ADS RATE PER 5 YEARS RATE PER 5 YEARS ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS 3 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL 14.10 2191.05 663.80 1406.27 20.64 5089.48 1602.51 2610.35 12.97 10542.81 2874.91 3145.30 3582.02 9602.24 341.76 579.19 SALARIES 12.87 1780.54 516.63 588.53 578.82 1683.97 25.78 891.11 285.59 463.45 16.77 360.24 105.60 264.28 91.13 49.02 CONT. + MAINT. 3,89 1492,99 401.73 485.66 497.48 1384.87 281.89 328.40 11.91 935.89 12.10 490.00 135.93 213.21 77.12 121.78 CHEMICALS -10.38 936.79 160.47 202.75 224.72 587.94 13.58 872.72 269.12 173.60 311.36 131.81 219.34 32.83 29.78 92.71 CONSTRUCTION -6.35 2781.80 453.95 532.93 443.74 1430.61 2.80 1700.22 746.53 574.18 27.22 769.22 290.68 324.58 218,97 83.58 FOUTPMENT 15.38 498.40 150.18 173.02 203.13 526.33 71.09 125.98 24.09 220.72 92.60 26.70 63.30 6.05 22.36 LIB. BOOKS 17.68 44.04 125.44 36.32 18.71 232.60 45.08 41.98 83.36 8.92 119.50 20.01 28.16 58.64 9.37 10.73 OTHERS 7.50 11.90 13816.34 3793.26 4219.49 4658.32 12671.08 20.10 6916.48 2169.99 3402.20 14.07 3041.28 905.32 1883.76 467.90 792.10 RECURRING -4.04 4449.59 809.68 945.02 915.63 2670.33 7.87 2913.16 1128.72 957.12 25.60 1231.83 469.21 635.38 138.54 344.77 CAPITAL 17.01 4273.11 1374.53 2519.14 16.35 9829.64 3298.70 4359.31 7.22 18265.93 4602.94 5164.51 5573.95 15341.41 606.44 1136.87

N C L, PUNE 1975-76 TO 1992-93

						1775 70 11									
1975-76	1979-80	RATE PER		1980-81		AV.GROWTH	1980-85 5 YEARS TOTAL	1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
	116.00		500.84	133.68	 252 . 88	17.28			100000000000000000000000000000000000000		1960.41	528.83	571.75	667.75	1768.34
					42.00	15.73	185.62	57.00	126.30	22.01	438.19	154.79	157.67	148.05	460.51
	2000 1200						199.80	65.00	76.14	4.03	319.48	77.36	102.58	110.00	289.94
	-						180.51	37.58	13.38	-22.76	127.85	30.51	57.41	48.74	136.65
		1000			0.000		471,79	126.00	131.70	1.11	584.54	110.11	149.41	90.00	349.52
20.29	80.41									12.62	160.25	44.00	46.00	60.00	150.00
7.89	8.8										37.76	5.40	5.18	1.95	12.53
0.70	4.0	0 54.61									2718.07	760.9B	832.00	925.80	2518.78
124.7	163.8	1.										190.01	258.00	200.69	648.70
37.6	7 113.6												1090.00	1126.49	6334.96
162.3	8 277.4	8 14.33	1037.66	301.73	496.9	1 13.28	2083.63	615.70							
	92.05 11.45 21.21 8.79 20.29 7.89 0.70 124.7	92.05 116.00 11.45 21.30 21.21 26.54 8.79 20.43 20.29 80.41 7.89 8.86 0.70 4.06 124.71 163.8 37.67 113.6	RATE PER ANNUM 92.05 116.00 5.95 11.45 21.30 16.79 21.21 26.54 5.76 8.79 20.43 23.47 20.29 80.41 41.09 7.89 8.80 2.77 0.70 4.00 54.61 124.71 163.84 7.06 37.67 113.64 31.79	RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 92.05 116.00 5.95 500.84 11.45 21.30 16.79 83.21 21.21 26.54 5.76 120.91 8.79 20.43 23.47 74.52 20.29 80.41 41.09 197.71 7.89 8.80 2.77 37.94 0.70 4.00 54.61 22.53 124.71 163.84 7.06 704.96 37.67 113.64 31.79 332.70	RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 92.05 116.00 5.95 500.84 133.68 11.45 21.30 16.79 83.21 23.41 21.21 26.54 5.76 120.91 29.20 8.79 20.43 23.47 74.52 22.34 20.29 80.41 41.09 197.71 78.00 7.89 8.80 2.77 37.94 11.10 0.70 4.00 54.61 22.53 4.00 124.71 163.84 7.06 704.96 186.29 37.67 113.64 31.79 332.70 115.44	RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 92.05 116.00 5.95 500.84 133.68 252.88 11.45 21.30 16.79 83.21 23.41 42.00 21.21 26.54 5.76 120.91 29.20 45.00 8.79 20.43 23.47 74.52 22.34 64.61 20.29 80.41 41.09 197.71 78.00 69.00 7.89 8.80 2.77 37.94 11.10 20.45 0.70 4.00 54.61 22.53 4.00 3.00 124.71 163.84 7.06 704.96 186.29 339.8 37.67 113.64 31.79 332.70 115.44 157.0	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNU	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 92.05 116.00 5.95 500.84 133.68 252.88 17.28 950.78 11.45 21.30 16.79 83.21 23.41 42.00 15.73 185.62 21.21 26.54 5.76 120.91 29.20 45.00 11.42 199.80 8.79 20.43 23.47 74.52 22.34 64.61 30.41 180.51 20.29 80.41 41.09 197.71 78.00 69.00 -3.02 471.79 7.89 8.80 2.77 37.94 11.10 20.42 16.46 77.12 0.70 4.00 54.61 22.53 4.00 3.00 -6.94 18.01 124.71 163.84 7.06 704.96 186.29 339.88 16.22 1336.20 37.67 113.64 31.79 332.70 115.44 157.03 8.00 747.43	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL 92.05 116.00 5.95 500.84 133.68 252.88 17.28 950.78 302.04 11.45 21.30 16.79 83.21 23.41 42.00 15.73 185.62 57.00 21.21 26.54 5.76 120.91 29.20 45.00 11.42 199.80 65.00 8.79 20.43 23.47 74.52 22.34 64.61 30.41 180.51 37.58 20.29 80.41 41.09 197.71 78.00 69.00 -3.02 471.79 126.00 7.89 8.80 2.77 37.94 11.10 20.42 16.46 77.12 23.00 0.70 4.00 54.61 22.53 4.00 3.00 -6.94 18.01 3.08 124.71 163.84 7.06 704.96 186.29 339.88 16.22 1336.20 424.04 37.67 113.64 31.79 332.70 115.44 157.03 8.00 747.43 189.65	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS AND SOLVE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOT	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTA	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH RATE PER S YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 1980-81 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 RATE PER S YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 10TAL 10TAL 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 RATE PER S YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 10TAL	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1965-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL SYEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL 92.05 116.00 5.95 500.84 133.68 252.88 17.28 950.78 302.04 490.06 12.66 1960.41 528.83 11.45 21.30 16.79 83.21 23.41 42.00 15.73 185.62 57.00 126.30 22.01 438.19 154.79 21.21 26.54 5.76 120.91 29.20 45.00 11.42 199.80 65.00 76.14 4.03 319.48 77.36 8.79 20.43 23.47 74.52 22.34 64.61 30.41 180.51 37.58 13.38 -22.76 127.85 30.51 20.29 80.41 41.09 197.71 78.00 69.00 -3.02 471.79 126.00 131.70 1.11 584.54 110.11 78.89 8.80 2.77 37.94 11.10 20.42 16.46 77.12 23.00 37.00 12.62 160.25 44.00 0.70 4.00 54.61 22.53 4.00 3.00 -6.94 18.01 3.08 5.38 14.97 37.76 5.40 124.71 163.84 7.06 704.96 186.29 339.88 16.22 1336.20 424.04 692.50 13.05 2718.07 760.98 37.67 113.64 31.79 332.70 115.44 157.03 8.00 747.43 189.65 187.46 -0.29 910.40 190.01	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1988-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 RATE PER S YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 92.05 116.00 5.95 500.84 133.68 252.88 17.28 950.78 302.04 490.06 12.86 1960.41 528.83 571.75 11.45 21.30 16.79 83.21 23.41 42.00 15.73 185.62 57.00 126.30 22.01 438.19 154.79 157.67 21.21 26.54 5.76 120.91 29.20 45.00 11.42 199.80 65.00 76.14 4.03 319.48 77.36 102.58 8.79 20.43 23.47 74.52 22.34 64.61 30.41 180.51 37.58 13.38 -22.76 127.85 30.51 57.41 20.29 80.41 41.09 197.71 78.00 69.00 -3.02 471.79 126.00 131.70 1.11 584.54 110.11 149.41 7.89 8.80 2.77 37.94 11.10 20.42 16.46 77.12 23.00 37.00 12.62 160.25 44.00 46.00 0.70 4.00 54.61 22.53 4.00 3.00 -6.94 18.01 3.08 5.38 14.97 37.76 5.40 5.18 124.71 163.84 7.06 704.96 186.29 339.88 16.22 1336.20 424.04 692.50 13.05 2718.07 760.98 832.00 37.67 113.64 31.79 332.70 115.44 157.03 8.00 747.43 169.65 187.46 -0.29 910.40 190.01 258.00	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 1992-93 RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 1014 T

E E C R I. KARAIKUDI 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	51 . 57	63.03	5.14	283.69	 73 . 54	144.53	18.40	518.55	160.99	270.50	13.85	1068.11	298.86	350.86	389.31	1039.03
	7.81	10.97			11.96	17.44	9.89	72.84	25.15	47.00	16.92	164.57	40.89	53.10	50.97	144.97
CONT.+ MAINT.						24.34	3.98	125.44	30.19	40.49	7.62	175.49	52.27	54.31	45.49	152.07
CHEMICALS	15.10							112.71	30.05	54.25	15.92	173.39	35.92	12.53	18.18	66.64
CONSTRUCTION	5.97					26.64		170,68	98.92	56.68	-13.00	301.17	55.23	78.89	52.80	186.93
EQUIPMENT	12.48							15.00		13.05	21.85	45.77	10.16	16.64	18.00	44.80
LIB. BOOKS	1.92	2 1.8	1 -1.46									46.21	10.65	1.67	2.63	14.95
OTHERS	0.63	3 0.4	4 -8.58	3 5.17	1.77	4.41		10.93					392.03	458.27	485.77	1336.07
RECURRING	74.4	B 89.5	B 4.72	2 406.86	106.32	186.31	15.05	716.83	216.33	358.00	13.42	1408.17				
CAPITAL	21.0	0 31.9	98 11.0	9 127.62	61.64	57.58	-1.69	309.32	140.75	152.05	1.95	566.54	111.97	109.73		313.31
TOTAL	95.4						9.77	1026.15	357.09	510.05	9.32	1974.71	504.00	568.00	577 . 38	3298.75

C S M C R I, BHAVNAGAR 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS			1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1965-66	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	31.32	40.19	6.43	174.76	47.32	85.00	15.77	324.43	99.92	155.61	11.71	650.53	168.50	189.60	210.84	568.94
CONT.+ MAINT.	3.06	5.51	15.84	22.15	6.77	14.69	21.37	56.01	21.80	35.80	13.20	149.48	34.68	38.94	38.00	111.62
CHEMICALS	5.74	9.40	13.12	37.89	11.12	20.11	15.96	82.63	24.01	40.00	13.61	157.50	41.00	49.40	44.99	135.39
CONSTRUCTION	3.40	4.72	8.55	30.73	7.52	8.08	1.81	39.81	18.49	11.50	-11.20	67.99	11.48	10.91	11.55	33.94
EQUIPMENT	7.62	11.20	10.11	52.70	25.41	33.36	7.04	145.58	92.50	49.00	-14.69	265.88	35.50	39.59	29.46	104.55
LIB. BOOKS	1.18	1.80	11.13	7.07	2.00	7.50	39.16	20.30	5.50	11.50	20.24	41.54	16.54	23.00	27.12	66.66
OTHERS	0.94	0.49	7 -15.03	3.52	1.40	0.69	-16.21	6.58	5.29	6.59	5.64	21.51	9.27	2.56	3.60	15.43
RECURRING	40.12	55.10	0. 8.25	234.80	65.21	119.80	16.42	463.07	145.73	231.41	12.26	957.50	244.18	277.94	293.83	815.95
CAPITAL	13.14	18.2	1 8.50	94.02	36.33	49.63	8.11	212.27	121.78	78.58	-10.37	396.92	72.80	76.06	71.73	220.58
TOTAL	53.26		1 8.32			169.43		675.34			3.75	1354.43	316.97	354.00	365.56	2073.06

I I C T, HYDERABAD 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS	1979-80 ACTUALS	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1980-85 5 YEARS TOTAL	1985-86		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	87.08	110.54	6.15	481.65	130.11	258.02	18.67	950.35	287.46	488.01	14.15	1908.75	526.50	575.01	648.26	1749.77
CONT.+ MAINT.	14.39	19.00	7.19	91.41	24.10	46.65	17.95	189.60	58.51	86.80	10.36	328.02	88.00	116.00	113.90	317.90
CHEMICALS	18.72	31.01	13.45	121.06	30.87	52,00	13.92	216.35	55.56	78.23	8.93	305.10	90.50	115.00	121.00	326.50
CONSTRUCTION	6.48		23.90	49.02	27.94	37.96	7.96	151.87	45.56	25.03	-13.91	117.06	23.00	51.49	71.00	145.49
EQUIPMENT	30.20	50.73	3 13.85	247.63	50.65	60.89	4.71	312.26	119.75	83,75	-8.55	415.13	63.39	85.39	80.22	229.00
LIB. BOOKS	2.77	7 3.0	1 2.10	14.35	3.93	8.00	19.45	29.13	11.62	20.99	15.95	76.03	23.28	25.00	28.00	76.28
OTHERS	1.03	2 1.1	e 3.71	7.62	4.98	5,59	2,93	27,83	10.55	12.19	3.67	43.12	8.84	17.11	18.40	44.35
RECURRING	120.19	7 160.5	5 7.51	694.12	185.0B	356.67	17.82	1356.30	401.53	653.04	12.93	2541.B6	705.00	806.01	883.16	2394.17
CAPITAL	40.4	7 70.1	9 14.76	318.62	87.50	117.44	6.47	521.09	187.47	141.96	-6.72	651.34	118.50	178.99	197.62	495.12
TOTAL	160.6	6 230.7	4 9.47	1012.74	272.58	469.11	14.54	1877.39	589.00		7,79	3193.20	823.50		1080.78	5778.56

R R L, JORHAT 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1975-B0 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81	1984-85	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	33.73	50.89	10.83	208.72	55.69	115.47	20.00	420.72	131.09	249.50	17.46	938.01	325.82	298.00	339.44	963.26
CONT.+ MAINT.	4.12	8.13	18.52	31.96	8.56	18.48	21.22	64.85	25.86	26.50	0.61	128.33	30.89	32.20	33.76	96.85
CHEMICALS	6.20	13.58	21.65	52.20	14.35	27.26	17.40	108.07	29.84	29.47	-0.31	146.77	27.00	25.00	31.00	83.00
CONSTRUCTION	2.72	14.27	51.34	53.82	16.46	48.12	30.76	182.85	45.99	11.53	-29.24	111.49	7.76	8.00	27.38	43.14
EQUIPMENT	7.02	14.38	3 19.63	66.10	19.79	48.54	25.14	189.75	51.66	59.32	3.52	234.02	51.52	34.00	55.00	140.52
LIB. BOOKS	2.25	4.1	7 16.68	15.00	3.50	8.66	25.42	31.40	8.92	14.30	12.52	57.12	18.40	17.00	20.00	55.40
OTHERS	2.21	0.7	1 -24.71	6.71	2.35	4.01	14.29	19.92	6.59	1.37	-32.46	12.91	0.50	0.50	3.00	4.00
RECURRING	44.05	72.6	0 13.30	292.88	78.60	161.21	19.67	593.64	186.79	305.46	13.08	1213.12	383.71	355.20	404.20	1143.11
CAPITAL	14.20	33.5	3 23.96	141.63	42.10	109.33	26.94	423.92	113.15	86.51	-6.49	415.54	78.17	59.50	105.38	243.05
TOTAL	58.25	106.1	3 16.18	434.51	120.70	270.54	22.36	1017.56	299.94	391.97	6.92	1628.66	461.88	414.70	509.58	2772.31

I I P, DEHRADUN 1982-83 TO 1992-93

		11	982-83 TO	1992-93						000000		
HEADS	1982-83	 1984-85 A	 NV.GROWTH		 1985-86		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
	127 20	161.55	14.47	422.89	181.94	285.41	11.91	1175.69	322.96	351.00	399.35	1073.31
ALARIES	123.28			112.38		34.12	4.77	145.79	39.B0	55.50	52.00	147.30
CONT.+ MAINT.	18.25	73.71	100.95					137.72	46.00	55.00	60.00	161.00
CHEMICALS	21.84	6.47	-45.57	49.81				67.93	13.10	17.00	18.00	48.10
CONSTRUCTION	5.77	15.94	66.20	28.29								175.20
EQUIPMENT	20.05	36.58	35.09	67.24	95.59	84.67	7 -2.98					47.84
LIB. BOOKS	5.01	7.00	18.24	18.01	7.50	10.35	8.38	45.64	11.82	17.00	19.01	
OTHERS	1.49	3 5.68	3 95.25	8.9	7 1.10	7.9	2 63.65	14.01	3.40	2.12	3.49	9.01
RECURRING	163.38		3 21.64	585.0	9 237.1	7 323.3	1 8.05	1459.21	408.76	401.50	511.35	1381.61
				5 142.5	0 125.6	2 107.2	9 -3.87	575.95	80.00	104.15	96.00	280.15
						9 430.6	0 4.38	2035.15	488.76	565.65	607.35	3323.51
CAPITAL TOTAL	32.3 195.6							2035.15	488.76	565.65	607.35	3

C L R I, MADRAS 1975-76 TO 1992-93

							1 TO									
HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	46,01	64.20	8.69	279.73	71.18	126.79	15.53	479.91	147.13	245.46	13.65	1027.17	256.37	313.60	362.06	932.03
CONT.+ MAINT.	8.19	12.81	11.84	61.88	12.07	20.56	14.25	78.75	27.87	50.75	16.17	194.64	64.65	72.79	76.71	214.15
	10.15			58.68	13.66	20.09	10.13	74.61	25.84	34.89	7.79	134.01	40.60	56.00	55.00	151.60
CHEMICALS						18.48	4.06	87.62	41.57	42.58	0.60	182.55	23.44	35.41	19.70	78.55
CONSTRUCTION	2.42					24.8 ⁴	212	141.87	79.64	66.73	-4.33	347.74	47.57	62.61	63.31	173.49
EQUIPMENT	5.97							16.42	5.03	13.50	27.97	50.75	16.50	18.39	20.00	54.89
LIB. BOOKS	1.67							12.17		13.09	31.44	33.61	5.30	5.18	9.42	19.90
OTHERS	2.00			100								1355.81	361.62	442.39	493.77	1297.78
RECURRING	64.35											614.65	92.80	121.60	112.43	326.83
CAPITAL	12.0											1970.46	454,42	563.99	606.20	3249.22
TOTAL	76.4		8 12.7													

C F R I, DHANBAD 1978-79 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1978-79	1979-80	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1978-80 2 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	127,30	134.34	5.53	261.64	152.28	262,03	14.53	1021.84	291.95	425.81	9.89	1814.16	447.07	495.49	565.01	1507.56
CONT.+ MAINT.	13.77	13.41	-2.61	27.18	18.73	30.75	13.19	131.08	41.09	56.19	8.14	231.52	62.93	62.32	65.43	190.69
CHEMICALS	12.36	13.18	6.63	25.54	15.91	17.94	3.05	79.19	24.53	25.40	0.87	116.92	27.00	28.37	30.00	85.37
CONSTRUCTION	5.21	18.30	251.25	23.51	22.11	3.64	-36.30	89.04	28.45	11.00	-21.15	88.53	15.27	10.00	10.17	35.44
EQUIPMENT	18.30	21.48	3 17.38	39.78	46.26	24.73	-14.49	181.06	82.48	42.33	-15.36	184.96	3 <mark>8.</mark> 96	15.00	17.45	71.41
LIB. BOOKS	1.08	1.1	4 5.56	2.22	1.92	3.50	16.20	13.33	3.60	5.30	10.14	21.30	9.47	10.00	11.00	30.47
OTHERS	2.13	2.4	1 13,15	4.54	2,74	1.39	-15.61	15.09	5.13	8.77	14.37	23.51	1.73	2.00	1.55	5.28
RECURRING	153.43	160.9	3 4.89	314.36	186.92	310.72	13.55	1232.11	357.56	507.40	9.14	2162.60	537.00	586.18	660.44	1783.62
CAPITAL	26.72	2 43.3	62.16	70.05	73.03	33.26	-17.85	298.52	119.65	67.39	-13.37	318.31	65.42	37.00	40.17	142.59
TOTAL	180.15	5 204.	26 13.30	384.41	259.95	345.98	7.25	1530.63	477.22	574.79	4.76	2480.90	602.42	623.19	700.61	3852.43

HEADS			ANNUM	5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	5 YEARS TOTAL		an Product Product Conden	ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	472,32	723.49		2803.86		1527.42	16.76		1722.80			11736.99	3199.71	3619.37	4308.55	11127.63
CONT.+ MAINT.	83.81	113.65	7.91	500.53	147.28	258.32	15.08	1009.27	308.63	570.87	16.62	2196.69	666.59	704.46	746.62	2117.67
CHEMICALS	81.58	115.31	9.04	494.78	128.35	237.07	16.58	944.42	305.52	446.13	9.93	1841.49	506.99	492.56	505.40	1504.94
CONSTRUCTION	63.07	80.02		338.01	101.15	258.65	26.46	765.67	326.36	405.26	5.56	2037.83	389.09	452.68	313.81	1155.57
	136.70			1082,37	283.85	487.71	14.49	2173.56	1035.48	898.09	-3.50	3894.00	698.15	554.77	446.38	1699.30
EQUIPMENT			00000000000000000					241.41	70.13	128.89	16.43	472.04	144.63	179.31	176.04	499.98
LIB, BOOKS	20.23									213.60	48.89	452.50	125.00	209.20	79.59	413.79
OTHERS	12.29	15.0										15775.17	4373.28	4816.39	5560.57	14750.24
RECURRING	637.71	952.4	14 10.55	3799.17	1097.54	2022.8			2336.94					1395.95		
CAPITAL	232.29	436.1	17.08	5 1609.72	440.58	825.27			1475.42							
TOTAL	869.9	7 1388.5	55 12.4	5408.89	1538.12	2848.0	3 16.65	11087.65	3812.36	5597.33	10.08	22631 . 55	5730.15	6212.34 	6576 . 39	18518.88

N M L, JAMSHEDPUR 1975-76 TO 1992-93

							17/3 /0 1	J 11/12	•							
HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS	1979-80 ACTUALS	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	5 YEARS			RATE PER ANNUM	TOTAL			ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
	85 . 27	107.45	 5.95		123.90	209.93	14.09	812.44			14.47	1609.67	446.87	488.65	580.55	1516.07
SALARIES	20.00	17.06	-3.90		23.10	33.03	9.35	136.56	34.00	63,34	16.83	302.15	101.41	120.48	119.69	341.56
CONT.+ MAINT.			3.08			16.23	7.75	72.78	18.00	23.18	6.52	122.19	23.19	25.54	30.00	78.73
CHEMICALS	10.93			3 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5		7.90		21.86	-2.91	75.42	ERR	240.32	39.39	36.81	23.26	99.46
CONSTRUCTION	7.90	2.88			100000000000000000000000000000000000000					102,43	-4.39	438.89	60.96	64.52	60.00	185.47
EQUIPMENT	16.75	32.61	18.17			31.21	_					49.11	14.89	20.90	23.00	58.79
LIB. BOOKS	3.00	7 2.8	4 -2.00	12.50	3.80	6.00						29.38		8.40	4.99	19.17
OTHERS	0.5	8 0.4	5 -6.1	5 2.54	0.58	0.10								_	730.24	1936.38
RECURRING	116.2	20 136.8	35 4.1	7 615.83	3 159.04	259.1		1021.78				2034.01 757.70			111,25	
CAPITAL	26.3	32 38.7	78 B.1	B 180.8	1 27.78	45.2 	1 12.95 	181.49							841.49	
TOTAL	144.5	52 175.6	53 4.9	796.6	4 186.82	304.4	0 12.98	1203.27		689.71		2791.71	692.49	765.29	041.47	

HEADS	-	1979-80 A ACTUALS		1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		S 118		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
	53 . 28	61.36	3.59	281.12	72,58	143.14	18.50	520.60	156.01	278.00	15.54	1080.17	290.00	321.00	355.08	966.08
SALARIES		190 total	0.10		10.67	21.27	18.82	81.52	29.46	49.01	13.57	190.05	62.00	54.50	50.98	167.48
CONT.+ MAINT.	7.39				10.31	26.73		95.44	31.30	28.50	-2.32	126.71	32.59	30.00	33.79	96.38
CHEMICALS	8.25		-1.97			17.46		61.64	7.89	6.30	-5.46	23.27	5.35	3.35	5.46	14.16
CONSTRUCTION	2.53	4.97	18.39	15.69							6.09	281.12	79.25	63.13	44.32	186.70
EQUIPMENT	17.32	26.20	10.90	99.02	38.75	45.12	3.88	235.24	07.70	00.50				44.00	17 07	46.96
LIB. BOOKS	1.3	4 1.80	7.66	8.27	2,21	3.72	13.90	15.66	4.25	9.91	23.60	28.69	15.00	14.99	16.97	40,70
	0.7	1 0.00	-100.0	0 1.44	0.31	1.7	2 53.48	6.93	1.46	3.61	25.35	2.90	2.31	20.52	1.64	24.47
OTHERS							4 19.55	697.56	216.77	355.51	13.17	1396.93	384.59	405.50	439.85	1229.94
RECURRING	68.9									108.20	6.74	335.97	101.91	101.99	68.39	272.29
CAPITAL	21.9	32.97	10.7	7 124.4	2 42.96	68.0						4772.00	AO/ AO	507.49	508.24	3004.45
TOTAL	90.8	32 109.37			4 136.52			1017.03	300.13	463.71	11.49	1732.90	486.49			

±0.40Σ	 Z 8S°0Zb	22.472	358.21	1263.52	ΣΣ. C	320.99	12,285	78,097	19,61	26,705	101.53	389.45	17.7	42.06	50.74	JAT0T
192,73	40.74 	60.43	09.18	282.68	69 ° 6-	0p.29	22 . 89	182.60	00.71	\$9. ΓΣ	20.09	85.98	7Σ.7 <u>ς</u>	16.53	82.8	CAPITAL
			09.972	48.7711	81.11	68.88S	68.381	72.808	20.25	82.071	44.19	71.022	49.4	17.27	LL.09	RECURRING
62.096	\$5.275	31.015				9 b. 91	01.8	84.8	91.91	1.23	19.0	۲۲.۲	-13.22	0.38	19.0	2A3HT0
07.95	92.2	22.02	22,11	29.54	85.91					12.5	19.1	44.9	13.50	19.1	79.0	LIB. BOOKS
14.41	75.2	13.05	86.8	10.45	96.02	p2.7	24.2	26 . 8	8,45					96.8	78°1	EQUIPMENT
19.49	96.01	24.20	29.45	50.091	-33.29	12.46	76.73	27,801	14.93	00,91	98,01	10.52	33.79			CONSTRUCTION
10.74	25.45	29.9	24.94	129.00	72.01	28.13	18.82	24.22	12.15	01.21	26.9	95.75	32.54	8.58	87 . S	
t8°59	08.01	29.23	18.25	82.80	31.16	18.14	10.41	78.72	13.51	14.03	12.8	23.63	12.45	86.7	66° Þ	CHEMICALS
bb*96	25.59	68.04	00.22	69.181	12.12	85.44	29.35	97.29	95.95	24.22	11.39	08.24	91.9	57.9	64°L	CONT.+ MAINT.
VV 70	03 66	33 0.		00171	0011	00.177	76,141	19.964	98.91	127.03	b S*19	49.025	۲۲.۲	00.98	48.29	SALARIES

C M R S, DHANBAD 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS			AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	48.08	59.66	5.54	264.25	66.59	120.49		462.79			14.73		279.92	310.31	337.6	9 927.92
CONT.+ MAINT.	6.99	7.82	2.84	39.73	8.59	16.34	20.88	67.78	24.85	42.12	14.10	166.45	44.17	37.12	69.9	5 151.25
CHEMICALS	5.09	2.01	-20.73	16.55	2.60	6.02	23.35	23.18	12.30	32.29	27.29	104.50	20.40	18.37	16.00	54.77
CONSTRUCTION	2.13	1.49	-8.55	10.82	2.84	7.55	27.69	36.46	25.99	9.81	-21.62	94.23	4.58	8.00	15.00	27.58
EQUIPMENT	6.83	4.29	-10.98	35.37	22.16	50.76	23.02	171.27	90.00	48.28	-14.42	219.42	42.50	51.00	30.00	123.50
LIB. BOOKS	1.20	1.57	6.95	7.24	1.88	3.41	16.05	12.34	3.75	4.00	1.01	21.75	4.42	6.00	7.00	17.42
OTHERS	0.25	0.6	3 25.99	3.35	0.60	2.00	35.12	6.93	3.05	1.16	-21.52	14.21	1.00	1.00	7.48	9.48
RECURRING	60.16	69.4	9 3.67	320.53	77.78	144.85	16.82	553.75	174.13	311.75	15.67	1190.29	344.49	365.80	423.65	1133.94
CAPITAL	10.4	1 7.9	8 -6.43	56.78	27.48	63.72	23.40	227.00	122.79	63.25	-15.28	349.61	52.50	66.00	59.48	177.98
TOTAL	70.5	7 77.4	7 2.36	377.31	105.26	208.57	18.64	780.75	296.91	375.00	6.01 1	539.90	396.99	431.80	483.13	2623.84

N E E R I, NAGPUR 1975-76 TO 1992-93

IDC	LAK
(KS	LHN

						1975-76 11	1 1447-42)							
		RATE PER	5 YEARS	1980-81	1984-85	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1980-85 5 YEARS TOTAL	1985-86	1989-90	ANNUM	TOTAL				3 YEARS
				61.54	127.03	19.86	456.61	141.52	221.08	11.80	912.36	217.79	240.07	340.15	798.01
48.29			22				93.79	29.35	46.38	12.12	181.69	33.00	40.85	22.59	96.44
7.49	9.73	6.76					57.87	16.01	18.14	3.16	83.80	25.81	29.23	10.80	65.84
4.99	7.98	12.45	33.63	8.51			A. 2000400				129.00	34.94	6.62	25.45	67.01
2.78	8.50	B 32.54	27.56	6.92	15.10	21.54	55.45						24.20	10.96	64.61
1.86	5.9	6 33.79	22.01	10.89	19.00	14.93	108.75	67.97	13.46						24.41
0.9	7 1.6	13.5	0 6.4	1.67	2.3	1 8.45	9.92	3.43	7.34	20.96	24.01				
		7B -17.7	7 3.2	7 0.61	1.2	3 19.16	8.48	8.10	16.46	19.38	42.62	11.22	20,22	5.26	
					170.2	B 20.25	608.27	7 186.89	285.59	11.18	1177.84	276.60	310.15	373.54	960.29
60.	77 73.							98.32	2 65.40	-9.69	385.68	81.60	64.09	47.04	192.73
6.	28 16	.53 27.								5.33	1563.52	358.21	374.23	420.58	2306.04
67.	.05 90	.24 7.	71 389.	45 101.5 	3 207.°	19.6									
	48.29 7.49 4.99 2.78 1.88 0.9 0.6	ACTUALS ACTUALS 48.29 56.00 7.49 9.73 4.99 7.98 2.78 8.56 1.86 5.9 0.97 1.6 0.67 0. 60.77 73. 6.28 16	ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER ANNUM 48.29 56.00 3.77 7.49 9.73 6.76 4.99 7.98 12.45 2.78 8.58 32.54 1.86 5.96 33.79 0.97 1.61 13.5 0.67 0.38 -13.7 60.77 73.71 4.6 6.28 16.53 27.	ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 48.29 56.00 3.77 250.64 7.49 9.73 6.76 45.90 4.99 7.98 12.45 33.63 2.78 8.58 32.54 27.56 1.86 5.96 33.79 22.01 0.97 1.61 13.50 6.44 0.67 0.38 -13.22 3.2 60.77 73.71 4.94 330.1 6.28 16.53 27.37 59.2	ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 48.29 56.00 3.77 250.64 61.54 7.49 9.73 6.76 45.90 11.39 4.99 7.98 12.45 33.63 8.51 2.78 8.58 32.54 27.56 6.92 1.86 5.96 33.79 22.01 10.89 0.97 1.61 13.50 6.44 1.67 0.67 0.38 -13.22 3.27 0.61 60.77 73.71 4.94 330.17 81.44 6.28 16.53 27.37 59.28 20.06	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 48.29 56.00 3.77 250.64 61.54 127.03 7.49 9.73 6.76 45.90 11.39 29.22 4.99 7.98 12.45 33.63 8.51 14.03 2.78 8.58 32.54 27.56 6.92 15.10 1.86 5.96 33.79 22.01 10.89 19.00 0.97 1.61 13.50 6.44 1.67 2.3 0.67 0.38 -13.22 3.27 0.61 1.2 60.77 73.71 4.94 330.17 81.44 170.2 6.28 16.53 27.37 59.28 20.09 37.6	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RANGE PER 6 ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM 101 ANNUM 1	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 48.29 56.00 3.77 250.64 61.54 127.03 19.86 456.61 7.49 9.73 6.76 45.90 11.39 29.22 26.56 93.79 4.99 7.98 12.45 33.63 8.51 14.03 13.31 57.87 2.78 8.58 32.54 27.56 6.92 15.10 21.54 55.45 1.86 5.96 33.79 22.01 10.89 19.00 14.93 108.75 0.97 1.61 13.50 6.44 1.67 2.31 8.45 9.92 0.67 0.38 -13.22 3.27 0.61 1.23 19.16 8.46 60.77 73.71 4.94 330.17 81.44 170.28 20.25 608.27 6.28 16.53 27.37 59.28 20.09 37.64 17.00 182.66 6.28 16.53 20.29 18.65 18.68 16.53 20.29 18.68 18.6	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL 48.29 56.00 3.77 250.64 61.54 127.03 19.86 456.61 141.52 7.49 9.73 6.76 45.90 11.39 29.22 26.56 93.79 29.35 4.99 7.98 12.45 33.63 8.51 14.03 13.31 57.87 16.01 2.78 8.58 32.54 27.56 6.92 15.10 21.54 55.45 18.82 1.86 5.96 33.79 22.01 10.89 19.00 14.93 108.75 67.97 0.97 1.61 13.50 6.44 1.67 2.31 8.45 9.92 3.43 0.67 0.38 -13.22 3.27 0.61 1.23 19.16 8.48 8.10 60.77 73.71 4.94 330.17 81.44 170.28 20.25 608.27 186.89 6.28 16.53 27.37 59.28 20.09 37.64 17.00 182.60 98.35 101.53 207.92 19.63 790.87 285.21	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL TOTAL 48.29 56.00 3.77 250.64 61.54 127.03 19.86 456.61 141.52 221.08 7.49 9.73 6.76 45.90 11.39 29.22 26.56 93.79 29.35 46.38 4.99 7.98 12.45 33.63 8.51 14.03 13.31 57.87 16.01 18.14 2.78 8.58 32.54 27.56 6.92 15.10 21.54 55.45 18.82 28.13 1.86 5.96 33.79 22.01 10.89 19.00 14.93 108.75 67.97 13.46 0.97 1.61 13.50 6.44 1.67 2.31 8.45 9.92 3.43 7.34 0.67 0.38 -13.22 3.27 0.61 1.23 19.16 8.48 8.10 16.46 60.77 73.71 4.94 330.17 81.44 170.28 20.25 608.27 186.89 285.59 6.28 16.53 27.37 59.28 20.09 37.64 17.00 182.60 98.32 65.40 65.40 65.28 16.53 27.37 59.28 20.09 37.64 17.00 182.60 98.32 65.40 65.40 65.28 16.53 27.37 59.28 20.09 37.64 17.00 182.60 98.32 65.40 65.40 65.28 16.53 27.37 59.28 20.09 37.64 17.00 182.60 98.32 65.40 6	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM AN	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 ACTUALS RATE PER S YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 48.29 56.00 3.77 250.64 61.54 127.03 19.86 456.61 141.52 221.08 11.80 912.36 217.79 7.49 9.73 6.76 45.90 11.39 29.22 26.56 93.79 29.35 46.38 12.12 181.69 33.00 4.99 7.98 12.45 33.63 8.51 14.03 13.31 57.87 16.01 18.14 3.16 83.80 25.81 2.78 8.58 32.54 27.56 6.92 15.10 21.54 55.45 18.82 28.13 10.57 129.00 34.94 1.86 5.96 33.79 22.01 10.89 19.00 14.93 108.75 67.97 13.46 -33.29 190.05 29.45 0.97 1.61 13.50 6.44 1.67 2.31 8.45 9.92 3.43 7.34 20.96 24.01 5.99 0.67 0.38 -13.22 3.27 0.61 1.23 19.16 8.48 8.10 16.46 19.38 42.62 11.22 60.77 73.71 4.94 330.17 81.44 170.28 20.25 608.27 186.89 285.59 11.18 1177.84 276.60 6.28 16.53 27.37 59.28 20.09 37.64 17.00 182.60 98.32 65.40 -9.69 385.68 81.60	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 RATE PER ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER	ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM 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C M E R I, DURGAPUR 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	(1.00 to 1.00		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81	1984-85	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	85.68	104.24	5.02	459.85	118,29	210.25	15.46	800.20	237,77	384,71	12,78	1555.54	397.67	462.99	574.09	1434.76
CONT.+ MAINT.	15.19	14.94	-0.41	74.97	16.22	22.02	7.94	100.49	24.65	52.44	20.76	177.05	58.31	56.61	69.70	184.61
CHEMICALS	10.65	9.84	-1.96	46.45	7.89	12.93	13.14	62.06	18.85	21.66	3.54	96.85	23.20	25.86	45.00	94.06
CONSTRUCTION	6.16	5.63	-2.22	28.86	9.09	4.15	-17.80	32.35	4.36	2.00	-17.69	57.84	4.49	40.00	38.25	82.74
EQUIPMENT	7,71	13.6	15.24	50.23	5.24	19.95	39.69	84.07	83.11	53.77	-10.32	193.27	5.69	32.13	30.41	68.22
LIB. BOOKS	2.63	3.0	9 4.11	13.36	3.45	4.68	7.92	19.95	5.69	8.83	11.60	36.04	9.3B	9.01	11.00	29.39
OTHERS	1.00	2.2	2 22.06	7.55	1.34	0.95	-8.24	5.86	2.90	43.62	96.92	45.24	-5.54	8.96	25.28	28.70
RECURRING	111.5	2 129.0	2 3.71	581.27	142.40	245.20	14.55	962.75	281.27	458.81	13.01	1829.43	479.18	545.45	688.79	1713.42
CAPITAL	17.5	0 24.5	64 8.82	2 100.00	19.12	29.73	11.67	142.23	96.05	108.21	3.02	332.40	14.01	90.09	104.94	209.05
TOTAL	129.0	2 153.	56 4.45	681.27	161.52	274.93	14.22	1104.98	377.32	567.02	10.72	2161.83	493.19	635.55	793.73 3	844.94

NAL+NTAF, BANGALORE 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS		ACTUALS	ANNUM	5 YEARS TOTAL			RATE PER ANNUM			1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	99.39	136.75	8,30	577.35	155.27	275.71		1136.78	309.99	514.00	13.48	2130.11	571.10	673.7	773.00	2017.81
CONT.+ MAINT.	15.88	20.43	6.50	115.39	34.02	42.83	5.93	200.30	51.29	90.00	15.09	364.10	105.72	117.00	125.00	347.71
CHEMICALS	29.33	42.23	9.54	192.52	49.49	81.18	13.17	326.05	116.82	141.00	4.82	635.30	168.58	183.25	207.00	558.82
CONSTRUCTION	32,96			112.50	18,06	15.96	-3.04	87.16	19.04	26.00	8.09	116.76	29.99	33.97	27.28	91.24
EQUIPMENT	66.38			515.86	104.48	104.38	-0.02	651.61	203.12	234.59	3.67	753.68	193.87	52.91	91.06	337.84
LIB. BOOKS	6.49		9.59	42.20	10.71	14.30	7.49	65.46	19.34	22.00	3.27	106.24	24.00	28.00	28.00	80.00
OTHERS	6.13			35.63	1.73	3.17	16.35	54.64	7.55	40.41	52.12	103.78	59.73	82.08	23.06	164.87
RECURRING	144.6				238.78	399.72	13.75	1663.13	478.10	745.00	11.73	3129.52	845.39	973.96	1105.00	2924.35
CAPITAL		6 151.5			134.98	137.81	0.52	858.67	249.05	322.99	6.72	1080.46	307.60	196.96	169.40	673.96
TOTAL	256.5	6 350.9		5 1591.45		537.53		2522.00		1067.99		1209.98	1152.99	1170.92	1274.40	3598.31

S E R C-GZ, GHAZIABAD 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS	ACTUALS	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1975-B0 5 YEARS TOTAL			RATE PER ANN <mark>UM</mark>	5 YEARS TOTAL			AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	5 YEARS TOTAL				1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	13.39	15.18		71.84	16.64	28.39		111.83				192.01				185.51
CONT.+ MAINT.	2.10	2.50	4.46	11.64	3.10	4.40	9.15	18.54	7.55	19.50	26.77	66.81	31.53	25.35	35.10	91.98
CHEMICALS	3.00	3.78	5.95	16.00	4.63	4.71	0.43	27.84	6.94	11.39	13.19	36.78	29,43	7.00	6.92	43.34
CONSTRUCTION	0.34	0.00	-100.00	1.49	0.00	29.54	ERR	58.36	98.53	120.35	5.13	669.22	64.85	59.25	7.84	131.94
EQUIPMENT	2.04	4.25	20.14	12.94	6.89	5.96	-3.56	21.21	6.73	38.52	54.68	293.98	16.11	53.51	16.13	85.74
LIB. BOOKS	0.55	0.73	7.33	3.31	0.74	0.00	-100.00	3.85	1.67	1.62	-0.77	10.22	8.23	9.76	12.01	30.01
OTHERS	0.15	0.10	-9.64	0.92	0.20	1.85	74.40	3.32	1.68	0.00	-100.00	6.70	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.03
RECURRING	18.49	21.4	5.79	99.48	24.37	37.50	11.38	158.21	46.26	69.52	10.72	295.60	114.77	91.60	114.45	320.82
CAPITAL	Ι, ώξ	ξ 5,ù	11,11	18,44	7,81	37, **	47,79	Ē6,74	16 <mark>8.61</mark>	1±0,4B	10,25	960.11	89.22	122.52	35.9B	247.73
TOTAL	21.57	7 26.5	4 5.32	118.14	32.20	74.85	23.48	244.95	154.87	230.01	10.39	1275.71	204.00	214.12	150.43	568.55

S E R C, MADRAS 1975-76 FO 1992-93

L	FO	1992-93	(RS LAKH)
U	1 1	1112 13	III CHRILL

HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1980-81	1984-85	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	11.06	17.57	12.27	71.25	20.33	49.70	25.04	166.48	56.30	119.41	20.68	430.15	127.00	147.75	168.38	443.13
CONT.+ MAINT.	1.21	2.64	21.54	9.43	2.90	8.58	31.15	28.30	12.04	27.49	22.93	90.12	32.30	39.00	38.33	109.63
CHEMILALS	4.24	5.94	8.79	24.71	7.54	19.06	26.09	69.49	25.00	40.03	12.49	161.20	47.70	48.25	49.96	145.91
CONSTRUCTION	0.00	0.00) ERR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ERR	0.00	50.90	30.74	-11.64	265.30	61.26	70.05	58.99	190.30
EQUIPMENT	2.76	8.77	33.51	27.43	9.03	37.87	43.10	161.48	102.99	37.31	-22.42	243.01	61.82	35.31	48.72	145.85
LIB. BOOKS	0.88	3 0.70	0 -5.56	3.51	1.10	0.25	-30.95	7.55	3.50	6.9B	18.84	25.76	7.37	8.54	10.00	25.91
OTHERS	0.5	6 0.5	1 -2.31	2.57	10.52	1.50	-38.55	15.82	2.00	43.03	115.37	94.43	17.55	39.00	5.28	61.83
RECURRING	16.5	1 26.1	5 12.18	3 105.39	30.77	77.34	25.91	264.27	93.33	186.93	18.96	c81.47	207.00	235.00	256.67	698.67
CAPITAL	4.2	ù 9.9	28 24.18	33.51	20.65	39.62	17.69	184.85	159.39	116.07	-7,23	628.49	148.00	152.90	122.99	423.00
TOTAL	20.7	1 36.1	3 14.93	3 138.90	51.42	116.96	22.81	449.12	252.73	304.99	4.81	1309.96	355.00	387.89	379.66	1122.55

C S I R - C - MADRAS 1975-76 TO 1992-93

												CONTRACTOR OF THE				
HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1975-B0 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1985-86	T 1000	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTA 3 YEAF
 ALARIES	7.03	9.05	6.52	32.23	10.16	16.17	12.33	63.95	18.36	34.32	16.92	131.41	34.57	37.46	41.77	113.7
CONT.+ MAINT.	3.58	3.79	1.44	15.15	4.25	7.30	14.46	31.94	10.43	15.23	9.94	57.63	14.93	17.53	20.99	53.4
CHEMICALS	0.00		ERR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ERR	0.00	0.00	0.00	ERR	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
CONSTRUCTION	4.69		10.54	46.63	19.82	54.87	29.00	195.07	6.52	3.89	-12.12	30.62	9.66	8.10	6.38	24.1
EQUIPMENT	0.00	0.00) ERR	0.00	0.41	1.70	43.14	3.21	0.74	0.00	-100.00	3.85	2.37	1.79	0.00	4.16
LIB. BOOKS	0.00) ERR	0.00	0.00	0.10	ERR	0.30	0.15	0.10	-9.64	0.65	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.28
OTHERS	0.78	3 0.5	9 -6.60	3.04	0.56	1.30	23.54	5.23	1.87	1.45	-6.09	6.25	0.50	4.52	1.05	6.07
RECURRING	10.6	0 12.8	3 4.89	9 47.38	14.41	- 47	12.97	95.89	28.79	49.56	14.54	189.04	49.50	54.98	62.76	167.24
CAPITAL	5.4	6 7.5	9 8.50	6 49.68	20.78	57.97	29.24	203.80	9.28	5.44	-12.49	41.37	12.62	14.52	7.51	34.65
TOTAL	16.0		2 6.10					299.68	38.07	55.00	9.63	230,41	62.12	69.50	70.27	201.89

RRL, BHUBNESWAR 1975-76 TO 1992-93

							1773 74 11									
HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM				AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
	20.85	27.13	6.81	117.03	32.23	64.4b	18.92	235.68	78.06	144.87	16.72	619.24	157.93	183.37	215.20	556.50
SALARIES	3.99	5.59			7.28	18.11	25.59	62.56	23.65	43,26	16.30	175.06	47.40	55.69	51.05	154.14
CONT.+ MAINT.					9.08	24.81	28.57	85.87	20.45	32.51	12.29	154.70	45.40	47.60	36.42	129.42
CHEMICALS	5.10							63.34	5E.03	16.16	-27.36	145.85	5.25	7.30	12.59	25.14
CONSTRUCTION	3.59									32.80	-17.25	234.64	51.71	42.40	29.22	123.33
EQUIPMENT	15.05			20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				23.01			22.37	65.53	18.99	33.56	21.16	73.71
LIB. BOOKS	3.08	3 2.7	1 -3.13	3 12.21	2.80	7.95	29.81						8.52	5.90	3.95	18.36
OTHERS	1.46	6 0.3	9 -28.19	8 3.85	0.44	1.0	7 24.88	3.79	1.72	10.36	56.59	38.95	6.32	3.70	3.70	
RECURRING	29.9	4 40.8	82 8.0	6 177.95	48.59	107.3	8 21.93	384.11	122.16	220.65	15.93	949.00	250.73	286.66	302.67	840.06
CAPITAL	23.1	7 53.7	75 23.4	2 156.9	43.25	64.3	7 10.45	303.67	136.85	75.36	-13.86	484.97	84.46	89.16	66.92	240.54
TOTAL	53.1	.0 94.5	 57 15.5	2 334.8	5 91.84	171.7	5 16.94	687.78	259.01	296.00	3.39	1433.98	335.18	375.82	369.59	2161.19

R R L, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1976-77			1976-80 4 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTA 3 YEAR
ALARIES	 3.78	13.52	29.02	33.65	17.85	38.68	21.33	140.43	45.14	94.82	20.39	362.07	110.86	131.00	144.66	386.5
CONT.+ MAINT.	0.58		38.21	7.88	4.13	5.66	B.20	24.14	8.91	14.04	12.04	59.10	14.93	19.06	20.27	54.2
	0.47		43.16	5.90	3.75	6.00	12.47	25.02	8.02	24.29	31.92	89.03	19.22	18.94	20.00	58.1
CHEMICALS	0.00		ERR			3.76	-20.75	22.05	8.68	50.51	55.31	98.78	90.00	120.00	15.00	225.0
CONSTRUCTION		or we want to the	151.26					102,87	63.70	93.84	10.17	288.49	14.28	8.81	15.82	38.9
EQUIPMENT	0.40									14.34	28.61	44.16	14.90	15.59	17.02	47.51
LIB. BOOKS	0.3		52.15								51.96	11.59	9.82	5.80	5.40	21.02
OTHERS	0.0											510.20	145.00	169.00	184.93	498.93
RECURRING	4.8											443.01	129.00	150.20	53.24	332.44
CAPITAL	0.7											953.20	273.99	319,20	238.17	831.36
TOTAL	5.5	59 74.97	68.0	7 126.6	9 55.21	79.6	9 9.61	341.17								

C B R I, ROORKEE 1978-79 TO 1992-93

							1978-79 TO	1992-93)							
HEADS	1978-79	1979-80 A		1978-80 3 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1985-86		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		Carrier Control	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTA 3 YEAF
	(0.00	65.63	7.94	126.43	71.31	128.10	15.77	488.12	148.11	228.00	11.39	931.81	260.00	284.00	366.09	910.0
SALARIES	60.80		-16.56	13.96	7,79	16.04	19.79	56.02	21.55	43.94	19.50	156.59	39.30	43.18	35.53	118.0
CONT.+ MAINT.	7.61	6.35	2.93	15.73	8.48	11.17		51.42	20.15	48.56	24.59	154.53	47.86	35.65	24.47	107.
CHEMICALS	7.85	8.08				2.00		12.61	10.22	19.95	18.20	68.47	18.03	21.00	21.23	60.2
CONSTRUCTION	3.41	0.53	-84.46			43.57		69.15	61.00	91.92	10.79	346.98	63.60	35.60	10.76	109.9
EQUIPMENT	8.31		-1.44	= 102				6.37			39.66	21.35	5.41	5.18	5.77	16.3
IB. BOOKS	0.65	0.77						2.22				28.71	2.29	1.39	3.47	7.1
OTHERS	0.22	2 0.17	-22.73									1242.93	347.16	362.83	426.09	1136.0
RECURRING	76.2	6 B0.08	4.9	3 156.32								465.51	89.34	63.17	41.23	193.74
CAPITAL	12.5	9 9.6	5 -23 . 2	7 22.25	6.11	48.3	9 67.76 						436.49	426.00	467.32	2659,62
TOTAL	88.88	85 89.7	2 0.9	8 178.5	7 93.69	203.7	0 21.43	685.91	268.72	461.12	14.45	1708.44	430.47			

C R R I, DELHI 1979-80 TO 1992-93

1979-80 ACTUALS	1980-81				1985-86	in the second	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTA 3 YEAR
49.95	 55 . 22	102.51	16.73	383.06	112.69	192,37	14.30	777.55	204.11	225.60	268.92	698.6
	13.84	17.07	5.38	75.30	24.92	46.75	17.04	172.39	63.00	57.60	54.74	175.3
			15.65	34.30	8.23	10.13	5.32	44.19	8.98	9.55	10.00	28.5
				32,86	18.78	9.12	-16.53	73.01	8.31	10.24	10.18	28.7
				82.55	42.36	30.75	-7.69	172.37	25.23	47.56	15.71	88.5
						7.74	17.91	26.17	8.07	7.16	10.00	25.2
		0 0778ab 000000					11.33	18.89	7.79	5.02	3.93	16.75
							14.34	994.14	276.09	292.76	333.66	902.51
							2 -6.17	290.44	49.40	69.99	39.82	159.21
								1284.57	325.50	362.75	373.48	2123.45
	49.95 12.45 4.58 6.03 13.08 1.82 1.04 66.91	49.95 55.22 12.45 13.84 4.58 4.03 6.03 15.70 13.08 19.09 1.82 2.08 1.04 3.19 66.98 73.0	ACTUALS Reserved AP.95 55.22 102.51 12.45 13.84 17.07 4.58 4.03 7.21 6.03 15.70 5.58 13.08 19.09 16.72 1.82 2.08 3.49 1.04 3.19 0.29 66.98 73.09 126.79 21.97 40.06 26.08	ACTUALS RATE PER ANNUM 49.95 55.22 102.51 16.73 12.45 13.84 17.07 5.38 4.58 4.03 7.21 15.65 6.03 15.70 5.58 -22.79 13.08 19.09 16.72 -3.26 1.82 2.08 3.49 13.81 1.04 3.19 0.29 -45.09 66.98 73.09 126.79 14.76 21.97 40.06 26.08 -10.17	ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 49.95 55.22 102.51 16.73 383.06 12.45 13.84 17.07 5.38 75.30 4.58 4.03 7.21 15.65 34.30 6.03 15.70 5.58 -22.79 32.86 13.08 19.09 16.72 -3.26 82.55 1.82 2.08 3.49 13.81 14.15 1.04 3.19 0.29 -45.09 7.63 66.98 73.09 126.79 14.76 492.66 21.97 40.06 26.08 -10.17 137.19	ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 49.95 55.22 102.51 16.73 383.06 112.69 12.45 13.84 17.07 5.38 75.30 24.92 4.58 4.03 7.21 15.65 34.30 8.23 6.03 15.70 5.58 -22.79 32.86 18.78 13.08 19.09 16.72 -3.26 82.55 42.36 1.82 2.08 3.49 13.81 14.15 4.00 1.04 3.19 0.29 -45.09 7.63 3.78 66.98 73.09 126.79 14.76 492.66 145.84 21.97 40.06 26.08 -10.17 137.19 68.93	ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 49.95 55.22 102.51 16.73 383.06 112.69 192.37 12.45 13.84 17.07 5.38 75.30 24.92 46.75 4.58 4.03 7.21 15.65 34.30 8.23 10.13 6.03 15.70 5.58 -22.79 32.86 18.78 9.12 13.08 19.09 16.72 -3.26 82.55 42.36 30.75 1.82 2.08 3.49 13.81 14.15 4.00 7.74 1.04 3.19 0.29 -45.09 7.63 3.78 5.81 66.98 73.09 126.79 14.76 492.66 145.84 249.25 21.97 40.06 26.08 -10.17 137.19 68.93 53.42	ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 49.95 55.22 102.51 16.73 383.06 112.69 192.37 14.30 12.45 13.84 17.07 5.38 75.30 24.92 46.75 17.04 4.58 4.03 7.21 15.65 34.30 8.23 10.13 5.32 6.03 15.70 5.58 -22.79 32.86 18.78 9.12 -16.53 13.08 19.09 16.72 -3.26 82.55 42.36 30.75 -7.69 1.82 2.08 3.49 13.81 14.15 4.00 7.74 17.91 1.04 3.19 0.29 -45.09 7.63 3.78 5.81 11.33 66.98 73.09 126.79 14.76 492.66 145.84 249.25 14.34 21.97 40.06 26.08 -10.17 137.19 68.93 53.42 -6.17	ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 49.95 55.22 102.51 16.73 383.06 112.69 192.37 14.30 777.55 12.45 13.84 17.07 5.38 75.30 24.92 46.75 17.04 172.39 4.58 4.03 7.21 15.65 34.30 8.23 10.13 5.32 44.19 6.03 15.70 5.58 -22.79 32.86 18.78 9.12 -16.53 73.01 13.08 19.09 16.72 -3.26 82.55 42.36 30.75 -7.69 172.37 1.82 2.08 3.49 13.81 14.15 4.00 7.74 17.91 26.17 1.04 3.19 0.29 -45.09 7.63 3.78 5.81 11.33 18.89 66.98 73.09 126.79 14.76 492.66 145.84 249.25 14.34 994.14 21.97 40.06 26.08 -10.17 137.19 68.93 53.42 -6.17 290.44	ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 49.95 55.22 102.51 16.73 383.06 112.69 192.37 14.30 777.55 204.11 12.45 13.84 17.07 5.38 75.30 24.92 46.75 17.04 172.39 63.00 4.58 4.03 7.21 15.65 34.30 8.23 10.13 5.32 44.19 8.98 6.03 15.70 5.58 -22.79 32.86 18.78 9.12 -16.53 73.01 8.31 13.08 19.09 16.72 -3.26 82.55 42.36 30.75 -7.69 172.37 25.23 1.82 2.08 3.49 13.81 14.15 4.00 7.74 17.91 26.17 8.07 1.04 3.19 0.29 -45.09 7.63 3.78 5.81 11.33 18.89 7.79 66.98 73.09 126.79 14.76 492.66 145.84 249.25 14.34 994.14 276.09 21.97 40.06 26.08 -10.17 137.19 68.93 53.42 -6.17 290.44 49.40	ACTUALS RATE PER S YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 49.95 55.22 102.51 16.73 383.06 112.69 192.37 14.30 777.55 204.11 225.60 12.45 13.84 17.07 5.38 75.30 24.92 46.75 17.04 172.39 63.00 57.60 4.58 4.03 7.21 15.65 34.30 8.23 10.13 5.32 44.19 8.98 9.55 6.03 15.70 5.58 -22.79 32.86 18.78 9.12 -16.53 73.01 8.31 10.24 13.08 19.09 16.72 -3.26 82.55 42.36 30.75 -7.69 172.37 25.23 47.56 1.82 2.08 3.49 13.81 14.15 4.00 7.74 17.91 26.17 8.07 7.16 1.04 3.19 0.29 -45.09 7.63 3.78 5.81 11.33 18.89 7.79 5.02 66.98 73.09 126.79 14.76 492.66 145.84 249.25 14.34 994.14 276.09 292.76 21.97 40.06 26.08 -10.17 137.19 68.93 53.42 -6.17 290.44 49.40 69.99	ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 49.95 55.22 102.51 16.73 383.06 112.69 192.37 14.30 777.55 204.11 225.60 268.92 12.45 13.84 17.07 5.38 75.30 24.92 46.75 17.04 172.39 63.00 57.60 54.74 4.58 4.03 7.21 15.65 34.30 8.23 10.13 5.32 44.19 8.98 9.55 10.00 6.03 15.70 5.58 -22.79 32.86 18.78 9.12 -16.53 73.01 8.31 10.24 10.18 13.08 19.09 16.72 -3.26 82.55 42.36 30.75 -7.69 172.37 25.23 47.56 15.71 1.82 2.08 3.49 13.81 14.15 4.00 7.74 17.91 26.17 8.07 7.16 10.00 1.04 3.19 0.29 -45.09 7.63 3.78 5.81 11.33 18.89 7.79 5.02 3.93 66.98 73.09 126.79 14.76 492.66 145.84 249.25 14.34 994.14 276.09 292.76 333.66 21.97 40.06 26.08 -10.17 137.19 68.93 53.42 -6.17 290.44 49.40 69.99 39.82

RRL- BHOPAL ACTUALS FOR 1981-82 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1981-82		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1981-85 4 YEARS TOTAL	1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	1.21	12.86	60.43	28,25	15.00	43.27	30.32	140.53	48.08	54.22	70.54	172.84
CONT.+ MAINT.	2.69	14.45	39.97	42.02	5.99	17.39	30.52	53.16	18.59	20.50	30.69	69.78
CHEMICALS	0.00	6.99	ERR	13.11	3.45	14.46	43.14	41.27	14.64	13.32	15.04	43.00
CONSTRUCTION	0.61	79.17	164.63	86.45	1.50	6.90	46.43	23.15	12.99	27.98	46.90	87.87
EQUIPMENT	1.59	52.19	101.02	139.69	51.47	32.04	-11.18	212.42	51.23	41.90	43.27	136.50
LIB. BOOKS	2.39	5.69	18.94	18.02	3.47	6.59	17.42	25.37	7.88	7.48	8.66	24.01
OTHERS	1.97	2.94	8.34	12.39	1.00	15.32	98.09	13.52	3.99	6.35	4.07	14.40
RECURRING	3.90	34.30	54.47	83.38	24.44	75.12	32.41	234.96	81.32	88.04	116.27	285.63
CAPITAL	6.56	139.9	9 84.43	256.55	57.43	60.85	1.46	274.46	76.16	83.71	102.90	262.79
TOTAL	10.46	174.2	9 75.53	339.93	81.87	135.97	13.52	509.43	157,49	171.75	219.17	1096.82

BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES GROUP

(RS. LAKH) 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS	- 104341-0011-00017514			1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM			1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	284.90	386.07	7.89	1629.26	439.98	921.43	20.30	3266.13	1030.51	1863.36	15.96	7387.19	2073.31	2301.23	2659.54	7034.08
CONT.+ MAINT.	44.84	79.47	15.38	329.59	99.66	77 ייי?	22.36	779.47	284.71	553.94	18.10	2016.88	681.21	685.61	752.70	2119.52
CHEMICALS	69.36	129.42	16.88	518.09	163.30	392.08	24.48	1277.87	448.70	572.66	6.29	2459.96	610.54	672.75	654.12	1937.41
CONSTRUCTION	24.13	106.80	45.05	308.54	174.78	453.54	26.92	1552.70	733.63	439.03	-12.05	3527.59	328.11	176.15	264.45	768.71
EQUIPMENT	66.48	249.14	39.14	760.83	224.96	491.93	21.60	1783.84	693.37	546.61	-5.77	2474.04	511.78	487.44	380.12	1379.33
LIB. BOOKS	15.59	23.4	0 10.69	94.89	29.77	76.72	26.70	250.37	86.61	149.06	14.47	592.21	191.37	227.59	260.54	679.50
UTHERS	6.53	14.5	1 22.09	48.02	18.93	36.96	18.21	137.10	42.14	86.28	19.62	247.60	132.90	56.72	67.34	256.96
RECURRING	399.10	594.9	6 10.50	2476.94	702.94	1536.88	21.60	5323.48	1763.92	2989.97	14.10 1	1864.04	3365.06	3659.59	4066.36 1	1091.01
CAPITAL	112.7	3 393.8	35 36.72	1212.28	448.44	1059.15	23.97	3724.01	1555.95	1220.99	-5.88	6841.43	1164.16	947.89	972.45	3084.50
TUTAL	511.8	3 988.6	31 17.90	3689.22	1151.38	2596.03	22.54	9047.49	3319.87	4210.95	5.12 1	B705.47	4529 . 22	4607.49	5038.81 1	4175.51

C F T R I, MYSORE 1975-76 TO 1992-93

							1975-76 T	1992-93	5							
HEADS			AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1980-81	1984-85	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1980-85 5 YEARS TOTAL	1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAI 3 YEAR!
 ALARIES	82,22	99.31	4.83	444.92	113.04	207.60	16.41	773.48	223.04	368.00	13.34	1520.62	391.53	438.00	514.90	9 1344.5
	10.77	16.20	10.75	74.40	17.25	29.25	14.11	118.58	34.00	55.85	13.21	214.15	56.16	63.74	72.05	5 191.9
CONT.+ MAINT.	50 ⁻⁷ 4 (Spect 29,604 - 10)	24.16	11,11	96.54	26.25	40.25	11.28	164.90	41.75	55.60	7.42	213.45	69.90	52.77	58.00	180.6
CHEMICALS	15.85			77.46	17.44	14 00	-2.13	70.01	20.00	0.95	-53.31	59.62	8.77	5.04	12.50	26.30
CONSTRUCTION	9,43				36.03	58.54	12.90	198.10	82.20	73.65	-2.71	267.94	49.79	36.24	21.38	107.41
EQUIPMENT	17.86					B.16		31.23	8.13	16.00	:E.45	58.13	23.47	30.19	33.80	87.46
LIB. BOOKS	3.25					2.03		16.79		4.95	3.16	27.33	9.26	9.01	4.07	22.34
OTHERS	0.88	3 2.7	33.44	7.58	3.00	2.00						1948.22	517.59	554.51	645.04	1717.13
RECURRING	108.8	4 139.6	7 6.43	615.86	156.54	277.10) 15.35	1056.96	298.79	479.45						
CAPITAL	31.4	74.4	24.0	6 244.53	61.47	84.7	8,35	316.13	114.70	95.56	-4.46	413.02	91.28	80.48	71.75	
TOTAL	140.7	26 214.	10 11.1	5 860.38	218.01	361.8	3 13.50	1373.09	413.49	575.00	8.59	2361.23 	608.87	634.99	716.79	3921.29

C D R I, LUCKNOW 1975-76 TO 1992-93

							1773 70 1									
HEADS			AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1980-81	1984-85	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1980-85 5 YEARS TOTAL	1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTA 3 YEAR
 ALARIES	69,39	91.18	7.07	392.82	98.12	187.44	17.56	694.11	208.53	361.29	14.73	1476.72	387.41	418.00	484.0	1 1289.4
	9.92	20.38	19.72	82.00	25.12	49.40	18.42	192.37	59.27	89.85	10.96	372.19	103.00	113.00	119.0	4 335.0
CONT.+ MAINT.	20.35	29.30	9,54		40.78	63.33	11.63	259.63	75.52	96.00	6.18	452.05	75.00	89.99	91.09	256.08
CHEMICALS		-				25.87	-4.69	154.28	39.49	18.56	-17.20	117.12	18.11	16.00	0.79	34.90
CONSTRUCTION	3.17					40.65				71.38	-3.80	342.48	48.63	69.55	54.65	172.83
EQUIPMENT	15.91									25.00	25.79	84.97	39.50	54.00	65.00	158.50
LIB. BOOKS	3.76	5.00				9.00					-27.50	28.60	1.32	0.00	2.35	3.67
OTHERS	0.4	9 0.90	16.47			11.44								620.99	694.14	1880.53
RECURRING	99.6	66 140.B	6 9.0	4 604.89					343.32			nata bas	107.56			369,89
CAPITAL	23.3	0.9a ZZ	9 31.1	8 200.04	69.10	86.96	5.92	407.08		117.86					816.93	
TOTAL	122.9	99 209.9	95 14.3	804.93	3 233.12	387.13	13.52	1553.19	486.69	664.99 	8.12 2	2874.12	672.96	760.53		

C F B, DELHI 1978-79 TO 1992-93

HEADS	1978-79	1979-80	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1978-80 3 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1985-86		AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM		1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	4,10	 4.76	16.10	 8,86	6.98	18.25	27.16	59.12	19.81	42.64	21.13	155.98	82.76	68.83	78.85	230.44
CONT.+ MAINT.	3.21	3.93	22.43	7.14	4.41	6.59	10.56	28.40	8.55	12.12	9.12	44.95	13.70	37.17	50.51	101.37
	4.69			6.64	5.23	9.78	16.94	34.76	10.09	21.82	21.26	92.66	26.85	24.93	24.28	76.06
CHEMICALS					0.86	11.38	90.73	13.67	149.67	89.12	-12.16	652.71	41.43	19.10	26.00	86.53
CONSTRUCTION	1.31					14.12		38.79	24.77	20.15	-5.03	88.48	25.66	33.12	25.82	84.61
EQUIPMENT	2.93					0.29		0.77	0.30	2.58	71.77	6.88	3.49	4.98	7.99	16.46
LIB. BOOKS	0.05							2,86	0.14	0.74	51.52	1.61	1.00	0.54	0.12	1.66
OTHERS	0.37	2 0.3	7 15.63	0.69	0.27	0.96								130.93	153.64	407.87
RECURRING	12.0	0 10.6	4 -11.33	3 22.64	16.62	34.62	20.14	122.28	38.45	76.58	18.80	293.59	123.30	150.75	155.04	
CAPITAL	4.6	1 6.4	7 40.3	5 11.08	6.96	26.75	40.02	56.09	174.88	112.59	-10.42	749.69	71.59	57.74	59.93 	189.26
TOTAL	16.6		1 3.0					178.37	213.32	189.17	-2.96	043.28	194.89	188.67	213.57	1194.25

N B R I, LUCKNOW 1975-76 TO 1992-93

								N B R I, 1975-76 TI							1991-92	1992-93	1990-93
	1975-76	1979-80	AV.GROWT	19		 980-81	1984-85	KATE FER	0	1985-86	1989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	5 YEARS TOTAL	1440-41	1991-92		TOTAL 3 YEARS
(ICIO)	ACTUALS	ACTUALS	RATE PE ANNU					ANNUM 	TOTAL	129.27	219.90	883.00	883.77	238.00	271.30	307.58	816.88
	42.88	54.44	6.1	5 230	6.00	59.97	109.47	16.24	416.16		5		131.33	39.00	39.00	53.00	131.0
SALARIES		B.2	6 B.3	32 3	7.02	9.11	17.51	17.74	65.51	21.11			220 100	42.00	47.30	41.08	130.3
CONT.+ MAINT.	6.00			50 5	4.21	18.18	31.13	14.39	109.73	31.70	36.70					19.80	35.30
CHEMICALS	5.33	13.6	_		27.00	19.97	10.91	-14.03	85.47	10.94	11.87	78.77					58.75
CONSTRUCTION	2.73	8.0	55 31.				51.03	50.30	110.84	40.74	35.40	131.20	131.20	13.29			50
EQUIPMENT	2.07	12.	50 56	.76	44.55	10.00				, 5.00	10.18	41.45	41.45	12.00	15.50	17.00	
LIB. BOOKS	1.9	4 2	.60 7	.60	9.94	2.87	8.00				2 4.5	23.53	24.29	0.25	0.70	1.50	2.45
	0.	25 ().59 2	3.94	2.82	2.94	2.9	0 -0.34	13.07				1185.72	319.00	357.60	401.66	1078.26
OTHERS		_	6.35	B.94	327.23	87.20	6 158.1	1 16.0	2 591.40	0 182.0			-		44.70	63.30	141.00
RECURRING			0.30	35.75	84.31	35.7	B 72.6	34 19.4	5 230.4	5 68.8							1219.26
CAPITAL	6	, 99)4 230.	95 17.0	5 821.8	5 250.B	8 353.0	8.91	1461.43	352.00	402.30		
TOTAL	6	1.20	00.09	13.09	411.5												

N B R I, LUCKNOW 1975-76 TO 1992-93

									-76 TO											
HERDS		1979-8 ACTUAL		PER 5	.975-80 YEARS TOTAL	1980-81	1984-	RATE	PER 5	980-8 980-8 YEAF TOTAL	K5	-86 19	189-90			785-90 19 YEARS TOTAL	90-91 1	991-92 1		YEARS
						59.97	109.	47 16	5.24	416.	16 12	9.27	219.90	883	.00	883.77	238.00	271.30	307.58	816.88
SALARIES	42.88	54.4	14 6	5.15	236.00					65.	51 1	21.11	34.47	313	.33	131.33	39.00	39.00	53.00	131.00
CONT.+ MAINT.	6.00	В.	26	8.32	37.02	9.1	1 1/	• • • •	7.74							170.61	42.00	47.30	41.08	130.38
CHEMICALS	5.33	3 13	.65	26.50	54.2	18.	18 3.	.13	14.39	109	.73	31.70	36.7				7.50	8.00	19.80	35.3
CONSTRUCTION	2.7	13	8.05	31.04	27.0	00 19	.97	0.91	-14.03	83	5.47	16.94	11.6	37	B.77	78.77		2.2		58.7
			12.50	56.78	6 44.	55 10	.00	51.03	50.30) 11	10.84	40.74	35.	40 1	31.20	131.20	13.25	20.50		
EQUIPMENT		- 1-10-00				.94	2.87	00.8	29.2	1	21.07	6.00	10	.16	41.45	41.45	12.00	15.50	17.00	44.
LIB. BOOKS	1	.94	2.60	7.6				2.90	-0.	7,4	13.07	5.1	2	1.54	23.53	24.29	0.25	5 0.70	1.50	2.
OTHERS		0.25	0.59	23.	•	2.82	2.94				591.40	182.	OB 29	1.02	12.4	4 1185.7	2 319.0	0 357.6	0 401.66	1078
RECURRING	S	54.21	76.35	8	3.94 3	27.23	B7.26	158.11						61.97	-2.5			00 44.7	70 63.30	141
CAPITAL		6.99	23.74	3	55.75	84.31	35.78	72.8	1 19	3.45 	230.45							00 402.	30 464.9	6 121
TOTAL	<mark>-</mark>	61.20	100.0)9	13.09	411.54	123.04	230.9	15 1	7.05	821.8	5 250	.88	53.00	8.	91 1461.				

I I C B, CALCUTTA 1975-76 TO 1992-93

		RATE	PER 5 Y	EARS	 780-81	 1984-85	RATE PE	R 5 Y	EARS	25-86 1	989-90	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	TOTAL 3 YEARS
		 -			75 40	80.11	21.8	 30 28	 3.74	88.25	158.00	15.67	619.15	177.49	193.84	229.94	601.28
23.66	31.24									21.38	49.B0	23.54	172.67	44.31	51.48	52.91	148.70
2.94	5.0	2 1									A5.00	7.43	269.80	68.65	91.12	76.01	235.78
3.50	6.	PO 1	7.18	26.17	10.77										9 51.98	3 50.41	190.38
2.0	1 4	.90	24.95	21.23	9.37	48.3	55 50	\$5. TI							0 33.3	8 22.72	117.59
3.	67 3	7.99	79.37	96.02	29.44	56.	6B 1	7.80	215.83	57.49							57.00
2	.45	4.00	13.04	16.10	5.0	0 9	.95	e.77	36.47	12.45	8.0				1.53		
(0.10	0.30	31.61	1.1	4 0.1	B9 (0.70	-5.83	8.58	1.8	7 6.	28 35.	44 15.	.95 2.			
		47.86	9,24	181.3	52 53	.99 15	55.40	30.25	492.70	158.	12 272	.79 14	.55 1061	.B2 290			
,						t.70 1	15.69	26.84	399.7	5 117.	15 137	.18 4	.02 607	.23 170	.99 112		
						18.69	271.09	28.7	4 892.	45 275	.57 409	9.96 10	.44 166	9.04 46	1.45 449	.40 461.	B3 2745.
•	23.66 2.94 3.50 2.0	23.66 31.24 2.94 5.0 3.50 6.0	23.66 31.24 7 2.94 5.02 19 3.50 6.60 19 2.01 4.90 3.67 37.99 2.45 4.00 0.10 0.30 30.10 42.86 8.23 47.19	ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER 5 Y ANNUM TO 23.66	ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 23.66	ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 23.66	ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 23.66	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWAL RATE PER 5 YEARS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANNUL TOTAL ANNUL 23.66 31.24 7.19 133.30 36.40 80.11 21.6 2.94 5.02 14.31 21.85 6.82 17.24 26. 3.50 6.60 17.18 26.17 10.77 58.04 52. 2.01 4.90 24.95 21.23 9.37 48.35 50 3.67 37.99 79.37 96.02 29.44 56.68 17 2.45 4.00 13.04 16.10 5.00 9.95 10 0.10 0.30 31.61 1.14 0.89 0.70 30.10 42.86 9.24 181.32 53.99 155.40 8.23 47.19 54.74 134.49 44.70 115.69	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1984-8	ACTUALS ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 23.66	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1985-86 ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL 23.66 31.24 7.19 133.30 36.40 80.11 21.80 283.74 88.25 2.94 5.02 14.31 21.85 6.82 17.24 26.10 58.37 21.38 3.50 6.60 17.18 26.17 10.77 58.04 52.36 150.58 48.60 2.01 4.90 24.95 21.23 9.37 48.35 50.72 138.86 45.34 3.67 37.99 79.37 96.02 29.44 56.68 17.80 215.83 57.49 2.45 4.00 13.04 16.10 5.00 9.95 18.77 36.47 12.45 0.10 0.30 31.61 1.14 0.89 0.70 -5.83 8.58 1.8 30.10 42.86 9.24 181.32 53.99 155.40 30.25 492.70 158.46 8.23 47.19 54.74 134.49 44.70 115.69 26.84 399.75 117.	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 ACTUALS RATE PER 5 YEARS RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM TOTAL 23.66 31.24 7.19 133.30 36.40 80.11 21.80 283.74 88.25 158.00 2.94 5.02 14.31 21.85 6.82 17.24 26.10 58.37 21.38 49.80 3.50 6.60 17.18 26.17 10.77 58.04 52.36 150.58 48.60 65.00 2.01 4.90 24.95 21.23 9.37 48.35 50.72 138.86 45.34 76.99 3.67 37.99 79.37 96.02 29.44 56.68 17.80 215.83 57.49 45.90 2.45 4.00 13.04 16.10 5.00 9.95 18.77 36.47 12.45 8.00 0.10 0.30 31.61 1.14 0.89 0.70 -5.83 8.58 1.87 6.30 30.10 42.86 9.24 181.32 53.99 155.40 30.25 492.70 158.42 272.83 47.19 54.74 134.49 44.70 115.69 26.84 399.75 117.15 137	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1975-86 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1975-86 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1975-86 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-86 1975-86 1979-90 AV.GROWTH 1975-86	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL AN	1975-76 1979-B0 AV.GROWTH 1975-B0 1980-B1 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-B5 1985-B6 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL ANNUM	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 RATE PER 5 YEARS ANNUM TOTAL 23.66 31.24 7.19 133.30 36.40 80.11 21.80 283.74 88.25 158.00 15.67 619.15 177.49 193.84 2.94 5.02 14.31 21.85 6.82 17.24 25.10 58.37 21.38 49.80 33.54 172.67 44.31 51.48 3.50 6.60 17.18 26.17 10.77 58.04 52.36 150.58 48.60 65.00 7.43 269.80 66.65 91.12 2.01 4.90 24.95 21.23 9.37 48.35 50.72 138.86 45.34 76.99 14.15 277.58 87.99 51.96 3.67 37.99 79.37 96.02 29.44 56.68 17.80 215.83 57.49 45.90 -5.47 244.24 61.50 33.3 2.45 4.00 13.04 16.10 5.00 9.95 18.77 36.47 12.45 8.00 -10.47 69.45 19.02 18.0 0.10 0.30 31.61 1.14 0.89 0.70 -5.83 8.58 1.87 6.28 35.44 15.95 2.50 9. 30.10 42.86 9.24 181.32 53.99 155.40 30.25 492.70 158.42 272.79 14.55 1061.82 290.45 336. 8.23 47.19 54.74 134.49 44.70 115.69 26.84 399.75 117.15 137.18 4.02 607.23 170.99 112	1975-76 1979-80 AV.GROWTH 1975-80 1980-81 1984-85 AV.GROWTH 1980-85 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 1992-93 1970-92 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 1992-93 1970-92 AV.GROWTH 1985-86 1989-90 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 1992-93 1970-93 1970-94 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 1992-93 1970-93 1970-94 AV.GROWTH 1985-90 1990-91 1991-92 1992-93 1970-9

C F B, DELHI 1978-79 TO 1992-93

										1978-7	9 TO 19	192-93									
	HEADS	 1978-7	 9 197		SROWTH TE PER ANNUM	1978-8 3 YEAR TOTAL	S	-81 19	 984-85	AV.GRO RATE P	ER 5 Y	0-85 198 EARS TAL	5-86	1989-9	INH	L LLI	985-90 194 YEARS TOTAL	90-91 1	991-92 1	992-93 1	990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
						8.8		 .98	18.25	27.	16 5	9.12	19.81	42.	64	21.13	155.98	82.76	68.83	78.85	230.44
	SALARIES	4.1	10	4.76	16.10				6.59		.56	28.40	8.55	12.	.12	9.12	44.95	13.70	37.17	50.51	101.37
	CONT.+ MAINT.	3.	.21	3.93	22.43			4.41				34.76	10.09	21	.82	21.26	92.66	26.85	24.93	24.28	76.06
	CHEMICALS	4	.69	1.95	-58.47	2 6	.64	5.23	9.78							-12.16	652.71	41.43	19.10	26.00	86.53
ر. د	CONSTRUCTION		1.31	0.41	-68.7	10	.72	0.86	11.3		0.73		149.67			-5.03	88.48	25.66	33.12	25.82	84.61
84	EQUIPMENT		2.93	5.63	92.	15	8.56	5.76	14.	12	25.13	38.79	24.7		20.15			3.49		7.99	16.46
	LIB. BOOKS		0.05	0.06	20	.00	0.11	0.07	Û	.29	42.67	0.77	0	30	2.58	71.77					
			0.33	2 0.3	7 1	5.63	0.69	0.2	7	0.96	37.32	2.86	0.	14	0.74	51.57	1.61	1.00	0.54		
	OTHERS					11.33	22.64	16.	62 3	34.62	20.14	122.28	38	.45	76.58	18.8	0 293.59	123.3	0 130.93	3 153.6	4 407.87
	RECURRIN	3	12.0							26.75	40.07	2 56.0	9 174	88.4	112.5	9 -10.4	749.6	9 71.5	57.7	4 59.9	3 189.26
	CAPITAL		4.	.61 6	.47 	40.35 	11.08				27.0			3.32	189.1	17 -2.	96 1043.2	194.	89 188.6	7 213.5	7 1194.25
	TOTAL		16	61 17	.11	3.01 	33.7 	2 23	5.58 	61.37											

C C M B, HYDERABAD 1977-78 TO 1992-93

								17	11-10 10	1112	10								
	HEADS	1977-78 1°		GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	3 YEAR	S)-81 19	84-85 AV RA	.GROWTH TE PER ANNUM	5 YEAF TOTAI	RS L		í	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	TOTAL		1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
	SALARIES	3.41	6.37	36.68	14.	28 10	0.62	46.43	44.60	126.			134.30	26.75	470.61		183.00	205.83	550.13
	CONT.+ MAINT.	0.50	2.00	100.00	3.	75	3.25	23.43	63.86	54.	.95	43.20	157.83	38.25	497.72	241.52	158.15	168.50	568.17
	CHEMICALS	3.44	4.10	9.1	.7 11	.54	8.50	53.50	58.39	134	.74	82.48	125.78	11.12	442.38	142.18	161.85	149.50	453.53
	CONSTRUCTION	1.00	10.15	218.	59 1	1.15	38.42	190.01	49.13	621	1.84	173.99	24.71	-38.61	594.15	2.66	0.36	6.70	9.73
ء 1 8 ج	EQUIPMENT	33.64	27.0	1 -10	.39 8	9.15	22.97	64.00	29.20	27	5.35	120.00	166.20	8.48	607.B	6 151.3	0 128.62	72.76	352.68
	LIB. BOOKS	1.7	5 0.9	95 -26	.32	5.30	3.50	8.70	25.5	6	29.49	9.84	19.9	19.3	5 73.5	7 20.3	22.23	3 25.04	67.65
	OTHERS	0.	50 2.	.57 12	6.72	3.55	2.08	4.0	0 17.	76	18.41	3.50	41.	22 85.2	11 65.	95 43.5	55 8.1	3 10.75	62.44
	RECURRING	3 7	.35 12	.47	30.25	29.57	22.3	7 123.	36 53	.24	315.70	177.7	2 417.	.91 23,	B3 1410.	71 545.			3 1571.82
	CAPITAL	3.6	5.89 4	0.68	5.01	109.15	66.	97 266	.71 41	.27	945.09	307.	33 252	.09 -4,	B3 1341.	53 217.	90 159.3	115.2	5 492.50
	TOTAL		14.24	53.15	9.61	138.7		.34 390	WE 31		1260.79	9 485.	05 670	.00 8.	41 2752	.24 762.	89 662.	34 639.0	8 4128.63

3-2

I T R C, LUCKNOW 1975-76 TO 1992-93

HEADS			AV.GROWTI RATE PEI ANNU	5 YEAF	S	81 198	RAT	E PER S	1980-85 1 5 YEARS TOTAL		1989-90	RATE PE	R 5 Y	EARS TAL		991-92		990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	15.94	26.66	13.7	2 102.	57 31	.21 6	53.44		233,11	71.68			5 56	1.26	165.50	190.00	215.58	571.08
CONT.+ MAINT.	3.29	6.1	6 16.9	PB 27.	22 9	.05	16.44	16.09	58.70	21.68	41.17	17.	10 14	5.58	47.00	48.83	60.55	156.38
CHEMICALS	5.00	13.7	38 27.	90 46	.63 1	1.57	28.81	18.58	105.39	36.37	30.1	9 -4.	55 16	59.75	45.39	44.50	47.71	137.60
CONSTRUCTION	1.1	.9 3.	.96 35	.06	24.63	9.56	9.31	-0.66	56.75	16.25	1.8	-41.	.59	60.04	17.42	14.99	14.33	46.74
EQUIPMENT	5.	18 15	.96 3	2.49	7.84	21.96	23.24	1.43	86.06	69.8	3 23.	60 -23	.75 1	69.82	25.00	22.94	19.95	67.89
LIB. BOOKS	0	.75	2.00	7.79	7.06	2.08	4.11	18.56	16.14	6.7	74 7.	21 1	.67	38.30	6.60	8.00	9.00	23.60
OTHERS	(0.74	0.80	1.97	4.18	1.00	1.87	16.9	4 10.5	9 4.	43 1	.54 -2	3.26	14.74	0.58	2.89	0.91	4.38
RECURRING	7	24.23	46.20	17.51	176.42	54.83	108.69	7 18.	66 397.2	20 129	.73 221	.76	4.34	876.59	257.89	283.3	3 323.84	865.06
CAPITAL		7.86	22.72	30.39	88.71	34.60	38.5	3 2.	.73 169.	54 97	.25 3	4.23 -	22.97	282.90	49.60	0 48.8	2 44.19	142.61
TOTAL		32.09	68.92	21.06	265.13	89.4			.27 566			6.00	3.05	1159.49	307.4	9 332.1	5 368.03	2015.33

R R L, JAMMU 1975-76 TO 1992-93

							1975-16	b TO 199	2-93									
	 1975-76 ACTUALS		AV.GROWTH RATE PER	3 TEANS	1980-81	1984-8	AV.GROW RATE PER	TH 1980- R 5 YEAR	85 1985- RS	-86 1989	7-90 F	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-9	1 1991	1-92 1'	992-93 1	990-93 TOTAL S YEARS
·			ANNUM 	TOTAL		.2/ 17			6 139.	.21 230	0.09	883.00	934.24	244.4	0 27	3.65	309.51	827.56
ALARIES	37.42	50.22	7.63	218.15	58.26	126.13				04 26	2 .5	313.33	132.45	28.5	5 2	5.88	26.80	81.23
CONT.+ MAINT.	5.25	9.80	16.89	40.20	14.25	22.97	12.68								0 4	1.87	41.30	121.57
	15.01	26.34	15.10	112.89	28.23	43.50	11.45	191.	6 49	.20 4	4.00	170.01				0.46	11.77	20.44
CHEMICALS	12.01			44.80	13.48	15.0	2.7	92.	41 10	0.85	3.00	78.77	46.85	9.	36	8.40	11.70	29.46
CONSTRUCTION	3.50	11.68	35.16	_			30 5.8	30 266	.50 6	2.00	31.69	131.20	177.0	48.	05	41.85	45.00	134.89
EQUIPMENT	17.5	21 42.5	84 25.6	1. 145.1		- 1000 17			18.8	9.00	13.00	41.45	53.9	5 13	.86	19.10	21.00	53.90
LIB. BOOKS	2	.43 2	.75 3	.14 10.	.85 3.7	75 7	•				2.8			56 :	2.99	0.65	1.00	4.6
DTHERS		3.25	3.27	0.15 15	.44 1	.50			16.95	3.56					1.35	341.40	377.61	1030.3
RECURRING	à	57.68	86.36	10.62 3	11.24 10	0.74	92.66	17.60		215.47	302.		98 291		74.25	70.00		222.
nceantine		26.39	60.54	23.07	216.23	59.68	74.75	5.79	404.67	85.41			.88 157		385.60	411.4		1 1253

I M T, CHANDIGARH 1983-84 TO 1992-93

				1483-84	10 1772									
HEADS	 1983-84	 1984-85	AV.GROWTH RATE PER ANNUM	1983-85 2 YEARS TOTAL	1985-86	1989-9		GROWTH E PER ANNUM	1985- 5 YEAR TOTAL		-91 199	1-92 19	92-93 1	990-93 TOTAL VEARS
	6.18	12.50	102.27	18.68	13.99	25.	25 1	5.90	107.4	1 34	.32 4	1.84	67.52	143.68
SALARIES	8.25	15.55	88.48	23.80	18.81	41.	55	21.91	127.7	6 63	.69 9	7.14	97.67	258.50
CONT.+ MAINT.		23.35		26.43	28.0) 41.	99	10.67	174.2	6 40	0.00 4	9.29	50.00	139.29
CHEMICALS	3.08					.a 140	.00	-7.19	1438.	67 9	9.99	35.00	91.92	226.91
CONSTRUCTION	59.29	60.4	9 2.0	2 119.78	***************************************		(*) (*) (*) (*)				42.61	45.00	35.00	122.61
EQUIPMENT	107.3	3 91.	00 -15.	21 198.3	3 83.	00 50	26.0	-11.61	703					
LIB. BOOKS	5.	31 11	.32 113	.18 16.	.63 13	.42	00.02	22.28	3 94	.41	30.00	28.00	31.00	89.00
DTHERS	- 7	2.25	4.79 11	2.89 7	1.04	1.43	10.55	64.9	3 2	3.84	60.38	15.71	26.00	102.09
RECURRING		17.51	51.40	93.55	19.88	60.80	108.79	15.	.66 4	09.42	138.00	188.28	215.19	541.47
CAPITAL				-3.78	341.78	313.53	251.2	.1 -5	.39 1	822.28	232.98	123.71	183.9	2 540.6
TOTAL		191.69	219.00	14.25	410.69	374.33	360.				370.98	311.9	8 399.	11 2164.

C S I R, PALAMPUR 1983-84 TO 1992-93

JATOT		5.00	33.27	· '	566.01	38.27 		.65		.99 	٠.٠٠.							
JATI9AD		3.20	11.44	2°	57 . 07	14.64	. 15			.24		04 37		109.9		13.00	174.9	3 427.9
RECURRING		1.79	21.84	111	7.90	23.63	29.7		54.7		16.52 -2.19		.66	43.59		9.50	81.71	184.80
OTHERS	1	.24	3.75	202	. 58	4.99	3.94							66.40	79	.50	93.27	243.17
LIB. BOOKS	0.	01 3	5.61 72						2.08	a -1	4.79	14.	17	2.70	4.	56	6.63	13.89
EQUIPMENT			-			.61	3.57		4.90	8	.23	22.8	2	6.50	9.0	1 06	0.00	25.50
	1.9	ل ۲.	.12	59.06	5.	0B	9.45	13	5.93	10.	19	40.12	28	.50	38.9	4 38	3.08	105.51
CONSTRUCTION	0.00	0.9	17	ERR	0.9	7 10	1.99	8.	.34	-13.6	54	37.11	5.	90	7.00		.00	39.90
CHEMICALS	0.37	12.39	3295	.07	12.76	14	.30	19.	75	8.4	1	81.56	24.					
CONT.+ MAINT.	1.21	6.83	466	.33	8.04	9.	84	9.5	0	-0.88					33.05			93.05
SALARIES	0.22	2.62	1077.	93	2.84	5.						16.58	11.5	i <u>o</u> !	13.90	16.	00	41.40
								25.5		46.35		2.53	30.9	0 3	6.55	41.	27 1	08.72
HEADS	1983-84	1984-85	AV. GROW RATE F	PER	1983-85 2 YEARS TOTAL		36 198	39-90	RA	TE PEF ANNUM	() 1	YEARS OTAL						TOTAL YEARS
					1 <i>983-84</i> 1983-85							ne no	000-0	1 199	1-92	1992-9	3 199	0-93

INFORMATION SCIENCES GROUP 1975-76 TO 1992-93

(RS LAKH)

								76 TO 19	79-500					(RS LAKE					
1100	1975-76	1979-80	HY . DITOR	1975-80 5 YEARS	1980-81	1984-8	5 AV.GRC RATE P	WTH 1980 ER 5 YE	0-85 19 ARS	785-86	1989-9	RA	/.GROWTH ITE PER ANNUM	1985-90 5 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1 1991	-92 19	3	90-93 TOTAL YEARS
	ACTUALS	AC LOHES	ANNUM	TOTAL			ANN 			194.78	330.	16	14.10	1332.25	355.1	6 40	2.31	457.66 1	215.13
 SALARIES	49.47	69.32	8.80	283.95	41.02	177.67				60.10			9.02	352.87	106.7	23 11	1.82	104.15	322.20
CONT.+ MAINT.	29.15	19.10	-10.03	122.90	21.82	64.0			3.76	97.69			4.41	453.87	121.	10 14	12.78	136.68	400.56
CHEMICALS	0.0	31.00) ERR	64.21	36.20	90.4			9.54				-28.36		_	17	14.35	8.89	26.42
CONSTRUCTION	1.1	BB 15.7	8.83 P	41.3	3 21.2	4 63.	74 31		37.51	40.99		6.59	-8.74			.45	53.58	22.46	90.49
EQUIPMENT	3	.65 17.	.70 48.	.40 87.	18 6.	19 30	1.73		107.33							3.04	49.16	55.36	147.5
LIB. BOOKS		9.69 17	3.05 7	1.73 54	.72 13	.47 3	.0.73		121.59			45.04				6.87	45.57	28.36	130.8
OTHERS		2.06	1.52	-7.32	80.9	1.34	3.42	26.40	28.1	_						82.50	656.91	698.49	1937.
RECURRIN	lG	78.62	119.42	11.02	471.06	99.04	332.11		1120.		2.57			.75 49			162.6	6 115.07	395.
JATI9AS		17.28	47.56	28.80	192,31	42.24	128.62			1 16.				9.22 26		700.03		57 813.5	6 2333
 LATOT		95.90	166.98	14.87	£63.37	141.28	460.73	34.3	SB 171	5.22	463.54								

P I D, NEW DELHI 1975-76 TO 1992-93

									1975-76	10 19	92-93									
HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS	1979-E ACTUAL			1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL		 B1 198	34-85 <i>f</i>	AV.GROWT RATE PER ANNUM	5 YE	ARS	95-86 1	989-90	KAIL	PER J	985-90 YEARS TOTAL	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
	20. 70	31.8		1.29	124.03	36.	 56 7	2.25	18.48	269	.91	82.90	133.51	12	2.65	550.26	161.67	185.40	209.22	556.29
ALARIES	20.79			10.24	65.6			19.16	15.90	74	.97	21.75	26.02	L	4.58	123.49	32.83	33.70	29.03	95.56
CONT.+ MAINT.	13.96							45.86	19.18		1.28	55.94	79.76)	9.27	291.57	80.46	96.55	91.65	268.67
CHEMICALS	0.00			ERR	28.5			0.01			1.71	5.74	0.0	0 -10	00.00	12.54	0.00	6.41	3.94	10.35
CONSTRUCTION	1.8	B 0	.15	-46.85			.35				32.31	24.62			20.18	50.42	0.00	36.45	20.17	56.62
EQUIPMENT	0.	<i>68</i>	8.95	90.4	7 55	.20	3.50	8.16				3.50			12.53	25.11	6.5	3 6.6	2 7.00	20.15
LIB. BOOKS	1	.26	1.30	0.	78	5.60	1.96	3.5		.60	15.25				-44.84	2.7		0 0.4	7 0.0	0 3.97
OTHERS		0.50	0.99	18	. 62	5.51	39.0		26 -27		4.55	1.2			10.48				64 329.9	920.5
RECURRING		34.75	58.60	13	3.96	218.17	70.01			8.33	546.16			7.28			10000			11 91.1
CAPITAL		4.32	11.30	7	27 . 43	82.31	6.7	7 1	1.93 	15.22	53.87			5.72	-18.17					01 2023.2
TOTAL	_	39.07	69.0	79	15.69	300.48	76.7	78 1 ⁴	19.20 	18.07	599.9	195	.65 25	54.99	6.8	1056				

I N S D O C, NEW DELHI 1975-76 TO 1992-93

										992-93									
HEADS	1975-76 ACTUALS	1979-8 ACTUAL	S RA	GROWTH TE PER ANNUM	1975-80 5 YEARS TOTAL		1984-8	5 AV.GRC RATE P ANN	ER JI	EARS	1985-86	1989-9	MHIL	OWTH 1985 PER 5 YE NUM TOT	Tillo	0-91 19	991-92 1	992-93 1	990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
		37.4		6.88	159.92	4.36	78.7	1 106.	13 26	0.56	83,12	140.	96 14	.12 566	.36 13	35.22	149.98	166.65	451.86
SALARIES	28.68				57,26		31.5	6 29.	.56	39.77	26.3	9 42.	13 12	.41 158	3.14	52.94	54.99	49.12	157.05
CONT.+ MAINT.	15.19	10.	04	-9.83		-		86 26	.84 \	09.17	30.5	4 24	.23 -9	5.63 10	9.41	24.88	31.00	30.95	87.43
CHEMICALS	0.0	0 13	.35	ERR					8.96	313.56	5 28.	35 4	.02 -3	8.64	70.03	1.30	6.96	2.08	10.34
CONSTRUCTION	0.	00 1	5.14	ERF	25.4										37.68	12.95		2.70	
EQUIPMENT	7	2.97	8.75	31.0	01 31.	.88 2	.69 19		54.53	34.8					138.76				
LIB. BOOKS		B.43	11.75	5 B	.66 49	1 11.8	1.51	24.73	21.07	99	.00 2	2.94	30.94			24.47	3.10	8 34.99	91.30
OTHERS		1.56	0.5	53 -2	3.65	3.57	$B\mathcal{E}_{\bullet}\mathcal{O}$	1.90	49.53	18	22.8	0.78	37.90	163.68	65.66	47.7	7 15.0	6.26	69.00
	NC	43.87	60	.82	B.51	252.89	29.03	145.13	49.5	3 45	59.50	140.05	207.32	10.30	19.558	213.0	04 236.	57 246.7	2 696.3
RECURRI		12.9		66.17		109.99	35.47	99.75	29.	50	465.52	56.93	89.44	11.95	312.14	4 86.	49 71.	.00 45.6	2 203.1
ATI 9A2 JÁTŪT		12.9 56		96.99		362.88	64.50	244.8	8 32	.59	925.02	196.98	296.7	10.79	1146.0)4 299	.53 307	.57 292.3	1798.6

N I S T A D S, DELHI 1981-82 TO 1992-93

HEADS			RATE PER ANNUM	TOTAL			RATE PER ANNUM	5 YEARS TOTAL				1990-93 TOTAL 3 YEARS
SALARIES	4.94	26.71	40.15	60.84	28.76	55.70	17.97	215.63	58.27	66.93	81.79	206.98
CONT.+ MAINT.	3.70	13.30	29.16	35.03	11.97	16.75	8.77	71.24	20.46	23.14	26.00	69.60
CHEMICALS	0.00	9.70	ERR	19.10	11.21	12.12	1.98	52.89	15.76	14.63	14.08	44.47
CONSTRUCTION	1.08	5.95	40.68	22.23	6.89	6.77	-0.42	33.45	1.87	0.98	2.87	5.72
EQUIPMENT	12.36	7.2	23 -10.17	40.39	8.86	0.02	-79.72	17.25	1.50	0.00	0.00	1.50
LIB. BOOKS	0.5	0 2.	50 37.9	7 7.34	2,70	8.49	33.15	26.14	12.04	10.66	13.37	36.06
OTHERS	1.	17 1	.26 1.	49 5.29	0.53	8.1	6 98.24	12.00	5.60	30.07	22.10	57.77
RECURRING	8	.64 4°	9.71 41.	.90 114.9	7 51.9	3 84.5	56 12.9	6 339.7	6 94.49	104.69	121.87	321.05
CAPITAL	15	.11 1	16.94 2	.31 75.7	25 18.9	RE 23.	43 5.4	9.89 14	34 21.0	1 41.7	1 38.3	4 101.05
TOTAL	2	3.75	66.65 2	2.92 190.	22 70.	91 108	.00 11.	09 428.	60 115.5	0 146.4	0 160.2	844.21

SALARIES VS R&D FOR THE YEAR: 1985-86

NPL

SALARIES VS R&D FOR THE YEAR: 1986-87

	SALARIES V	S R&D FOR	THE YEAR:	1,00	
NAME OF THE LABORATORY		INFRA (SAL,CONT, MAIN)	EQUIP-	R&D (CHEM,WKS, EQUIP,BOOKS, MISC.)	GRAND TOTAL
NPL CSIO NICLERI I OR CHARLER I OR CONTRACT REPRESENTATION OR SERVICE REPRESENTATION OR CHARLES IN CONTRACT REPRESENTATION OR CONTRACT REPRESENTATION OF THE CONTRACT REPRESENTATION OF TH	378.170 189.000 216.180 217.000 340.320 178.100 120.000 136.000 178.000 178.000 178.000 185.000 185.000 185.000 173.510 268.000 173.510 268.000 173.510 268.000 172.000 137.000 21.270 266.850 260.000 156.000 172.000 137.000 21.270 266.850 260.000 172.000 172.000 173.510 260.000 172.000 173.000 172.000 173.0	407.1200 153.200 153.300 15	67.000 64.500 96.750 128.000 55.00	93.186 156.010 126.010 126.010 127.186 156.010 127.186 156.010 128.010 129.00 139.10 139.10 109.10	809.120 473.200 387.940 449.960 643.450 325.850 246.467 489.900 67.51.670 67.51.670 67.53.550 67.51.670 67.53.550 67.53.550 67.53.550 67.53.550 67.670

SALARIES VS R&D FOR THE YEAR: 1987-88

		S R&D FUR I			GRAND
NAME OF THE LABORATORY	SALARIES	INFRA (SAL,CONT, MAIN)	EQUIP- MENT	R&D (CHEM,WKS, EQUIP,BOOKS, MISC.)	TOTAL
NPLERIO I I I O MBV CESIO I I I O MBV CESIO I O CENT O CESIO I O	445.000 247.300 247.300 247.300 247.300 267.30		3.643 0.000 7.004 1.373	201.8674 187.694 187.695 187.695 187.695 187.695 187.695 187.695 187.695 187.695 187.695 187.693 187.693 187.693 187.693 187.693 187.693 187.693 187.693 187.693 187.693 187.693 188.693 18	247.917 301.000 561.758 59.981 194.933 204.183

SALARIES VS RUD FOR THE YEAR: 1988-89

	CALARIES	US RUD FOR	THE TENT		
NAME OF THE LABORATORY		INFRA SAL, CONT, MAIN)	EQUIP-	CHEM, WKS, EQUIP, BOOKS, MISC.)	GRAND TOTAL
NPL CEER I G M CHRI I	490.000 235.987 257.000 284.000 203.747 431.000 241.300 433.200 240.000 240.000 240.000 361.000 241.951 200.000 191.620 344.112 483.510 46.720 97.440 29.200 130.712 84.060 194.000 177.400 34.273 335.200 333.900 200.250 140.000 36.915 115.375 129.463 133.610 207.940 24.873 21.500 125.45 51.13	279.0070 279.00	73.120 73.120 73.120 73.0000 73.000 73.000 73.000 73.000 73.000 73.000 73.000 73.00	330 349.35 36.69 191.80 191.80 154.11 154.11 351.94 96.55 520.90 65.50 65.50 65.50 65.50 65.50 65.50 65.50 67.7	272.674 48.500 305.000 305.230 95.120 477.120 477.120 477.120 477.120 477.120 477.120 477.140 359.517 570.140 224.140 297.122 207.1

SALARIES VS R&D FOR THE YEAR: 1989-90

NPL 538.998 641.145 239.686 413.842 1054.987 CEERI 260.797 314.618 143.998 15.026 474.985 CSIG 277.007 445.975 69.752 197.517 641.492 CSIG 277.007 445.975 69.752 197.517 641.492 NIG 222.212 270.846 5.333 246.307 517.153 NIG 222.212 270.846 5.333 246.307 517.153 NIG 222.212 270.846 5.333 246.307 517.153 NIG 490.059 616.357 311.700 192.538 3109.91 CSICRI 270.504 171.407 49.001 128.581 309.970 CSICRI 155.607 574.810 83.751 155.979 371.973 CIGCRI 155.607 574.810 83.751 115.979 371.973 CIGCRI 249.497 275.994 59.317 115.979 371.973 CIGCRI 245.455 486.990 44.674 111.068 450.991 CIRI 245.455 481.997 42.327 222.718 669.708 CFRI 425.807 466.990 42.327 222.718 669.708 CFRI 425.807 466.990 88.378 136.695 455.708 CMML 403.649 327.013 88.378 95.333 375.000 CGCRI 278.002 279.464 48.283 83.532 350.990 CGCRI 278.002 377.143 88.378 95.533 375.000 CMERS 237.348 267.458 13.464 129.874 1067.994 NBLERI 221.082 437.143 334.586 171.874 230.006 CMERI 384.707 604.003 38.516 158.099 1067.994 CEERI 384.707 604.003 38.516 158.099 1067.994 CEERI 384.707 604.003 38.516 158.099 304.996 CEERI 384.707 608.003 38.516 158.099 304.996 CEERI 384.707 608.003 38.516 158.099 304.996 CEERI 384.707 608.003 38.516 158.099 1067.994 CEERI 384.707 608.003 38.516 158.099 304.996 CEERI 384.707 608.003 38.516 158.099 1067.994 CEERI 384.707 608.003 38.516 158.099 304.995 CEERI 384.633 146.997 7.755 463.991 1067.995 CEERI 368.000 451.135 93.835 189.179 CEERI 368.		SALARIES V	S R&D FOR T	HE TENIC		
NPL	NAME OF THE LABORATORY	SALARIES	(SAL CONT,	EQUIP- MENT	(CHEM, WKS,	TOTAL
TOTAL 9389.464	CECRI CSMCRI IICT RRIP IICT RRIP IICT RRIP CLRI COMMICRS IICT CMMCRS CRAL-II CCMRS CRAL-II CCMRAL-II CCMRAL-	260.797 277.090 222.290.504 155.407 285.415 407.285.455 408.497 285.455.400 287.0603 287.0603 288.0703 288.0703 288.0703 288.0703 288.0703 288.0703 288.0703 288.0703 289.0703 299.0703 200.0703 20	14.01895.673904990703483327538777795911048808324230.6714.97916.5797748.6.998.31945.1.99916.6797748.6.9881.3771.517961.6797748.6.9881.37771.517961.6891.37771.517961.6891.37771.517961.6891.37771.517961.6891.37771.517961.6891.37771.517961.6891.37771.517961.6891.37771.517961.6891.37771.517961.6891.37771.517961.6891.377779591.1048808	987230011174573834566204574 967330001177457383456620457 967330001177457383456620457 967330001177457383456620457 967330001177457383456620457 967330001177457383456620457 967337866620457466679 96733786662045746679 96733786662045746679 96733786662045746679 96733786662045746679 96733786662045746679 96733786662045746679	247.776.8 151.776.8 151.776.8 151.776.3 151.776.3 151.776.3 151.776.3 151.777.6	24. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 49. 4
	TOTAL	9389.464				

SALARIES VS R&D FOR THE YEAR: 1990-91

MAME OF THE SALARIES INFRA (SAL, CONT. MAIN) NPL 587.591 700.025 106.365 222.767 479.994 131.477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 109.978 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477 177.211 481.211 477.211 481.211 477.		SALARIES V	S R&D FOR T			
NPL CEERI	NAME OF THE LABORATORY		INFRA	EQUIP-	(CHEM, WKS,	
TOTAL 10324.17 12644.39	CEERIO I O MERCONERLO DE MENTO DE LA CONTROLO DELLA	278.355 320.474 355.474 355.474 356.475 326.483 3276.983 328.369 32	3.63.73.6.5897.09.2995111589.9317.286.00.385.24.03.285.27.499.299.9983.24.37.21.786.00.385.29.299.9983.24.37.21.786.20.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.	19	7780409532400205681707643279327070402056427070442199642143591227701227701237442135912435912277091364	19971135 199711

	SALARIES VS	R&D FOR TH	E YEAR:	1991-92	
NAME OF THE LABORATORY		INFRA SAL,CONT, MAIN)	FOUIP-	(CHEM, WKS, EQUIP, BOOKS, MISC.)	GRAND TOTAL
NPLERO I I R CSICI I I R CCSICI I I R CCSICI I I R CCSICI I R CCSICI R CCSI	628.925 314.0478993180.659993186.999018575.00018575.00066672 315.00666723.05050999379600186.0066672 59.00666723.05050999379600136.399900186.399900188.00070188.00070188.00070188.00070198.000070198.0000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.000070198.0000070198.0000070198.0000070198.0000070198.00000000000000000000000000000000000	27780428081969708 07452438081969708 1720239381066795709 1720239481066795709 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 172023948106679 17202394810679 17202394810679 17202394810679 172023948	44.93 38.45 36.12 17.00	364.995776870118209894197756113399141209897739294213776553 11776613389150914698977392942137122626 11776613189914698977392942137794626 11776613189914698977392942137794626 11794626	511.999990558854671624800977880056398726015 90399990558854671623 3343674488726015 903999905588546714023 3343674488726015 9039999905588546714023 3343674488726015 90399999999999999999999999999999999999

SALARIES VS R&D FOR THE YEAR: 1992-93

	SALARIES V	S R&D FUR	1112	
NAME OF THE LABORATORY	SALARIES	INFRA (SAL,CONT, MAIN)	EQUIP- MENT	R&D GRAND (CHEM,WKS, TOTAL EQUIP,BOOKS, MISC.)
NPERIO I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	744.170 376.490 427.200 502.640 344.970 667.750 210.240 648.260 339.350 648.440 339.350 565.010 580.5580 340.150 580.555.080 773.090 773.090 773.430 168.370 215.200 144.660 268.970 215.990 78.880 279.8830 209.8830 209.8830 209.990 409.590 209.8830	82.900 87.200	50.290 71.190 25.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.4000 27.7100 27.40	240.390 1123.280 167.260 606.840 98.610 597.810 159.760 753.660 297.370 691.800 315.690 1131.490 137.100 577.380 136.720 365.560 136.380 509.580 136.380 509.580 136.380 509.580 136.380 509.580 136.380 509.580 136.380 509.580 136.380 156.000 167.430 606.200 167.430 606.200 167.430 483.130 75.480 483.130 75.480 483.130 75.480 483.130 75.480 483.130 75.480 400 1274.400 376.400 1274.400 376.400 1274.400 376.400 1274.400 376.400 1274.400 376.400 1274.400 376.400 1274.400 376.400 1274.400 376.400 1274.400 376.400 1274.400 376.400 1274.500 104.900 377.170 112.240 471.650 70.030 377.870 52.210 377.870 52.210 121.090 134.050 816.930 244.750 328.380 466.960 106.380 466.960 106.380 466.960 106.380 466.960 106.380 466.960 1078.980 13.570 84.210 639.080 264.750 328.380 88.250 456.310 120.000 379.110 122.760 292.340 174.980 117.710 361.010 122.760 292.340 76.570 160.210 52.420 5847.56
- dl	13403.24	. — — — — — — —		

Annexure 3.3

Annexure 3.3

Annexure 3.4

Annexure 3.5

Annexure 3.6

Annexure 3.7

Annexure 3.7

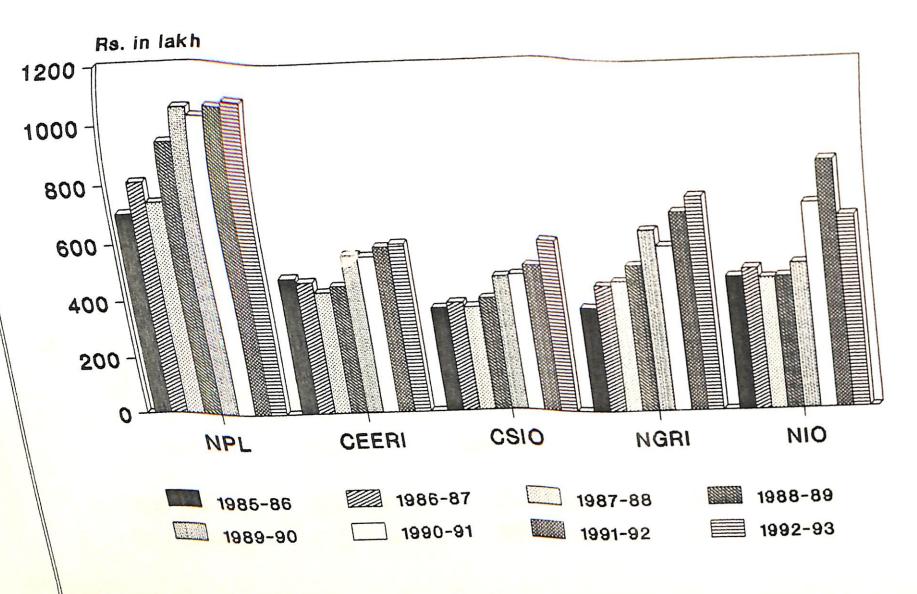
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Annexure 3.7

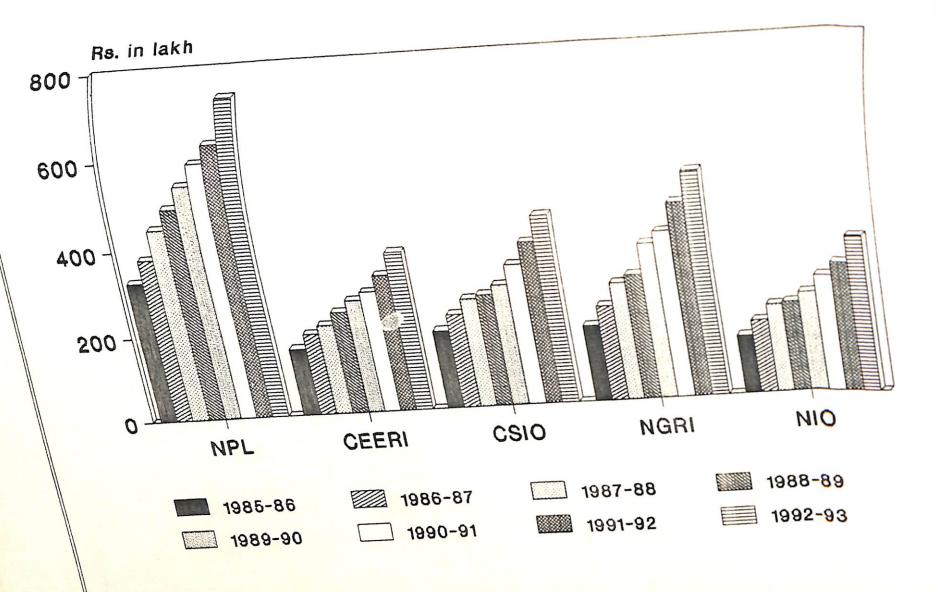
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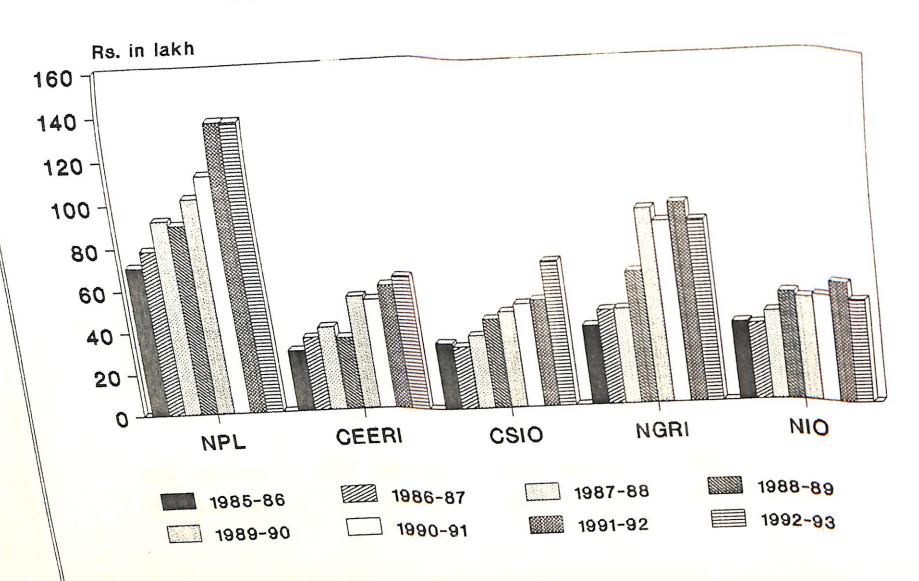
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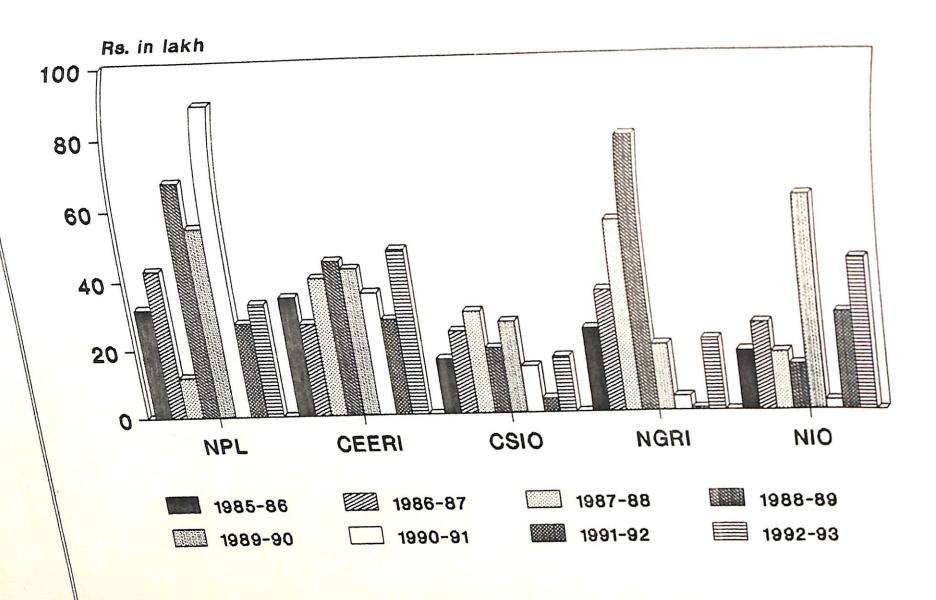
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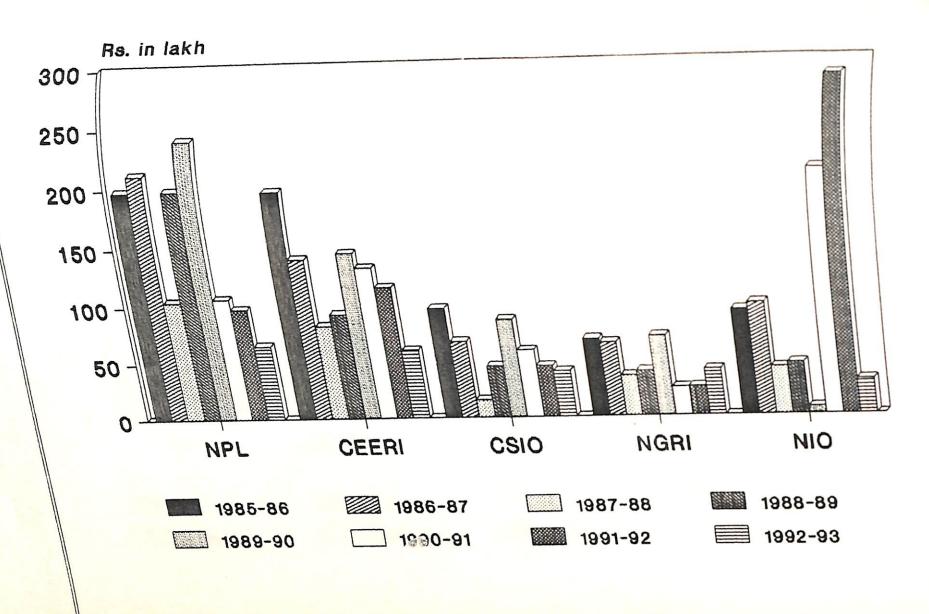
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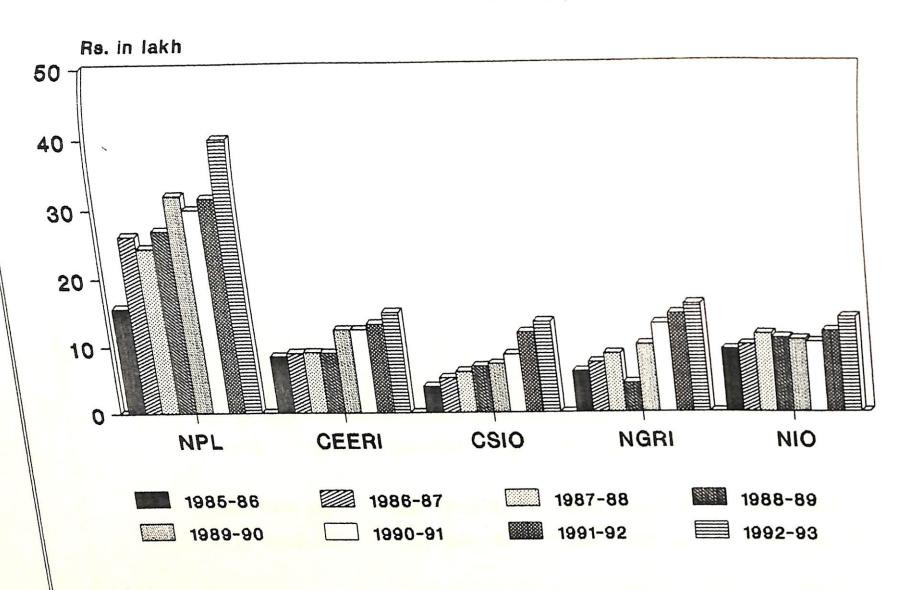
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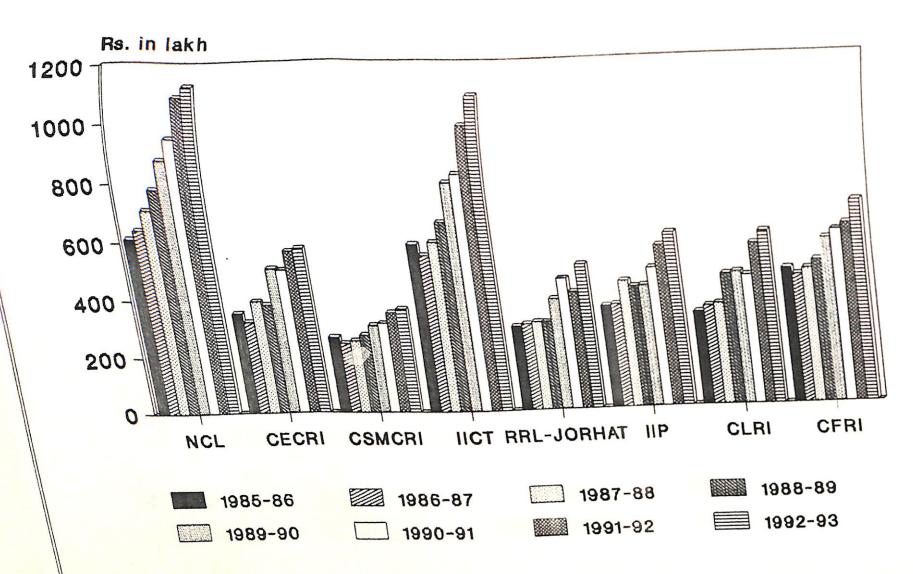
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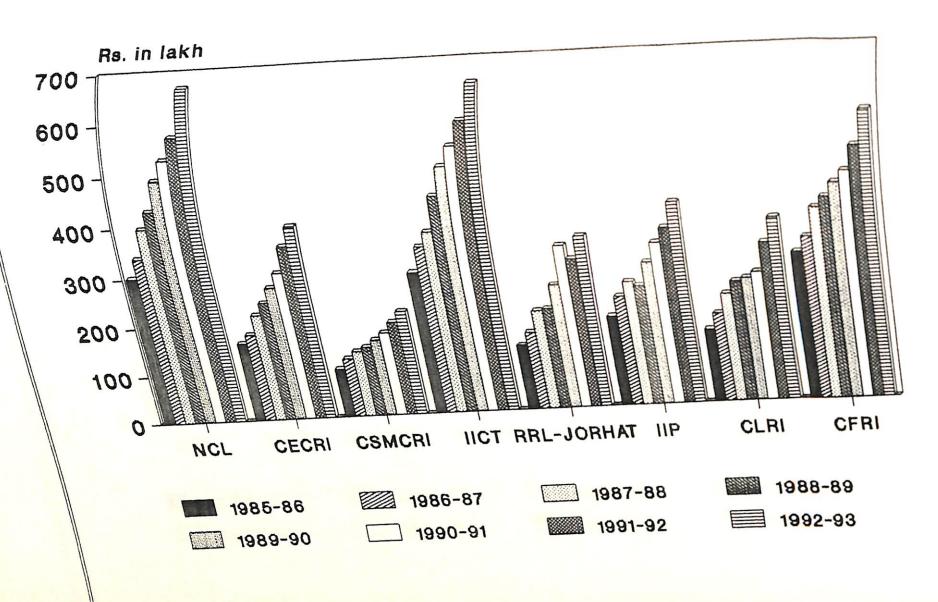
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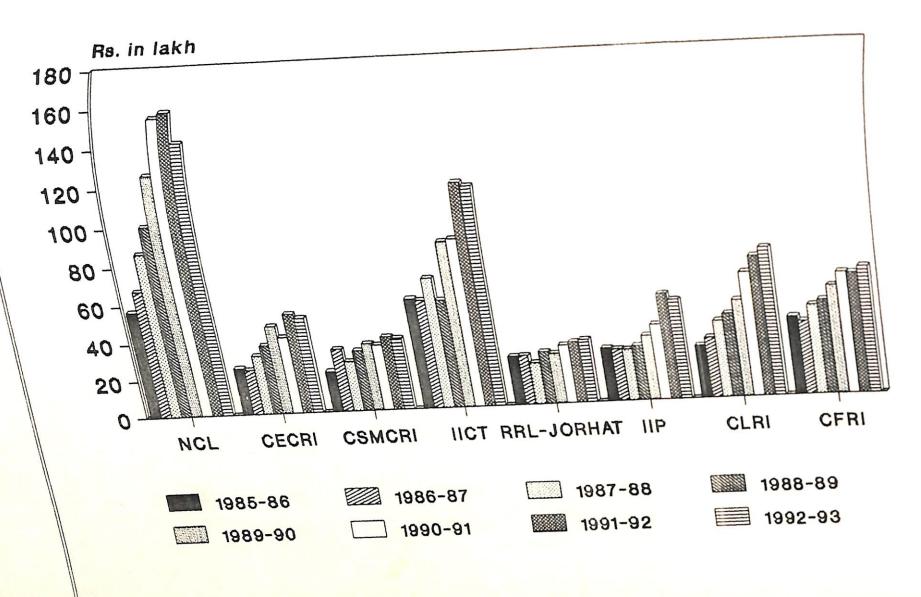
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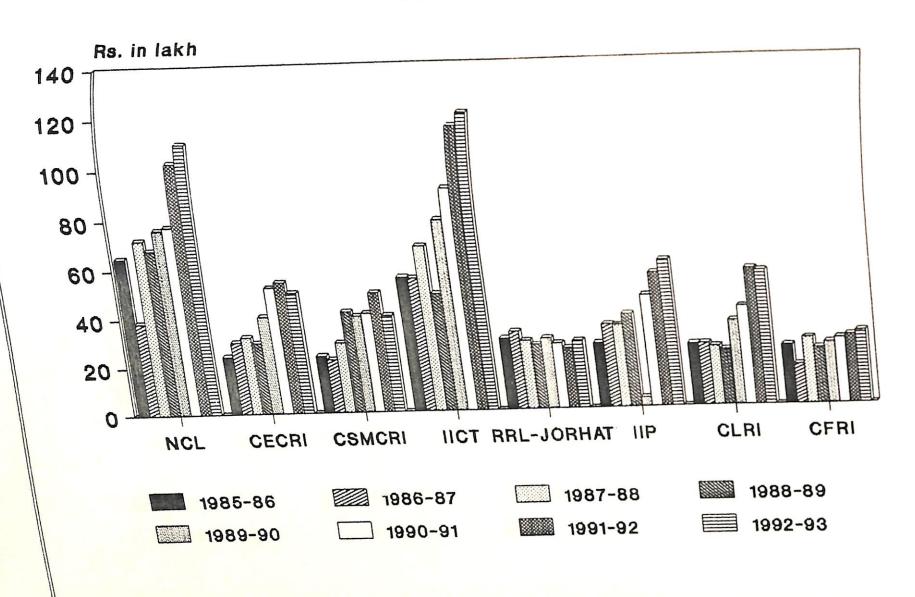
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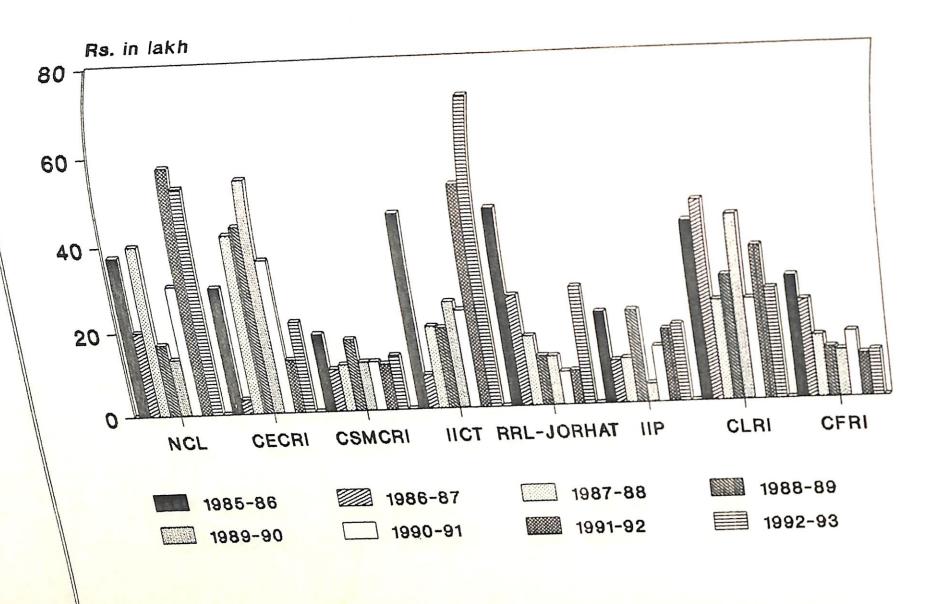
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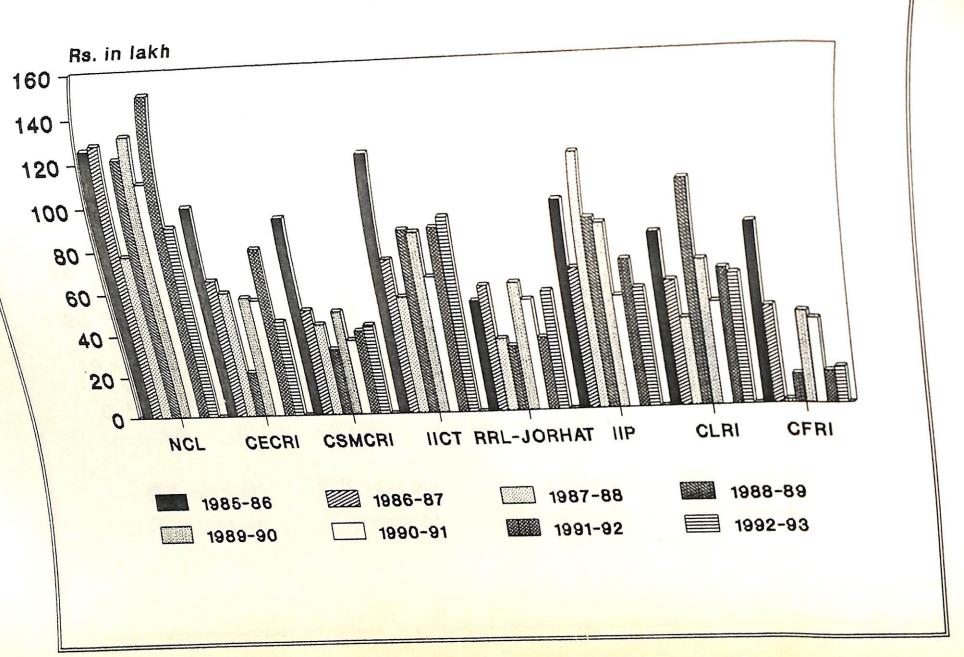
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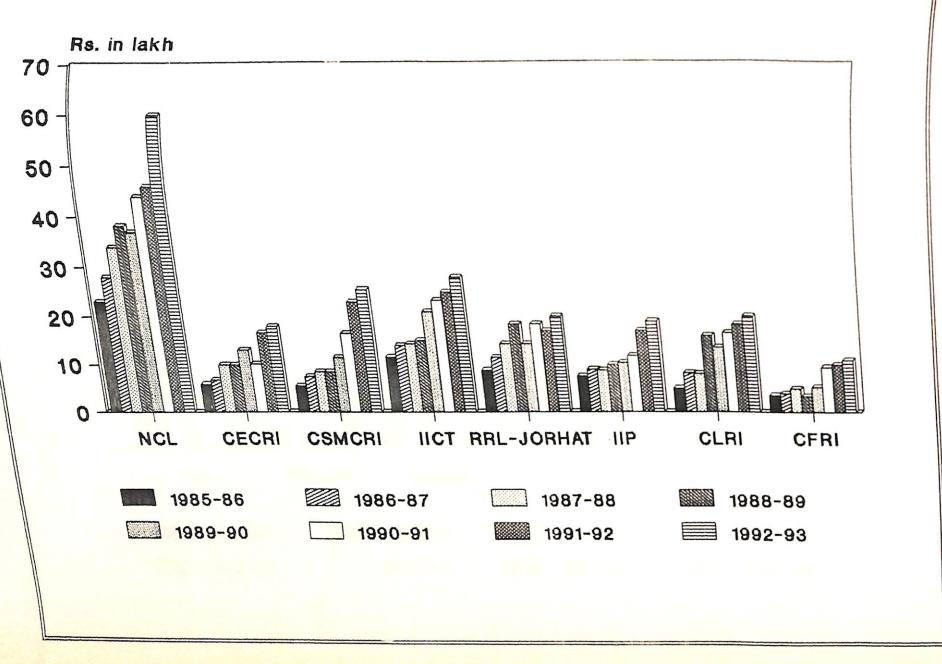
CHEMICAL SCIENCES GROUP WORKS & SERVICES



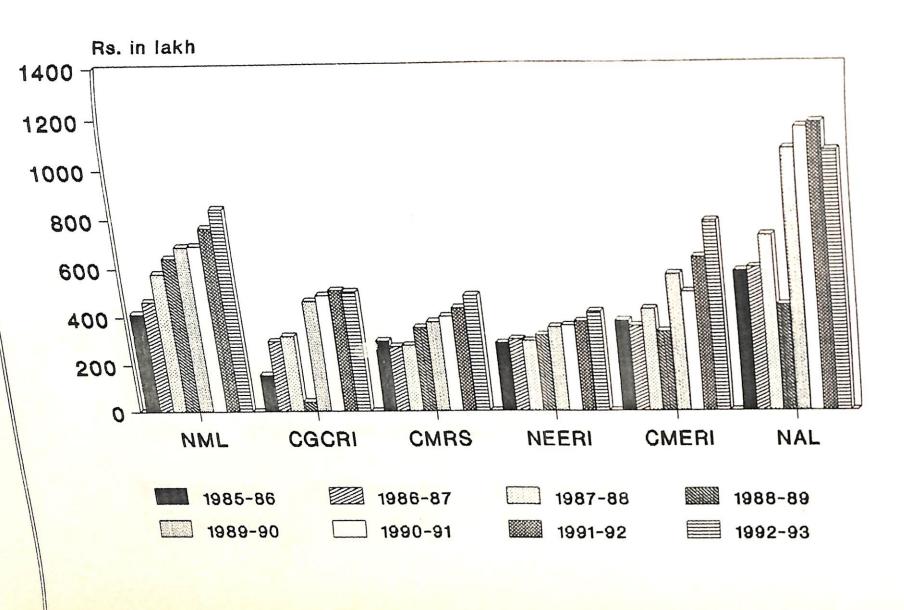
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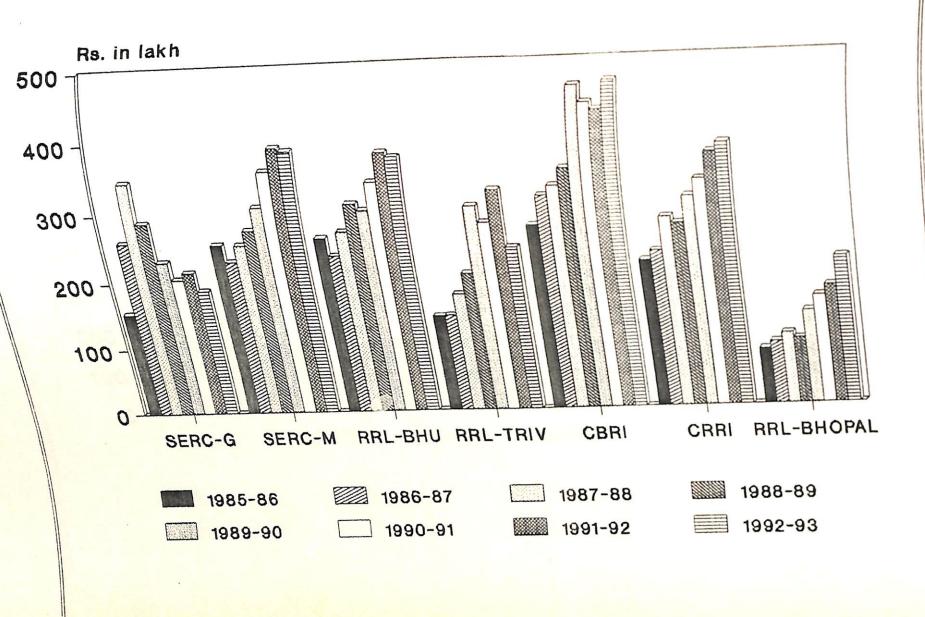
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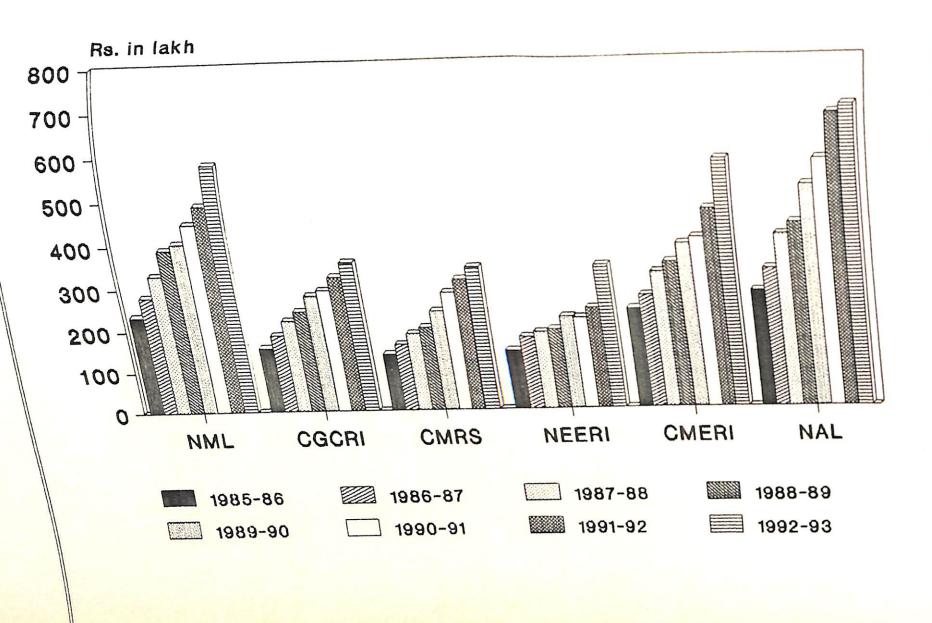
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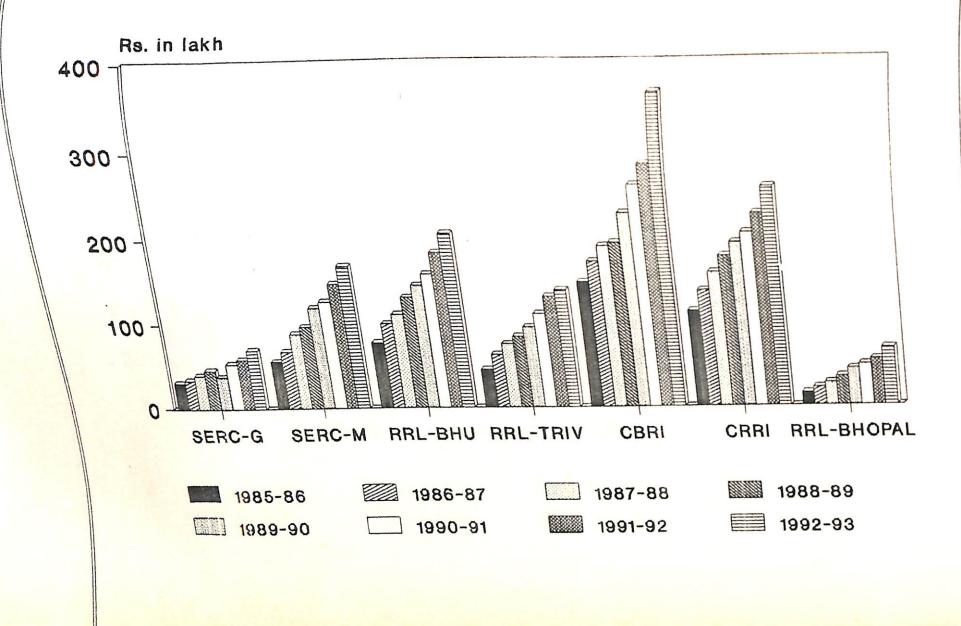
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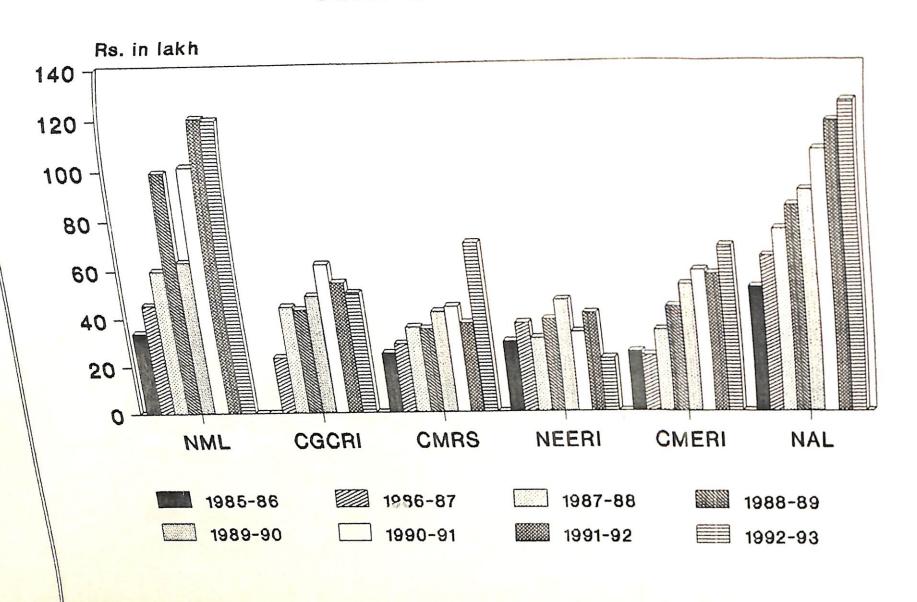
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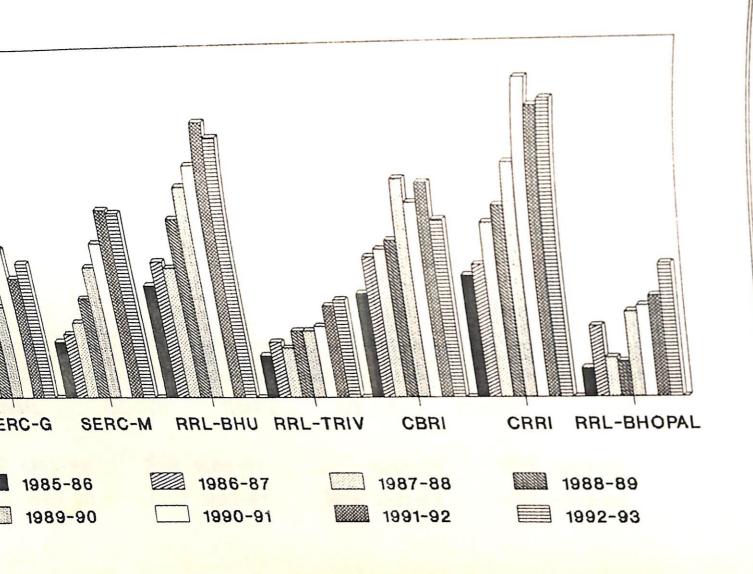
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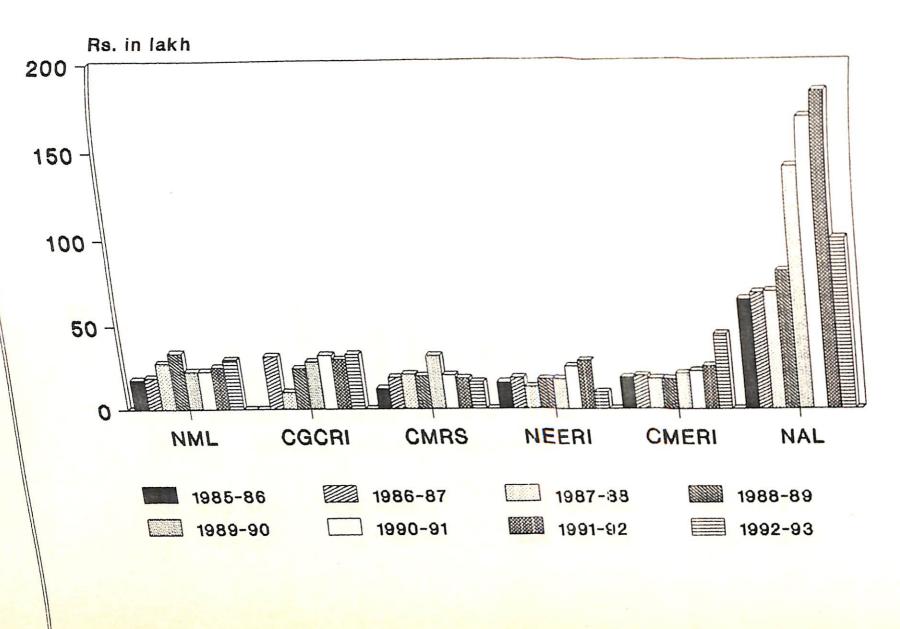
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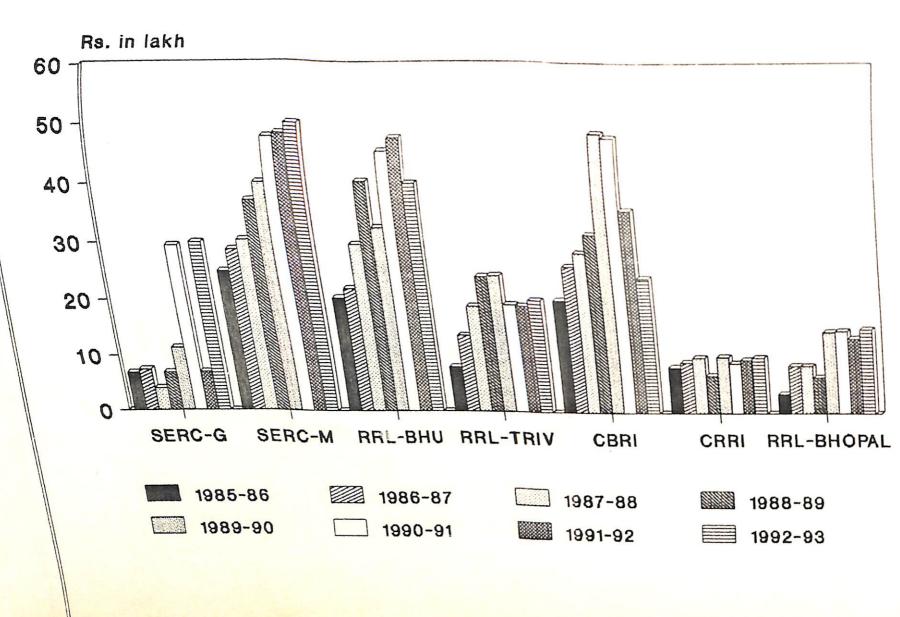
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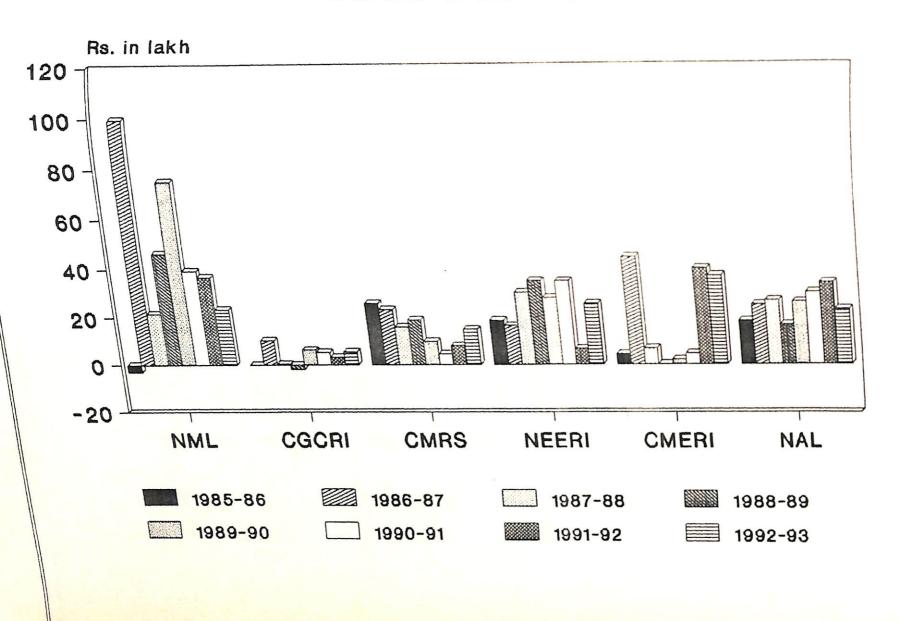
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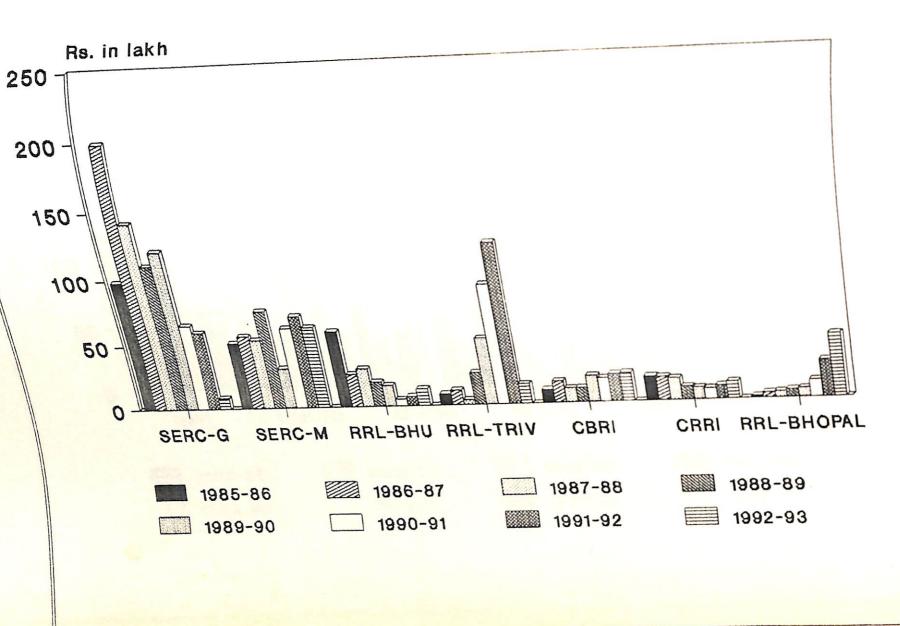
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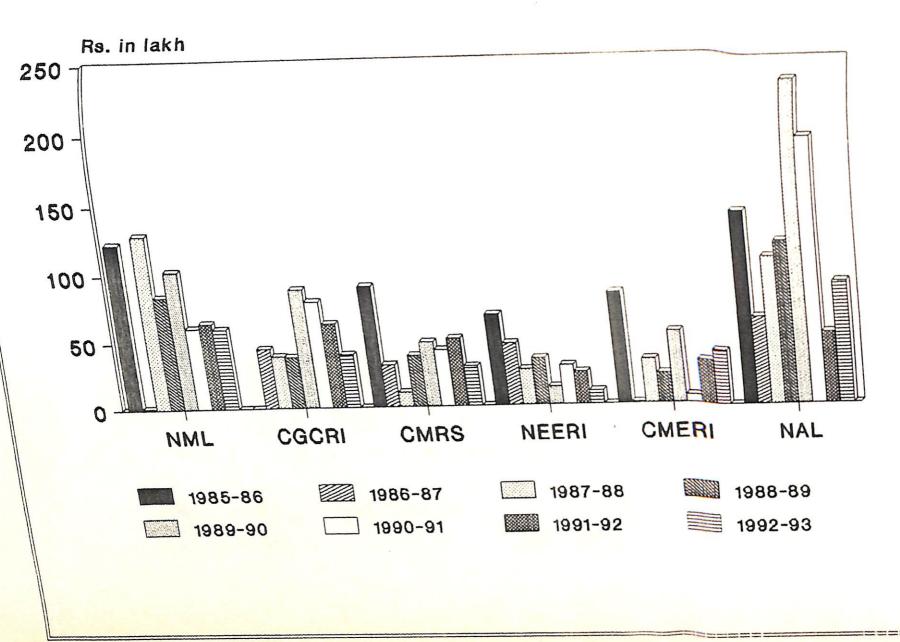
ENGINEERING SCIENCES GROUP WORKS & SERVICES



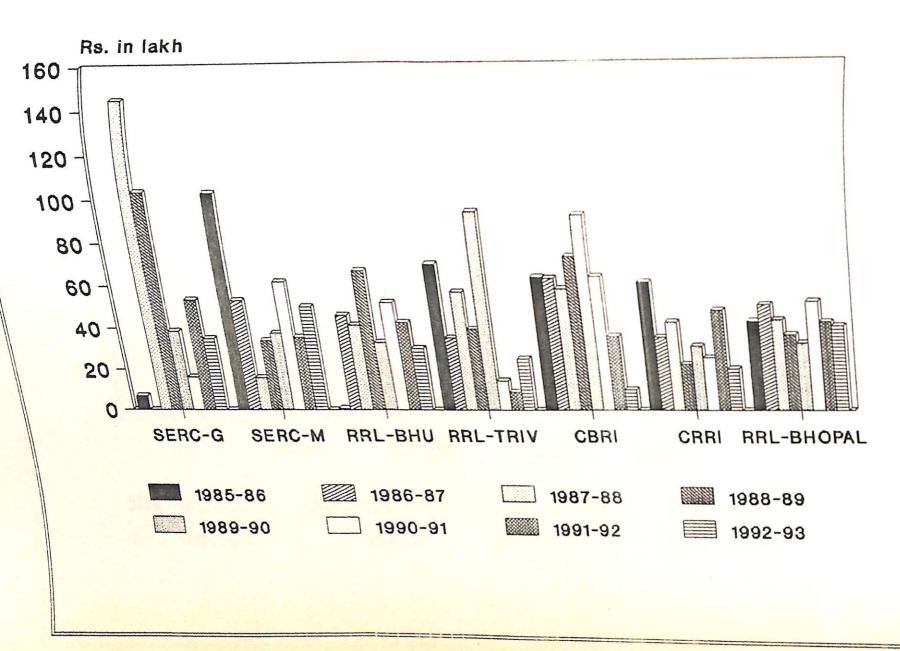
ENGINEERING SCIENCES GROUP WORKS & SERVICES



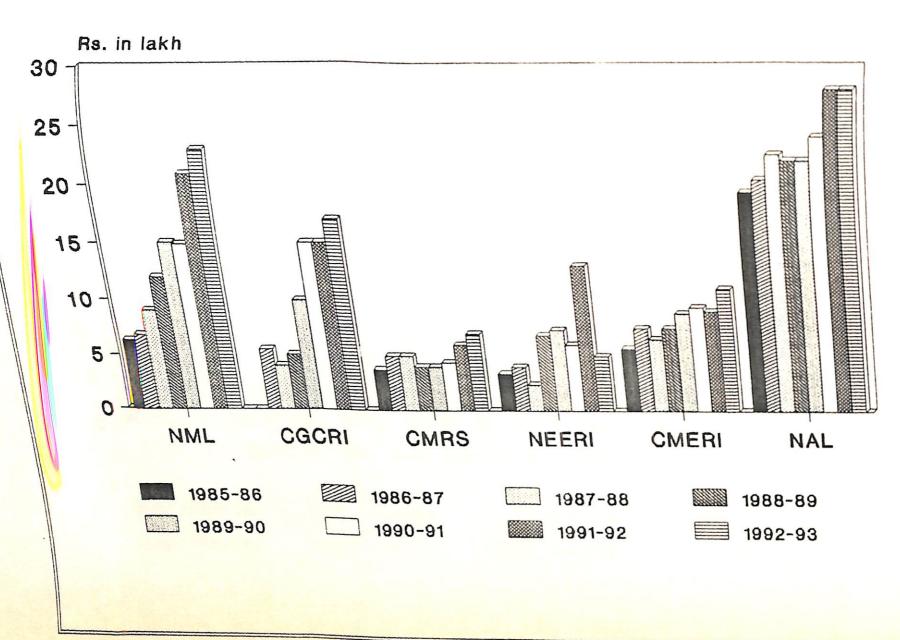
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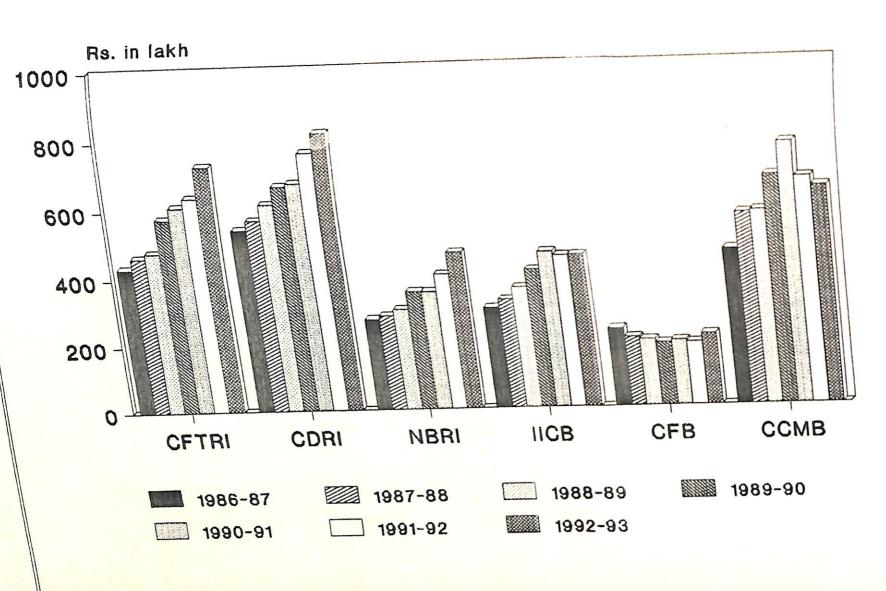
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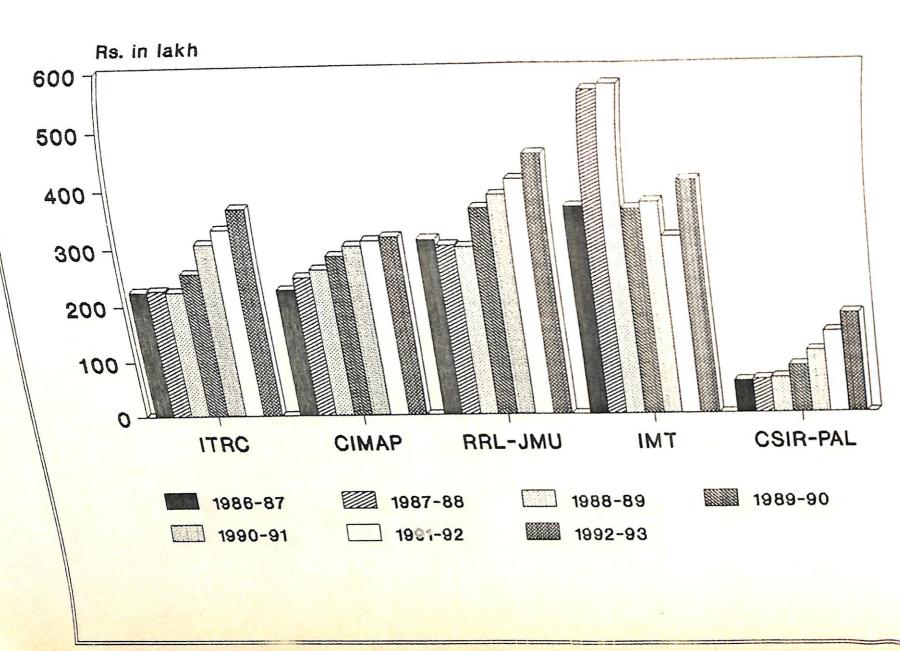
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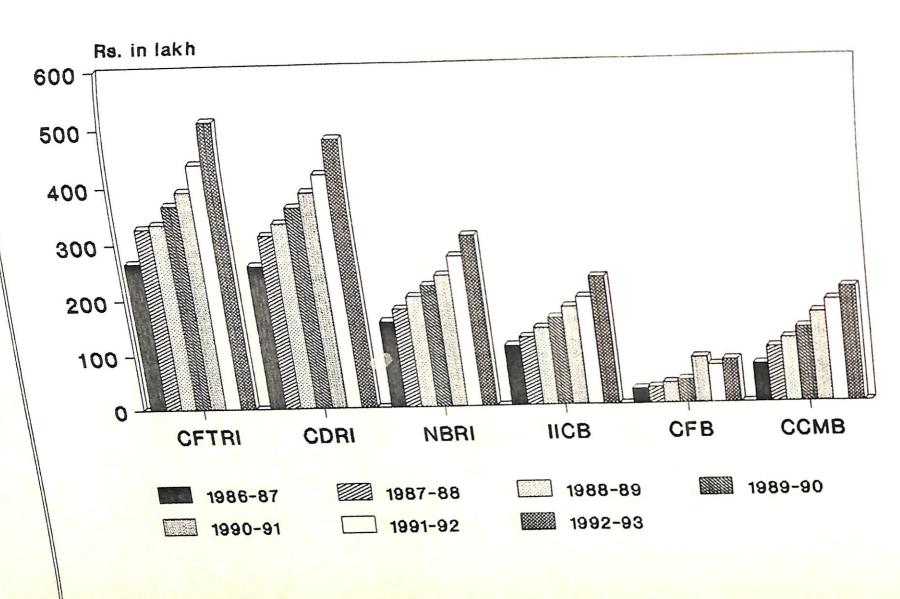
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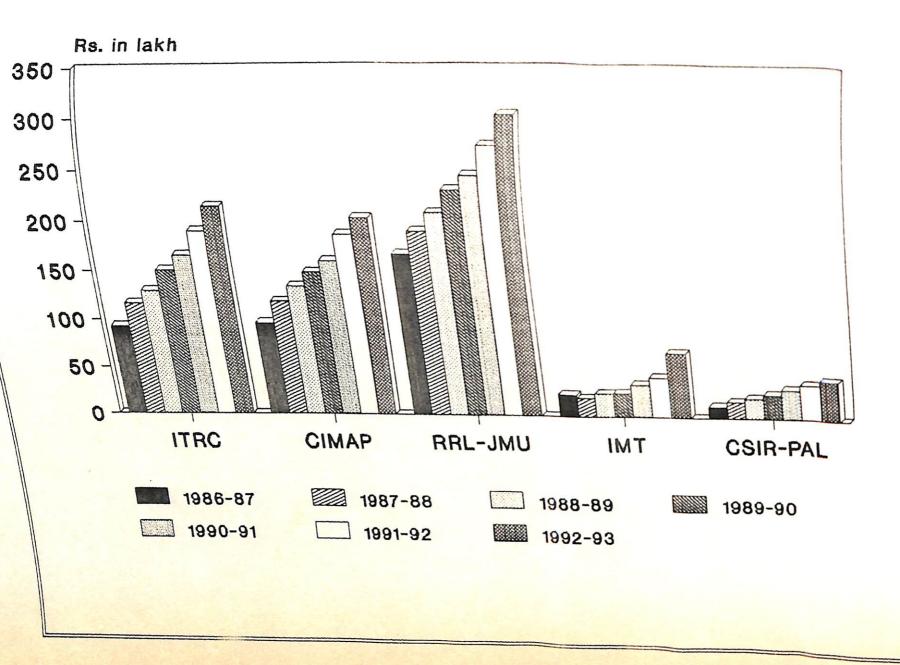
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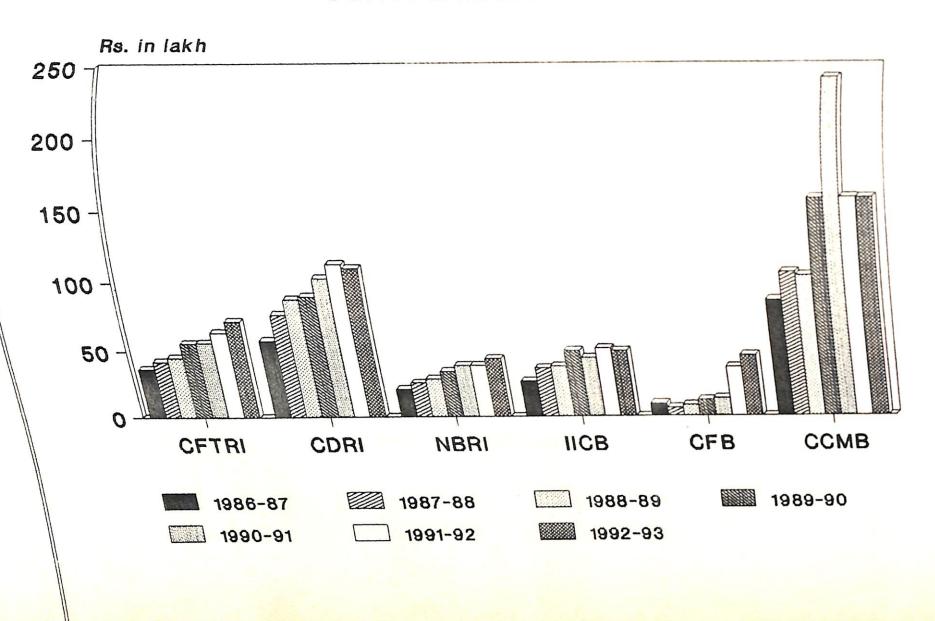
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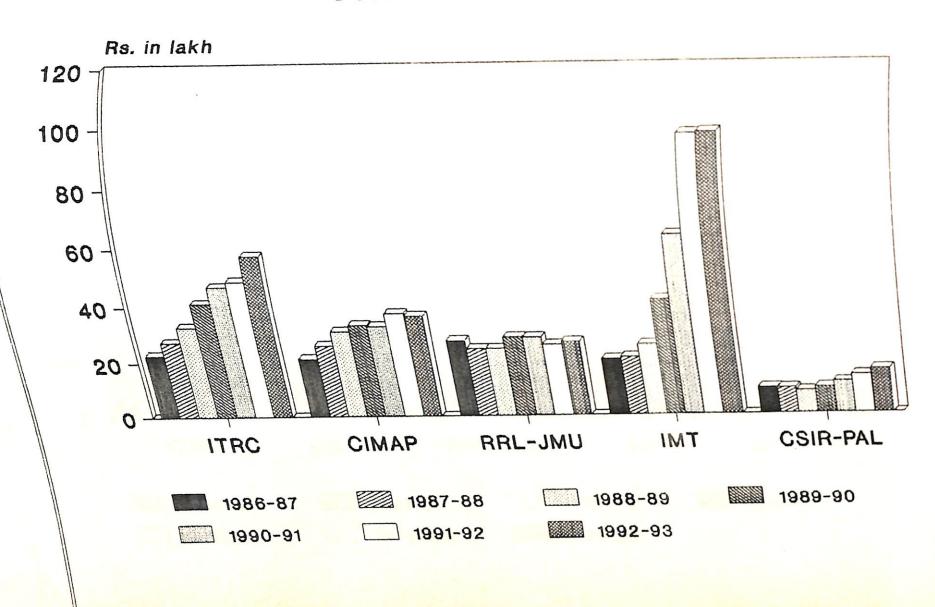
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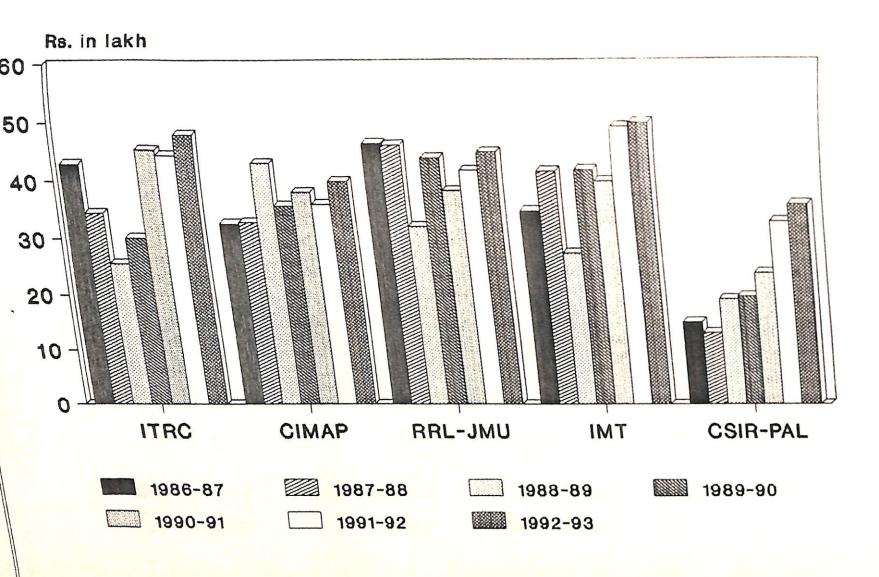
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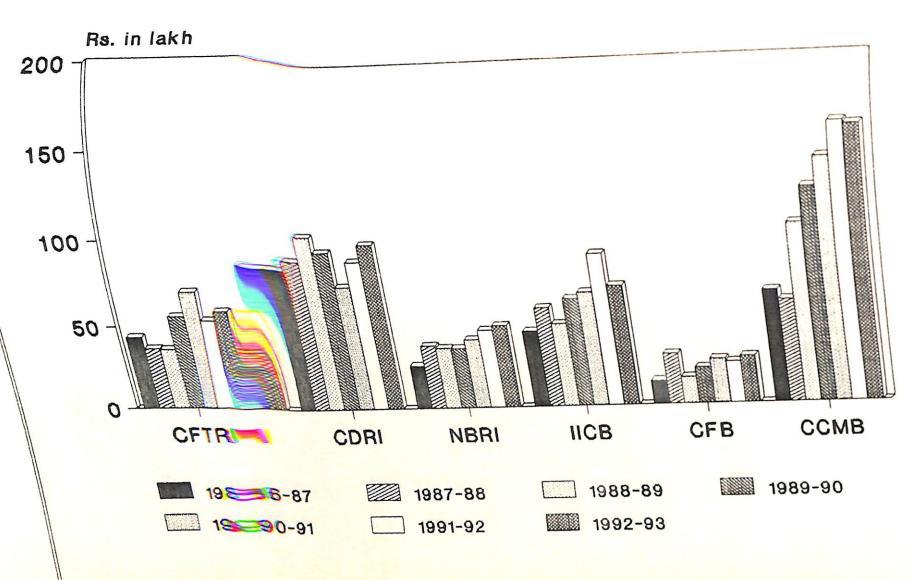
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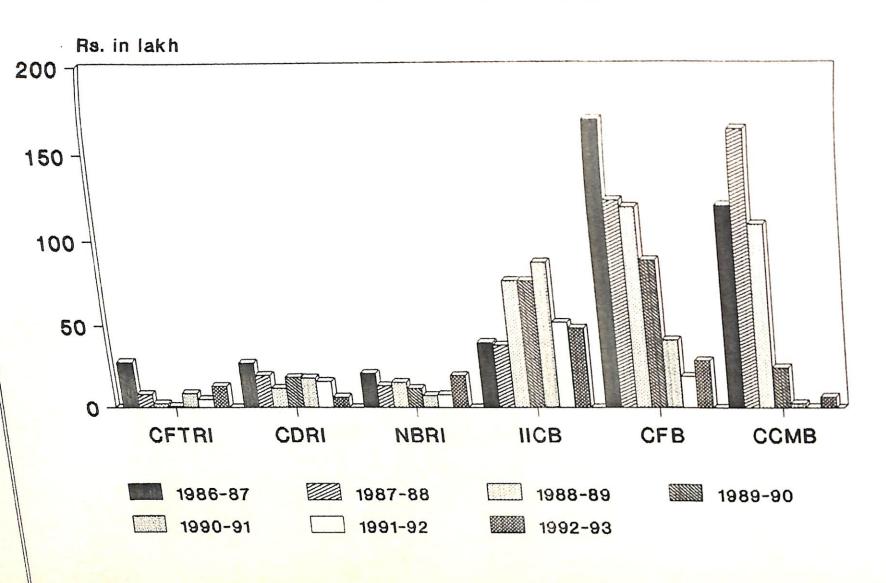
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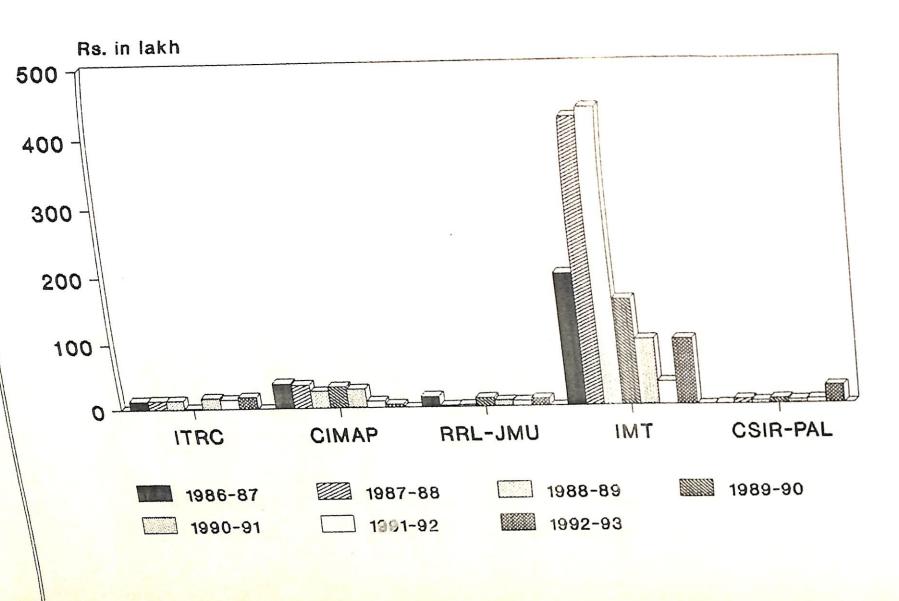
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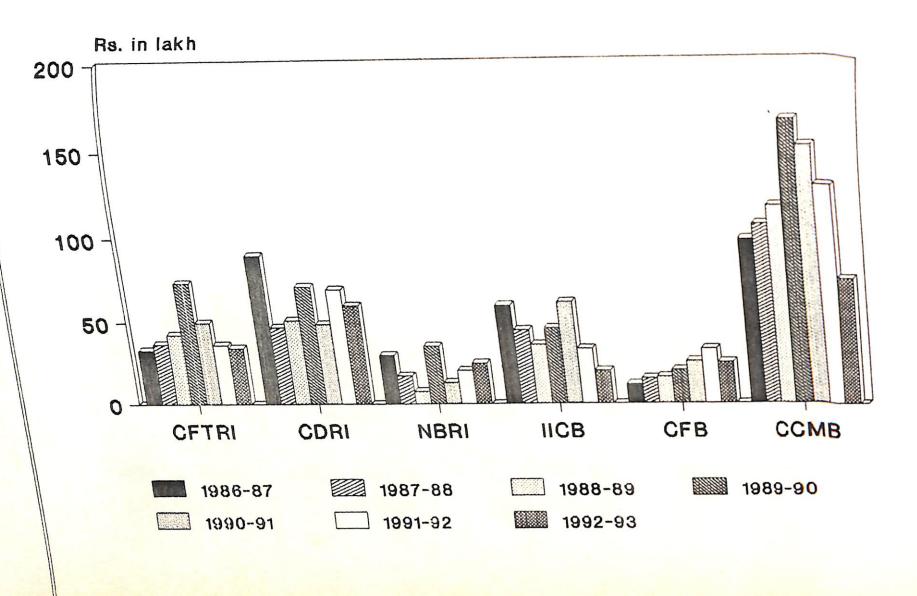
BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES GROUP WORKS & SERVICES



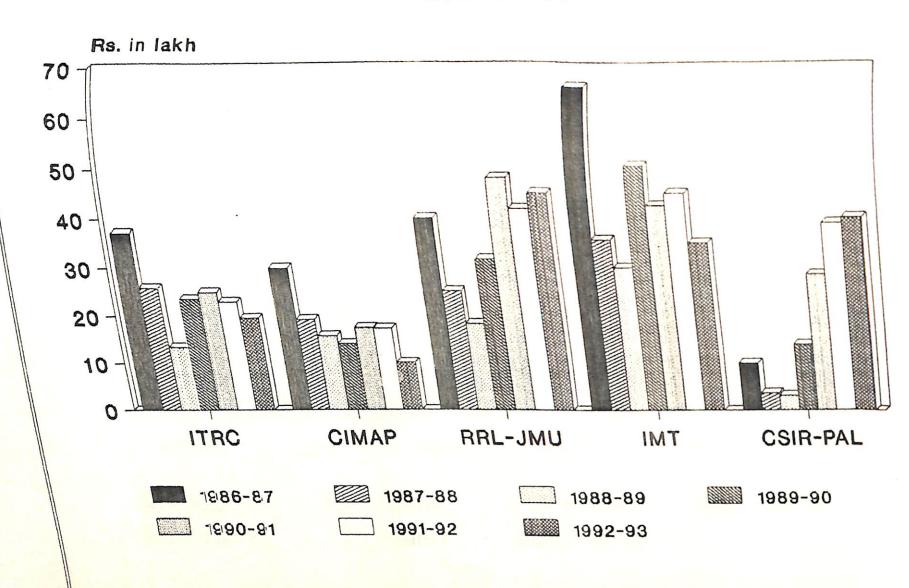
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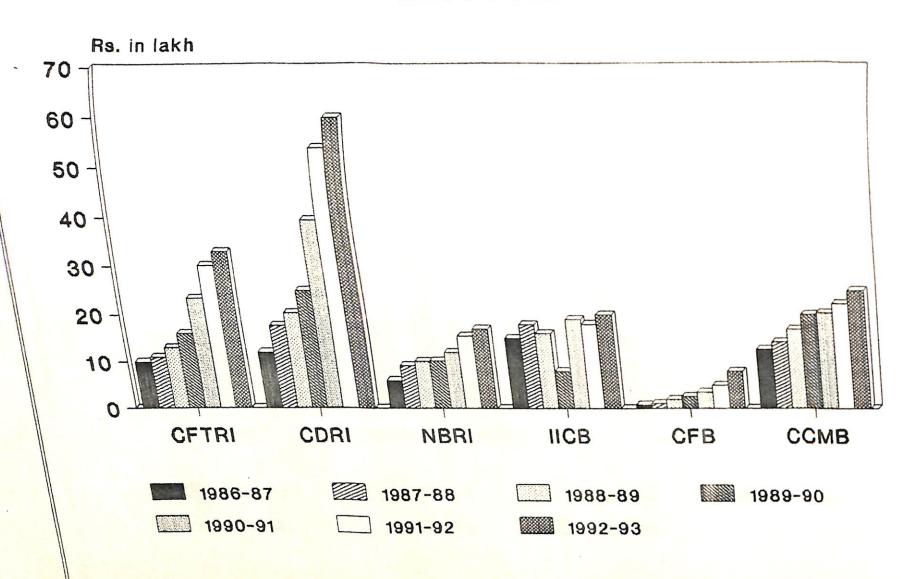
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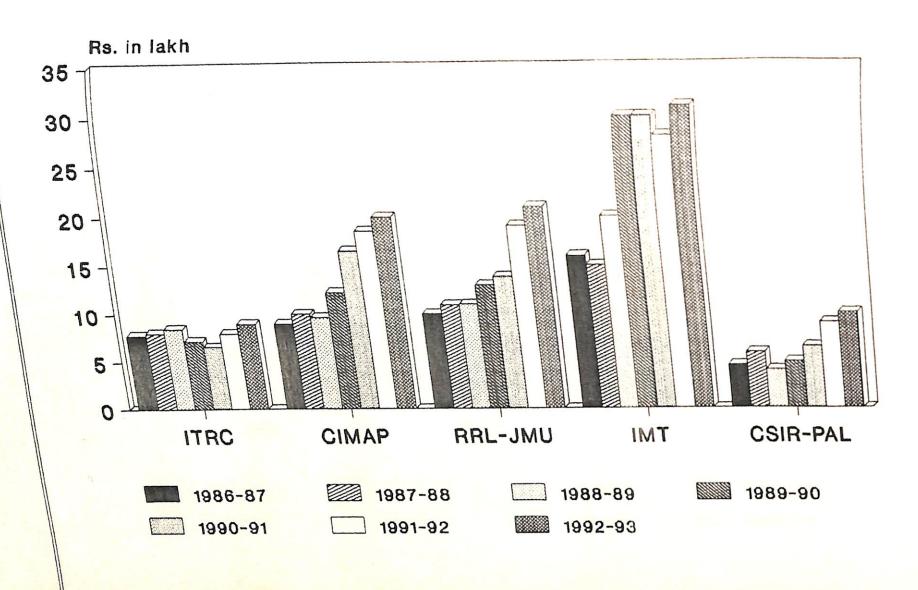
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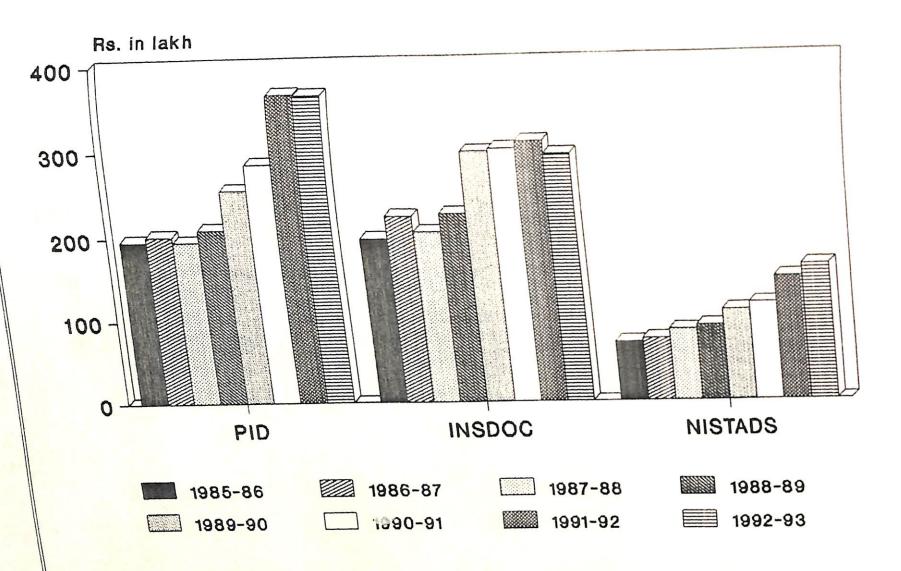
BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES GROUP LIB. BOOKS



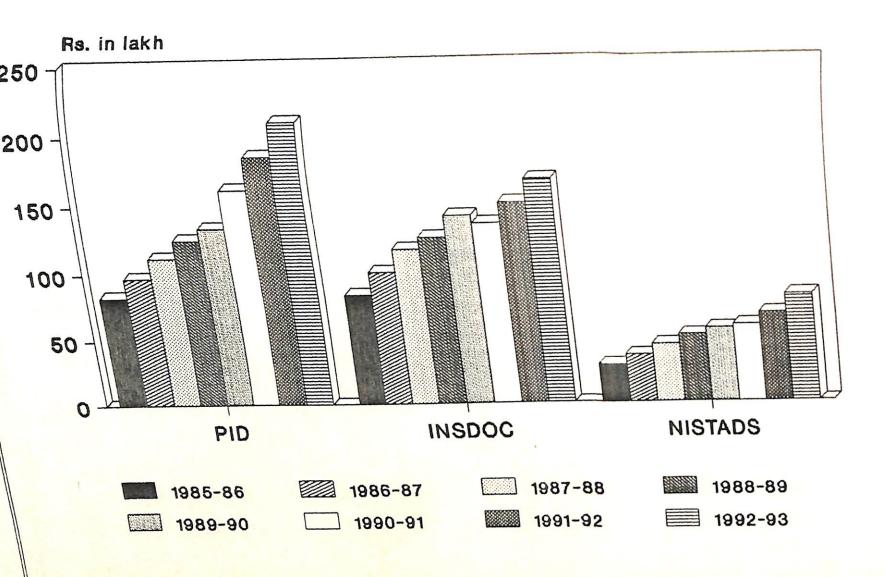
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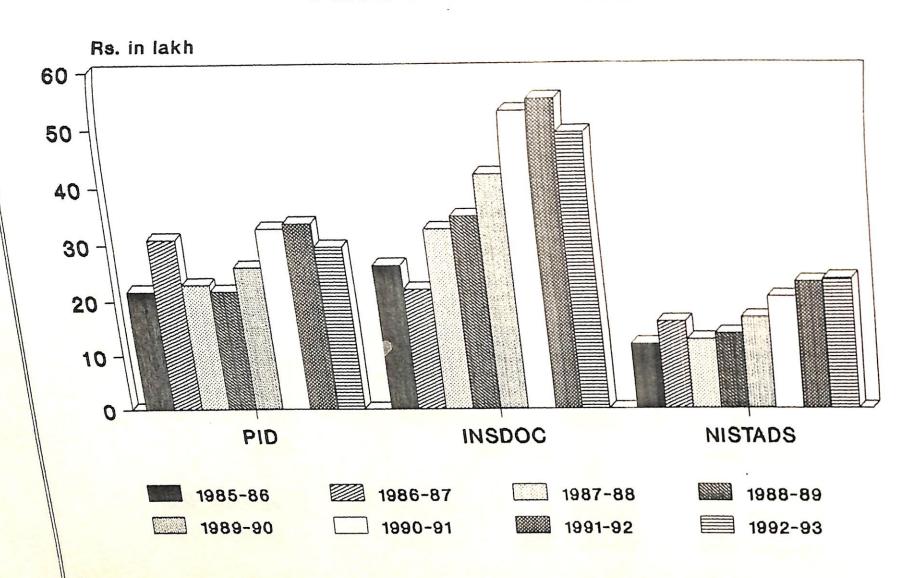
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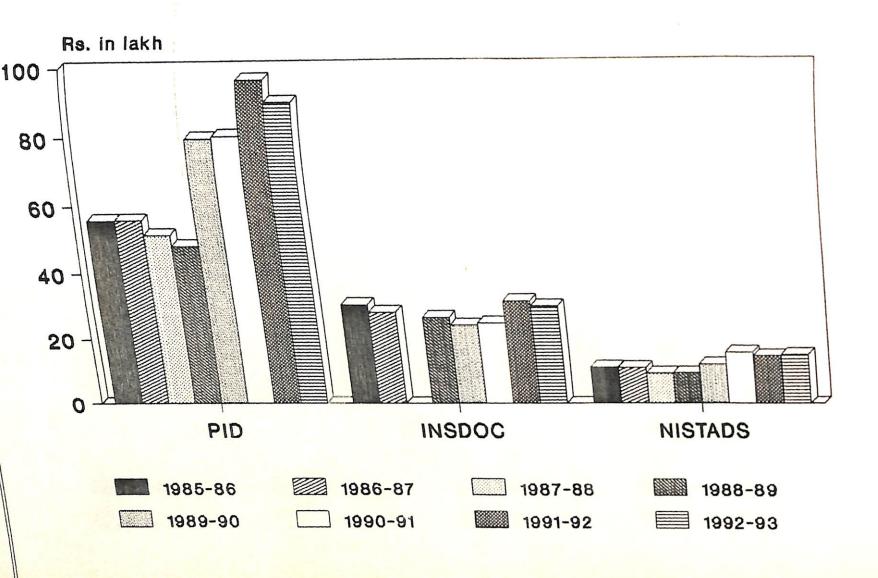
INFORMATION SCIENCES GROUP SALARIES



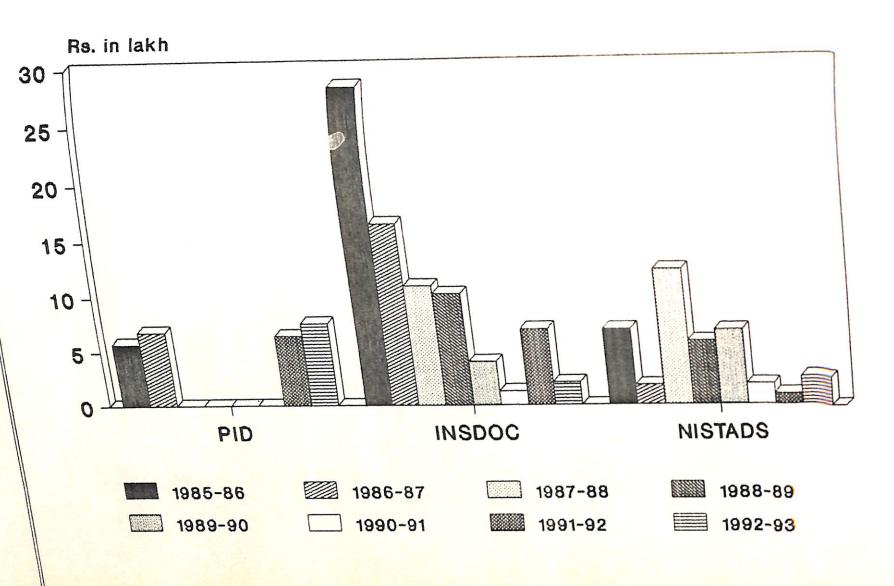
INFORMATION SCIENCES GROUP CONT. & MAINTENANCE



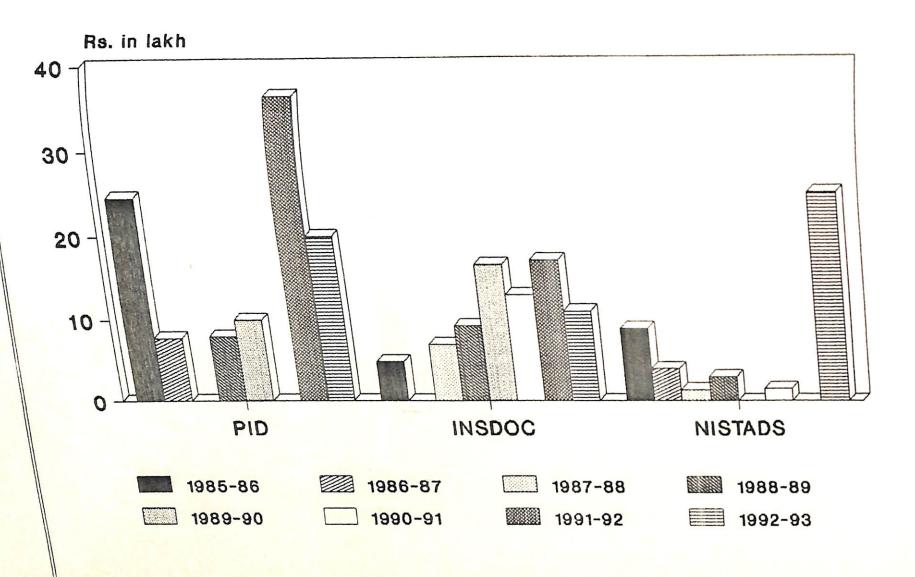
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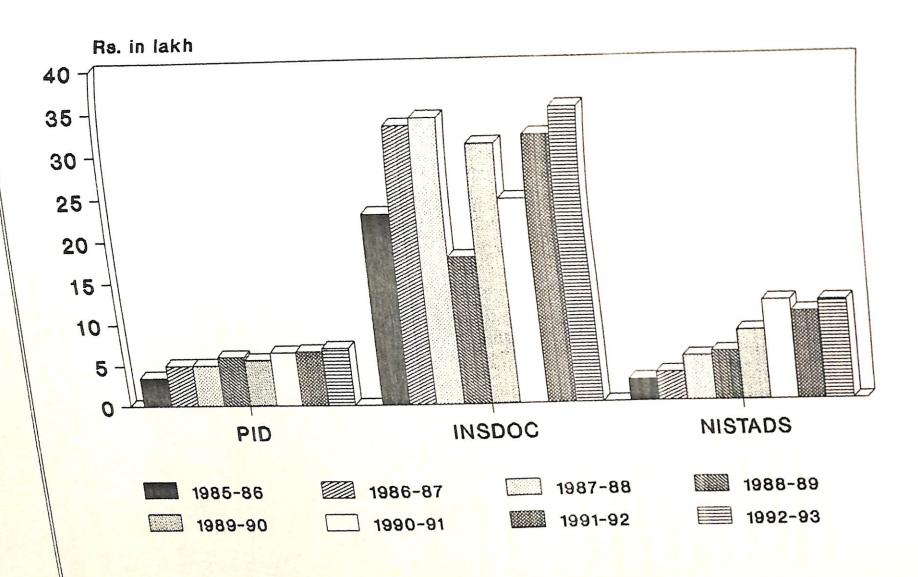
INFORMATION SCIENCES GROUP WORKS & SERVICES



INFORMATION SCIENCES GROUP EQUIPMENT



INFORMATION SCIENCES GROUP LIBRARY BOOKS



CHAPTER - 4: PROBLEMS AND GAPS IN INFORMATION

4.1 INTRODUCTION

The history of data collection system and the various analysis performed on the data received to generate the information required for the various functions of the research planning group have been discussed in Chapters-2 and 3. The complexity of the organization and the diversity of its activities had an effect on the generation of information. There are gaps and problems in information and its generation. Any rational decision making process is dependent on right information at the right time. The requirement of information is not only for the decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of several queries from the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of the Decision making process but also for meeting the demands of the Decision making process but also for meeting the Decision making process and the Decisi the Parliament, the Planning Commission, etc. Most of the time CSIR HQ. relies on the laboratories to provide the necessary inputs as and when there is a need for such an information.

In this chapter, a brief listing of some of the information demanded/ queries asked and some observations on the present information system are presented. Also, the gaps in information and the problems in getting either the basic data or the information in its final form are discussed. This would further strengthen and justify the need for an effective and dynamic information

SOME OF THE INFORMATION OFTEN DEMANDED/QUERIES 4.2

- What are the number of research projects and schemes under the categories of Basic Research, Applied Research, institutionyear-wise during the last few (e.g. five, ten) years?
- How many of the research projects have been completed on schedule, have not been completed on time and how year-wise?

- Distribution in terms of Age, Qualifications, Fields of Specialization, Areas of Research etc.
- Project-wise Manpower deployment.
- Requirement of Additional Manpower group-wise (in which area or for which activity).
- Details of facilities available in a Lab and in CSIR as a whole. *
- Details of specialized services offered by the CSIR laboratories.
- Investment on R & D by CSIR as a whole as well as by individual laboratories.

Where are the answers to many of the queries stated above? Has it been the existing possible to meet such demands easily and successfully from the existing Information System at the CSIR headquarters?

If one carefully studies the queries, it may very well be understood that the Information requested could be classified as "Laboratory Specific" or "Projection of the Information requested could be classified as "Laboratory Specific" or "Information requested could be classified as "Laboratory Specific" or "Laboratory "Project Specific". In a majority of the queries one requires to integrate data at the Corthe CSIR HQ. level. In almost all the laboratories some sort of Information system. System exists. However, they are neither uniform/standardized nor complete.

The sum The system has not so far been custom-designed to meet the requirements of the CSID 1 CSIR headquarters. Laboratories are also enjoying the freedom/autonomy of the designed to meet the freedom/autonomy of the freedom/autonomy o avoiding provision of data in the prescribed format. Even wherever wherever whenever the format is followed, the inconvenient part of the questionnaire is not answer: answered.

4.3 SOME OBSERVATIONS ON THE PRESENT SYSTEM:

As discussed in Chapter-2, the proforma sent by the Planning Commission used to be reviewed and adopted to suit the CSIR laboratories and the Annual Plan Proforma used to be sent to the laboratories seeking projectwise/ activity-wise plan proposals. The laboratories used to send the annual plan documents keeping the proforma as the basis. CSIR integrated the laboratory plan proposals and prepared the CSIR draft plan.

- For the last two decades, laboratories have been submitting their annual plans to CSIR, perhaps, more by way of an annual ritual.
- CSIR used to analyze these documents and produce laboratory profiles. Besides helping the formulation of a total CSIR Plan, these documents served as a source of information for answering many queries.
- It must however be noted that the information available in these plan documents was static information.

This plan is submitted to the Planning Commission and the resource allocations to CSIR is arrived at based on a detailed discussion. Then the allocations are made to the laboratories. The size of the plan proposals used to be higher (more than double) than the actual allocations madeas is avident from Table 4.1. This means there could be several scenarios. One, the projections are inflated so that the reduction in the actual allocations has not affected the actual R&D. Two, the programmes have been slowed down and resources thinly distributed among all the proposed projects. Three, the plan of the laboratory has been critically reviewed either by the internal expert committee or by the Research Research Council and based upon prioritization a few programmes have been dropped. dropped or kept in abeyance or slowed down and due thrust has only been given to the : to the important projects. Four, no serious efforts were made to estimate the project costs.

There was never an automatic information flow of actual plans based on the revised/ reduced allocations.

In fact the actual planning system should have been a feed back system in Fig. taking into account the final allocations made to the laboratories as shown in Fig. 4.1. 4.1.

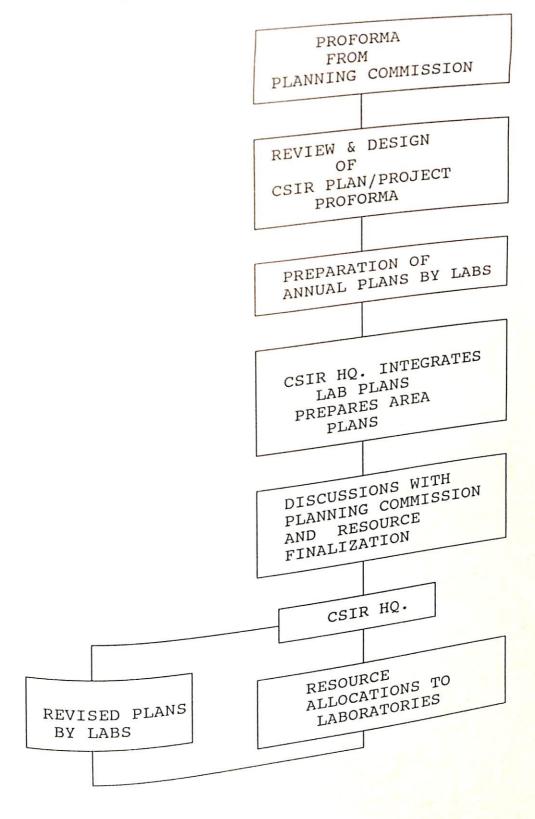
- Perhaps, the annual plan proforma underwent changes almost every year. visualized and
- The need for dynamic information flow was never appreciated both at the CSIR HQ. as well at the laboratory levels. *

Table-4.1 indicates the difference in budgeted and sanctioned estimates for a few laboratories during 1993-94.

Table-4.1

	Table	-4.1		
				 %age of
NAME OF THE LABORATORY	PROJECTIONS BE 1993-94 (Rs. in Language) BE -> Budget	ALLOCATION SE 1993-94 akh)	(2 - 7	3 TO 2
	BE -> Budget	-ned estima	ites	
	BE -> Budget SE -> Sancti	Oneu		5
		3	4	
1	2	3		
			- 2 56	52.62
		1135.44	1022.56	69.53
NPL	2158.00	583.50	255.69	64.27
CEERI	839.19	636.39	353.73	74.98
CSIO	990.12	693.52	231.38	63.88
NGRI	924.90	693.54	649.54	33.77
	1798.08	1148.54	1121.96	46.75
NCL	1693.97	572.01	419.32	80.05
CECRI	1693.7	368.13	290.25	75.26
CSMCRI	787.45	1164.75	157.32	69.34
IICT	1455.00	478.68	274.06	77.45
RRL-JOR	636.00	619.69	226.58	80.42
IIP	893.75	778.12	203.31	44.96
CFRI	1004.70	835.19	630.50	74.54
NML	1038.50	515.00	155.84	85.89
CGCRI	1145.50	156.16	91.68	69.90
CMRS	612.00	558.19	344.87	77.92
	649.87	000.93	63.52	42.56
NEERI	1145.80	224.13	91.62	66.64
CMERI	287.65	67.88	145.80	61.93
SERC-GZ	159.50	291.20	299.91	62.91
CSIR-C-M	437.00	188.03	260.77	34.02
RRL-TRIV.	788.00	112.23	251.58	78.59
CBRI	703.00	101.28	129.44	67.95
CRRI	532.86	175.20	156.70	47.01
RRL-BHOP	604.70	232.10	242.81	64.41
NBRI	488.86	-04.13	91.77	
CIMAP	647.00	147.97		
IMT	229.74			
NISTADS	229.			
TAND				

Fig. 4.1 Flow Chart indicating the Preparation of Plan Documents.



The first one sterns from Frequent changes in Categorization/ classification of activities/ projects.

in 1978-81, these were: AICP (All India Coordinated Projects)

RDP (Rural Development Projects)

Major Projects

Minor Projects

NICTP (Nationally Important Coordinated Thrust Area Projects)

MAP (Multi agency Projects)

Major Projects

Minor Projects

The concept of a multi-agency project was totally different from that of Rural Development Projects. Yet the codes used for computerization were the same. This created confusion in Information maintenance and

Again from the Sixth Plan (1981-85) CSIR switched over to area-approach (from lab-approach) and frequent changes were made in the area the area classification as indicated in the Annexure-1.4. CSIR has been follow: following UNESCO classification for R&D areas till then.

There were other reasons too - one of them based on Manpower and project definition definition.

Manpower Categorization followed till 1987:

: Scientific, Technical, Non-technical

Establishment: Scientific, Technical, Non-Technical
Class

: Technical, Non-technical Class IV

Since 1987, the Classification followed are:

Group V: Engineering Staff

Group IV: Scientists (Scientific Officers)

Group III: } Technical Officers, Scientific Establishment,

Group I:} Class IV

Administration: Officers, Establishment, Class IV

Manpower deployment to Projects: One person deployed in more than one Project; Some Scientists are deployed in many projects; (sometimes more than To than Ten at a time)

No uniform definition or concept of a "Project".

In general it was noted:

*

Many a time in order to reduce the number of projects as per the directives of directives from the Policy Making authorities, Projects used to be clubbed and shows

Project-wise costing and budgeting was never done systematically by all laboratoric

Project allocations were mostly ad hoc in nature. They were for chemicals chemicals and specific equipment related to the projects.

Details of investment made on any project since inception to end were never available for sponsored and never available. (They were, however, available for sponsored and consultance consultancy projects.)

- Project costing guidelines were formulated and circulated to all the laboratories but implementation at the laboratory level was never made mandatory.
- The annual exercise was almost stopped during 1987-90 when a new concept of total allocation was made to each laboratory based on peer evaluation.
- Applied Many of the project characteristics like Basic Research and Research were overlapping and were not mutually exclusive.
- Creation and Maintenance of project database having all basic data with facilities for generation of management information at any given time was never visualized. Always there was mix up between data and information and CSIR HQ. desired to have information in the final form, thus perhaps destroying the feel for basic data maintenance at laboratory level. This has resulted in its continuous reclassification, rather than having an ionic additional 'flag' to basic data to generate required information.

4.4 CONCLUSIONS:

Data and Information never reached CSIR HQ. automatically whenever it was modified or generated at the laboratory level. As a result, the existing Information System always depended on the Laboratory System for authenticity of data. This has resulted in a situation wherein it was never possible to answer queries with authenticity without referring to the concerned laboratories.

The preparation of the plan document by the laboratories remained an Open loop exercise whereas the actual planning system should have been a feed back system after the final allocations are made. Response from many laboratories was never in time nor strictly in the prescribed format.

The component of information received rarely used to be crisp and precise. At CSIR, the time available for integration was forever sub-critical. This has further established the need to develop a suitable information system linking the laboratories and the CSIR HQ. and thereby avoiding repeated reference to the laboratories.

The information system has to incorporate the feedback mechanism so that dependable information on the laboratory activities is available at the CSIR HQ. The situation demands switch over from a "Static System" to a "Dynamic System". The conceptual design of the information system will not be difficult. However, due emphasis has to be given for its implementation. The development of a Model Information System is discussed in the next chapter.

Annexure-4.1 AREA CLASSIFICATION

* During the Sixth Plan (1980-85), the entire R&D activities of the CSIR laboratories have been grouped under 26 areas.

They were:

- 1. Materials Development
- 2. Polymer Science
- 3. Catalysis
- 4. Corrosion
- 5. Chemicals
- 6. Bio-technology
- 7. Energy
- 8. Electronics
- 9. Natural Products
- 10. Machinery Development
- 11. Oceanography and allied fields
- 12. Environmental Research
- 13. Post-Harvest Technology
- 14. Health
- 15. Housing
- 16. Mining and Metallurgy
- 17. Aeronautics
- 18. Standards
- 19. Instrumentation
- 20. Civil Engineering
- 21. Leather
- 22. Drugs
- 23. Industrial Toxicology
- 24. Geological Exploration
- 25. Information System
- 26. Miscellaneous

This again underwent reorganization during the Seventh Plan (1985-90) Period. The seventh plan area classifications were:

- 1. Inputs to Agriculture (Agrochemicals etc.)
- 2. Food storage, preservation and processing
- 3. Water
- 4. Health, family welfare and nutrition
- 5. Housing, Town Planning and structure
- 6. Environment
- 7. Industrial Toxicology
- 8. Energy and Power
- 9. Chemicals (including catalysis & corrosion)
- 10. Metallurgy
- 11. mining
- 12. Special Materials
- 13. Machinery Development
- 14. Electronics
- 15. Computer Software Development
- 16. Instrumentation
- 17. Leather
- 18. Paper and Paper boards
- 19. Transportation, shipping and railways
- 20. Aeronautics
- 21. Standards
- 22. Electrical Research and Development
- 23. Oceanography
- 24. Rural and regional development
- 25. Information system
- 26. Basic Science

The classification was again changed in the original Eighth Plan * (1990-95); this was in force during the annual plans 1990-91 and 1991-92.

A. SOCIETAL/TECHNOLOGY MISSIONS

- A1 DRINKING WATER
- A2 OILSEEDS
- A3 IMMUNIZATION
- A4 NATURAL HAZARD MITIGATION
- A5 SEPARATION TECHNOLOGY

B. CSIR IN NATIONAL S&T PROGRAMMES

- B1 SROSS AERONOMY SATELLITE PROGRAMME
- B2 SUPERCONDUCTIVITY
- **B3** GLOBAL CHANGE
- B5 NAVODAYA VIDYALAYA CUM SPECIAL BUILDING STRUCTURES
- **B6 POLYMETALLIC NODULES**
- **B7 ANTARCTICA**
- **B8 PARALLEL COMPUTATION**
- B10- S&T INPUTS FOR COASTAL ZONE DEVELOPMENT B11- RESOURCES AND PARAMETER MAPPING OF THE EEZ OF INDIA
- B12- STANDARDIZATION, METROLOGY AND QUALITY SYSTEM
- B13- AIR SEA INTERACTION

C. CSIR MISSION PROGRAMMES

- C1 NEW MATERIALS
- C2 MICROELECTRONICS
- C4 CATALYST SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
- C5 CORROSION
- C7 POLYMER SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
- C8 INDUSTRIAL TOXICOLOGY

CO COAL	BENEFICIATION, TRANSPORTATION, GASIFICATION
C9 - COAL	BENEFICIATION,
AND U	JTILIZATION

C10- DRUGS, DIAGNOSTICS & REAGENTS

C11- AROMATIC, ORNAMENTAL AND OTHER ECONOMIC PLANTS

COL MODIO PROCESSING AND POST HARVEST

C13- LOW COST BUILDING MATERIALS

C14- ADVANCED CERAMICS

CIS- RISK AND HAZARD ANALYSIS

C16- EARTHQUAKE HAZARD ASSESSMENT

- C17- TECHNOLOGIES FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT
- C20- ROAD TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE AND SAFETY SYSTEM
- C21- ENERGY SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT
- C22- SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY FOR SOCIETAL DEVELOPMENT
- C23- ROBOTICS AND ITS APPLICATIONS

D. NEW MAJOR FACILITIES

- D1 VLBI
- D2 C-MACCS
- D3 SPECIAL PURPOSE AIRCRAFT
- D4 A NEW LOW/HIGH SPEED WIND TUNNEL D5 - COMPONENT INTEGRITY EVALUATION CENTRE
- D7 NATIONAL INSTRUMENTATION FACILITY FOR BIOLOGY
- D8 MINERAL PHYSICS

E. LABORATORY THRUST PROGRAMMES

CHARACTERIZATION OF MATERIALS AMORPHOUS AND CRYSTALLINE SILICON MODERN COMMUNICATION SYSTEM-MEDIA NPL1. NPL2. CHARACTERISATION NPL3.

RRL-JOR1. RRL-JOR2. RRL-JOR3.	SPECIALITY PAPERS AND ADDITIVES FOR IMPROVED DRY STRENGTH AND RETENTION OF FINE AND FILLERS
IIP1.	PETROLEUM CONSERVATION, PRODUCT APPLICATIONS AND EMISSION: ENGINE EMISSIONS AND EMISSION: ENGINE EFFICIENT COMBUSTION
IIP2.	AND EMISSION: ENGINE DEVELOPMENT OF FUEL EFFICIENT COMBUSTION SYSTEMS PROCEDURES
IIP3.	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION
IIP4. CLRI1. CLRI2.	DEVELOPMENT ALTERNATE SOURCES OF HYDROCARBON COLLAGENS: SYNTHESIS AND BIOMATERIALS COLLAGENS: SYNTHESIS AND BIOMATERIALS MICROPROCESSOR BASED CONTROL SYSTEM FOR MICROPROCESSOR BASED CONTROL SYSTEM FOR TANNERY WET OPERATIONS AND TREATMENT OF
	TANNERY WET OF LEATHER AND EFFLUENTS SURFACE AND MATERIAL SCIENCES FOR LEATHER AND SURFACE AND MATERIAL SCIENCES FOR LEATHER AND FOOTWEAR AND
CLRI3.	SURFACE AND MATERIAL LEATHER PRODUCTS INDUSTRY LEATHER PRODUCTS INDUSTRY FOR FOOTWEAR AND APPLICATION TECHNIQUES
CLRI4.	CAD/CAM AFTER AND FABRICATION OF THE CARMENTS, DESIGN AND FABRICATION
	FOR LEATHER ASSESSMENT OF COALS AND
CFRI1.	FOR LEATHER RESOURCE QUALITY ASSESSMENT OF COALS AND CONVERSION OF COALS AND CONVERSION OF
CFRI2.	PROCESS DEVELOPMENT MIDDLINGS PROCESS DEVELOPMENT MIDDLINGS PROCESS OF COALS/WASHERY MIDDLINGS PROCESS OF THE P
CFRI3.	NON-COKING COKING AGENT BY MODIFIED SOE COKING AGENT BY MODIFIED SOE (STECHNOLOGY (STECHNOLOGY STUDIES ON THE PRODUCTION OF FORMED COALS FOR STUDIES ON THE PRODUCTION ON-COKING COALS FOR AGGLOMERATED FUEL FROM NON-COKING COALS AGGLOMERATED FUEL FROM NON-COKING COALS AGGLOMERATED FUEL FROM NON-COKING COALS AND INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS BENEFICIATION AND PURIFICATION OF TUNGSTEN ORES BENEFICIATION AND PURIFICATION OF TUNGSTEN FROM OUT INDIA STEEL INDIA OUT
NML1.	BENEFICIATION AND PURE AND COBALT FROM
NML2.	OF INDIA OF NICKEL AND PRODUCTION OF NICKEL ORES OVERBURDEN OF CHROMITE ORES

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF HIGH-RISE BUILDINGS SERC-GZ1. DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF LARGE SPAN STRUCTURES SERC-GZ2. SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT FOR SPECIAL APPLICATIONS SERC-GZ3. STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS INCLUDING STUDIES ON SERC-M1. VIBRATION, SHOCK AND IMPACT. STRUCTURES INCLUDING TALL TOWERS, SERC-M2. STEEL INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES AND SHIP STRUCTURES. COMPUTER-AIDED DESIGN AND GRAPHICS SERC-M3. OFFSHORE STRUCTURES INCLUDING INVESTIGATIONS SERC-M4. ON FATIGUE. RRL-BHU1. STUDIES ON FERRO-ALLOY MAKING BY ALLUMINO-THERMIT METHOD RRL-BHU?. PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION OF SOLIDS RRL-BHU3. DEVELOPMENT OF PLASMA REACTOR AND THEIR UTILISATION IN PROCESS METALLURGY & MATERIALS **PREPARATION** RRL-BHU4. EXTRACTION OF NICKEL FROM LATERITIC ORE/CHROMITE OVERBURDEN OF SUKINDA REFERRAL CENTRE FOR RARE EARTHS RRL-T1. **PHOTOCHEMISTRY** RRL-T2. HOUSING AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS CBRI-1. DISTRESSED BUILDINGS FIRE SAFETY OF BUILDINGS AND INDUSTRIES CBRI-2. STRUCTURE - SOIL INTERACTION STUDIES CBRI-3. CBRI-4. PAVEMENT DETERIORATION MODELLING CRRI-1. URBAN TRANSPORT PLANNING CRRI-2. LAND SLIDE HAZARD MITIGATION CRRI-3. RRL-BHO1. PROCESSING OF LOCAL MINERAL RESOURCES

CFTRI-1. CFTRI-2. CFTRI-3.	QUALITY STANDARDS AND FOOD SAFETY TARGETED NUTRITION THROUGH FORMULATIONS OF FOOD FOR SPECIFIC GROUPS DEVELOPMENT AND MODIFICATION OF TRADITIONAL FOODS
CDRI1. CDRI2. CDRI3.	NATURAL PRODUCTS CHEMISTRY AND BIOLOGICAL SCREENING CHEMISTRY AND BIOLOGY OF PEPTIDES IMMUNOLOGY AND MICROBIAL GENETICS
NBRI1. NBRI2. NBRI3. NBRI4. NBRI5.	TAXONOMY AND ETHNOBOTANY PLANT WEALTH UTILISATION ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY TREE BIOLOGY
IICB1. IICB2.	CHEMISTRY OF BIOACTIVE SUBSTANCES MOLECULAR BIOLOGY IMMUNOLOGY AND IMMUNOCHEMISTRY OF PARASITE AND BACTERIA IMMUNOBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOCHEMISTRY
CFB1.	HIGH TECH REAGENTS
CCMB1. CCMB2. CCMB3. CCMB4.	BIOPYSICS AND BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY CELL BIOLOGY EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY
ITRC1.	SAFETY EVALUATION TRANSFORMATION OF
CIMAP1. RRL-J1. RRL-J2.	PROCESSING AND CHEMICAL TRANSFORMATION OF NATURAL PRODUCTS ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUGS MUSHROOM (MORCHELLA species)

RRL-J3.

SERICULTURE

RRL-J4. BORON CHEMICALS

SCREENING OF PLANTS FOR NATURAL EDIBLE COLOURS RRL-J5.

IMTECH1. MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL GENETICS

IMTECH2. ANIMAL CELL/TISSUE CULTURE

IMTECH3. PROTEIN ENGINEERING

CSIR-PAL1. TEA SCIENCE

CSIR-PAL2. POST-HARVEST PHYSIOLOGY OF FRUITS

CSIR-PAL3. PRE-AND POST-HARVEST PHYSIOLOGY FRUITS

REVISION OF "WEALTH OF INDIA" SERIES PID1.

PUBLICATION OF S&T JOURNALS AND SCIENCE PID2.

POPULARISATION

COMPUTERIZED OF CREATIONAND NETWORKING INSDOC1. DATABASES

ELECTRONIC IMAGING INSDOC2.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY

SERIAL CONTENTS OF MULTI MEDIA (ISCOMM) INSDOC3.

INSDOC4. HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT INSDOC5.

NISTADS1. MATHEMATICAL MODELLING

SOCIOLOGY OF SCIENCE UTILISATION FOR AND NISTADS2. PLANNING NISTADS3. RESOURCE AND

SCIENCE SYSTEM AND DEVELOPMENT NISTADS4. INFORMATION

TECHNOLOGY AND SOCIETAL CHANGE **SCIENCE** AND

NISTADS5. NISTADS6. HISTORY AND

TECHNOLOGY

- * These again underwent changes in the actual Eighth Plan (1992- 97) viz.
 - A INDUSTRY AND ECONOMY ORIENTED PROGRAMMES
 - B SOCIETAL PROGRAMMES
 - C BASIC RESEARCH
 - D RESEARCH SUPPORT AND TECHNICAL SERVICES

A- INDUSTRY AND ECONOMY ORIENTED PROGRAMMES

1. CHEMICALS

Agro Chemicals/Pesticides
Catalysis
Chemicals and Intermediates
Electrochemicals

- 2. DRUG DIAGNOSTICS AND PHARMACEUTICALS
- 3. APPLIED BIOLOGY & BIOTECHNOLOGY
- 4. LEATHER
- 5. POLYMER SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
- 6. ELECTRONICS & INSTRUMENTATION
- 7. ENERGY

Energy - Petroleum Refining and processing
Petrochemicals and petroleum
Products

Energy - Coal (Mining, Beneficiation,
Transportation, Gasification and
Utilisation)

Energy - Conservation and Efficient system

8. FOOD PROCESSING AND POST HARVEST TECHNOLOGY

9. CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES

Building Materials

Structural Engineering

Corrosion Protection

10. TRANSPORTATION

Transportation Roads

Transportation Air

11. MINING, MINERAL EXTRACTION & PROCESSING, METALLURGY

- 12. GLASS & CERAMICS
- 13. ENGINEERING INDUSTRY

14. ENVIRONMENT & SAFETY

Environmental Pollution Control Technology Environmental Impact Assessment Risk & Hazard Studies Industrial Toxicology

15. INFORAMATION TECHNOLOGY

B- SOCIETAL PROGRAMMES

- 1. SAFE DRINKING WATER
- 2. HEALTH CARE
- 3. FOOD AND NUTRITION
- 4. NATURAL PLANT PRODUCTS
- 5. OILS AND FATS
- 7. APPROPRIATE TECHNOLOGIES FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT
- 8. NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES
- 9. NATURAL HAZARDS MITIGATION
- 10. SCIENCE COMMUNICATION
- 11. SCIENCE POLICY STUDIES

C- BASIC RESEARCH PROGRAMMES

MODERN BIOLOGY

2. CHEMISTRY

Organic Synthesis Natural Product Chemistry Electrochemistry

3. EARTH SCIENCES

Geophysics Ocean Sciences

- 4. ATMOSPHERIC AND SPACE PHYSICS
- 5. MATERIAL SCIENCES
- 6. COMPUTER AIDED STUDIES, EXPERT SYSTEMS AND PARALLEL COMPUTATION
- 7. AERONAUTICS

D. RESEARCH SUPPORT ACTIVITIES AND TECHNICAL SERVICES

1. SURVEYS

Coal

Mapping of EEZ

Polymetallic Nodules Programme

- 2.
- CALIBRATION, STANDARDISATION AND QUALITY SYSTEM AND 3. ANALYTICAL TESTING

Calibration, Standardization and Quality System Analytical Testing

PRODUCT EVALUATION

CHAPTER-5: DEVELOPMENT OF A MODEL INFORMATION SYSTEM

5.1 INTRODUCTION

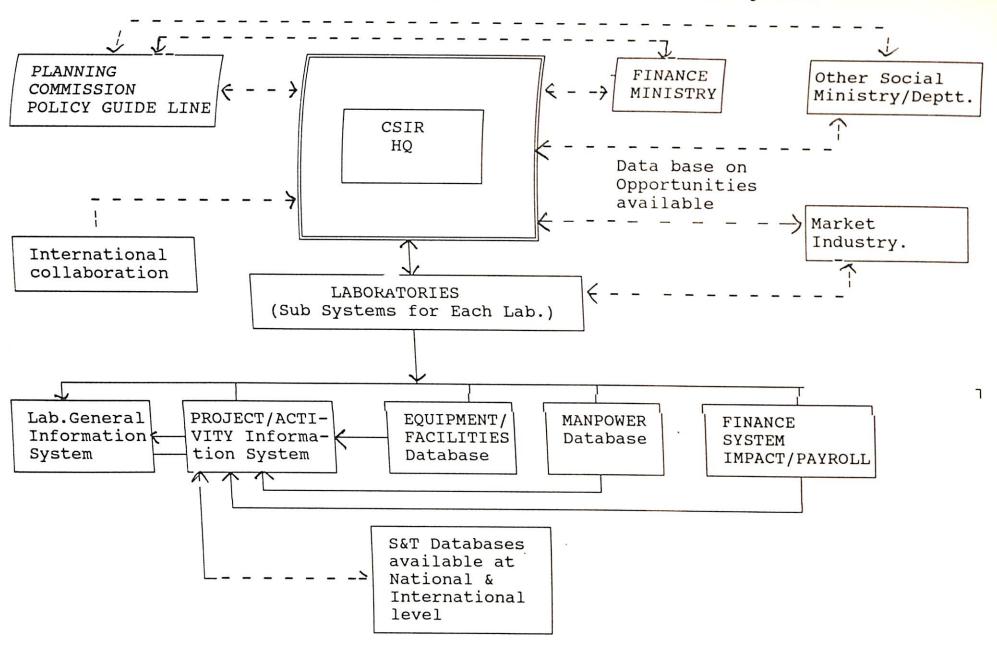
From the discussions in the earlier chapters, the complexity of the CSIR as an organization as well as the consequent complexity of the planning, monitoring and evaluation of the R&D in CSIR laboratories can be easily understood. The analysis of the existing data collection process, generation of information and the problems and gaps in information generation form the basis of the development of a model information system.

The objective in the development of model information system is to Overcome the problems and gaps in the existing system and also to generate the required information at the CSIR HQ. for the various functions of R&D planning, monitoring and evaluation both at the laboratory level and CSIR HQ. level.

The Model Information System consists of the following several Model Information System System Syst subsystems/databases as shown in Fig. 5.1. The dotted lines in the Fig. 5.1 indicates indicates the requirements of linkages with various systems at different levels especially at the national level.

- Laboratory General Information System
- Project/Activity Information System 1. 2.
- Manpower Data Base 3.
- Equipment/Facilities Data Base 4
- Financial Information System 5
 - Payroll, Social Welfare

The elements in the various databases are defined in a manner which The elements in the various databases are detailed between the would facilitate computerization and provide proper interfaces between the databases. databases. Further necessary care has entry entry.



7

DESCRIPTION OF INDIVIDUAL SUBSYSTEMS/DATABASES 5.2

In this section systematic presentation of various features and data elements of the various subsystems and databases are described.

5.2.1 LABORATORY GENERAL INFORMATION SYSTEM

This gives an overall information about a laboratory:-

Name of the Lab: Full Name:

Short Name:

Lab Code

Address

Fax

Telex

Telephone:

Year of Establishment

Areas of work:

Facilities available

Services offered

Date/Year of data

Total Staff

(as on date)

(as on date) Number of Scientists

Number of R&D Projects (as on date)

Number of Sponsored projects (as on date)

Number of Consultancy Projects (as on date)

Number of Grant-in-aid projects (as on date)

Number of Collaborative projects (as on date)

Number of Externally aided i.e., Foreign aided

projects (as on date)

Annual Budget Grant

Annual External Cash Flow (received and spent)

Laboratory Reserves (Generated and utilized)

Target groups

Existing Memorandum of Understanding: Number:,

Organizations

Technologies developed; Commercialized;

Annual Industrial production based on the know -how of the laboratory

Patents filed/sealed

Many of these things are derived from other sub-systems/ databases.

5.2.2 PROJECT/ACTIVITY DATA BASE/ INFORMATION SYSTEM

It was seen that the information required at the CSIR HQ. level has been both "Project Specific" and 'Laboratory Specific'. If one can 'Projectise' each and every activity of a laboratory, there will be no problem. This will be an ideal situation. An integration of project data will provide necessary information. In a practical situation one has to maximize the 'Projectization'. Further, The physical monitoring linked with the financial monitoring is the basis of the project database and the project information system besides projectization and information generation.

A project is defined as "An activity having a set of clearly defined objectives within a definite time-frame". It could be an . R&D activity or even creation of any facility.

The parameters relevant for various aspects linked to a 'Project' are depicted in the Fig. 5.2 and the details of data elements/ parameters are discussed in this section.

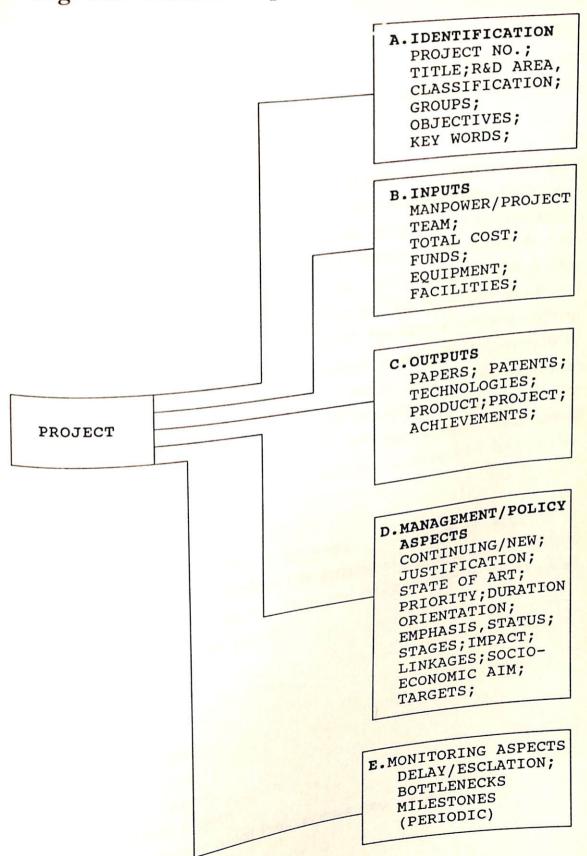
A. PROJECT IDENTIFICATION

PROJECT NO: Category (3): PROJNO (4): LABCODE (2)

Projects have been categorised into two groups:

In-house R&D Projects: Those projects initiated within the laboratory and requiring direct financial support from CSIR/budget provided to the laboratory. The categories under this Group will be Inter-laboratory projects (ILP), Major Laboratory Projects (MLP), other laboratory projects (OLP), World Bank Projects (WBP), Mission Mode Projects (MMP) and

Fig. 5.2 Various Aspects linked to a Project.



Sponsored research projects: Those projects which do not require direct financial support from CSIR. The categories under this Group will be sponsored projects (SSP), Consultancy Projects (CNP), Grant-in-aid projects (GAP), Collaborative projects (CLP).

Note: Any single project will be categorised as only one category at any given point of time. A project should not appear in more than one place. However, if a project has partial sponsorship under the sponsored, grant-in-aid or Collaborative categories, even though from the planning point of view there has to be only one project, these will be shown as two projects. The inhouse component will be shown as ILP, MMP, MLP or OLP as the case may be and the sponsored component as SSP, GAP or CLP. The linkage will be established the sponsored component as SSP, GAP or CLP. The linkage will be requirements of through the linkage character. This is essential to meet the requirements of system "IMPACT". In other words there will be a virtual project to account for the sponsored component in such cases. The software will have to take care of the sponsored component in such cases. The software will have to take care of this, so that in the actual counting of the total number of projects these two are treated as one.

The project number has to be unique. If a project is completed or dropped, the same number should not be assigned to any new project. If there is any need to change the category, the present project may be treated as closed and output shown as the new project.

Category: XXX
ILP Inter-Lab Projects
MLP Major Lab Projects
OLP Other Lab Projects
WBP World Bank Projects
MMP Mission Mode Projects
EAP Externally (Foreign) Aided Projects (now these are part MI.P)

TIP S&T Infrastructure/ Technical Infrastructure Project

(now these are part of Overheads or Other Lab.

Projects)

5-6

SSP Sponsored Projects CNP Consultancy Projects GAP Grant-in-Aid Projects **CLP** Collaborative Projects

Definition of Categories of Projects

Group I: In-house Projects

Inter-laboratory Projects (ILP):

These are the projects where more than one laboratory are participating with clearly identified objectives, targets with definite time-frame for each of the laboratories and to be coordinated by CSIR

Mission Mode Project (MMP)

National Missions and Mission Mode Projects are classified as MMP. These projects need to have clear objectives and well defined targets. The results of the projects should be capable of applications on large scale, preferably leading technological targets should be within a Plan period, in the present case, within the 8th Plan period.

Major Laboratory Projects (MLPs):

The criteria for classifying projects under this category will be the level externally aided projects e.g. UNDP, ILTP, Indo-French, Indo-German, Indo-Netherlands, U.S.Aid etc. (2) commitments to national agencies, Socio-economic departments through Memorandum of Understanding (MOUs) etc. e.g. DBT, DST, DNES, DOE, DOEF, DRD, Ministries etc. (3) inhouse Projects needing higher investment; the range of value of investment may vary from laboratory to laboratory at the discretion of the laboratory management. It is expected the number of these programmes in the laboratory will be selective and limited.

World Bank Projects (WBPs):

Those projects already approved by the World Bank either as 'Grant' or as World Bank 'Loan'.

Other Laboratory Projects (OLPs):

The projects not covered under any of the categories will be classified as 'OLPs'

Group - II:

Sponsored Projects (SSP):

Projects wholly funded by the client having specific R&D objectives, and Well defined expected project output/results, generally culminating in generation of intell of intellectual property. Exception to full funding by sponsor can be made, with the approval of the Competent Authority, for specific nationally relevant projects related to Defence, Social Welfare and the like. Sponsors sharing the project funding funding and research results.

Consultancy Projects: (CNP)

Consultancy services shall comprise scientific, technical, engineering or Onsultancy services shall comprise scientific, the laboration of intellectual other professional advice/assistance based on available knowledge/ expertise of the laboration of intellectual of the laboration of the laborati the laboratory. Consultancy shall not normally envisage generation of intellectual property and/ or substantial experimental work.

Consultancy services shall be:

a)

- in an area of expertise of the laboratory preferably its thrust areas
- and only On institutional basis.
- b)

Grant-in-aid Projects: (GAP)

Projects involving grant by way of financial inputs, either in full or in part, assistance in kind e.g. equipment, training etc. to supplement laboratory's efforts in ongoing or new R&D projects or for creating new capabilities/ facilities. Generally the laboratory seeks new requests for grant-in-aid support/ funding from government departments/ agencies or international bodies. projects are normally for supporting basic or exploratory research, or for maintaining large/nationally important R&D groups, or testing and infrastructural facilities.

Collaborative Projects (CLP):

Projects partially funded by the client, and supplemented by provision of inputs such as expert manpower, production/fabrication of product in bulk for testing/ trials, infrastructural facilities etc. Collaborative projects could be for upscaling/proving of laboratory level knowhow, technology development or generation of intellectual property etc. Like sponsored projects, the expected project output/ results are well defined.

Project number: 9999

The first two '99' to be used for the main project

Example: Super Conductivity is the main project having 4 sub-projects in a particular laboratory. Assuming a code for the main project to be 0100 the codes

for sub-projects will be;

Codes for the projects under ILP and MMP will be assigned by CSIR.

Lab Code: 99

Each laboratory has been assigned a specific code.

The codes are given in the Annexure-5.1.

- Project Title:
- R&D Area: (Most appropriate code from Annexure-5.2)
- Internal ID. NO. (Lab. Level):

Each laboratory is currently following some system of project numbers. This code will provide the link between the proposed system and the one already existing in each laboratory.

- **Objectives**
- Keywords
- Nature
- 1. Inhouse
- Sponsored
- 3. Consultancy
- 4. Grant-in-aid
- Foreign-aided
- 6. S&T Infrastructure

B. INPUTS

Manpower Requirement/Deployment

Existing Project Team: Employee Code; Employee Name; Designation; % of In-Additional requirements: Designation; Number; Area of Specialization

Total Cost (Rs. Lakh)

(Original Cost; Revised cost) (Reference Document)

CSIR Funding

(SE-> Sanctioned Estimates; RE-> Revised Estimates;

BE-> Budget Estimates)

Total commitment

Amount Spent till last year

Salaries & Allowances

Contingencies

Maintenance

Chemicals & Consumebles

Works/ Services

Equipment

Other Capital

Amount Current year

Salaries & Allowances

Contingencies

Maintenance

Chemicals & Consumebles

Works/ Services

Other Capital

(Amount spent and SE will be available from the IMPACTFinance

Finance system)

Amount RE Current year

Salaries & Allowances

Contingencies

Maintenance

Chemicals & Consumebles

Works/ Services

Equipment

Other Capital

C. OUTPUTS

- Significant Achievements: (Text; Technical Details)
- Expected outputs (Quantify Wherever possible/applicable) (Multiple entries; Most likely outputs will be ranked * 01)

Rank (99)

- New Technique 01
- Improved Techniques 02
- New Product 03
- Improved product 04
- New Process 05
- 06 Improved process
- Technology package 07
- Technology end to end total system package 08
- Demonstration 09
- Training programmes 10
- Capability development in emerging areas
- Publication in (reputed) journals 11 12
- Technical reports 13
- Monographs 14
- 15
- Support to R&D programmes of the laboratory 16
- Support to national and Statutory requirements, 17
 - Specialized Information systems/databases certification etc.
- 18 Any other (specify) 19

D. MANAGEMENT/ POLICY ASPECTS

Any project started in the earlier five year plan and continuing in the new plan is to be classified as "continuing'; and any project taken up during the

current five year plan is to be classified as 'New'.

* Justification Code XX

The Justification code is expected to help the decision making in terms of continuation of the existing project; termination or abandonment of the existing project; keeping the project in abeyance; taking up of the new project proposal; and rejecting the new project proposal as per the policies prevalent at that point of time.

- Part of National Programmes/Missions. 01.
- Part of the plans/programmes of the Economic sectors identified by the 02. Planning Commission.
- Part of the Identified Thrust area of the Laboratory. 03.
- Definite user identification ensured; Market exists. 04.
- Scope for assistance from International agencies. 05.
- Scope for Loan from the World bank. 06.
- Scope for Grant from the World Bank. 07.
- Project formulated through MOU's with other Departments such as DBT, DOD, DST, DRDO, DOE, DOE&F, DNES, Ministry of Health, ICMR, 08.
- Statutory requirements (e.g. Testing and analysis, Standards, ICAR, Universities, etc. etc.); these are the mandate of the concerned laboratory. 09.
- Part of existing approved externally aided project 10.
- Routine data generation and analysis forming the bulk of the inputs to other major projects. 11.

- Service facilities for which some other industry agency pays. 12.
- terminated if the Partially or fully sponsored and the project can be 13. sponsorship is withdrawn.
- The project has the thrust on EBR generation. 14
- Important leads have been observed and if continued the probability of the project yielding results shortly is very high. 15.
- The achieving the terminal objectives of the project is round the corner (i.e. most probably during the current financial year) 16.
- Basic work that requires to be done and this lab is the only one of its kind in the country where it could be done. 17.
- Built around an eminent scientist Prestige of the Laboratory- Utilization of existing specialized expertise 18.
- Curiosity research in which the investment from CSIR is negligible. 19.
- Off shoot of an existing project. 20.

Justification (Description)

The description part of the justification will provide mainly the State of art technical details relevant to the project in terms of R & D in both the national and interms. international scene, progress of R&D in the institute and the need for continuation of R&D or taking up of the new project on the basis of S&T information.

The justification code in conjunction with the technical justification will The justification code in conjunction with the requirement of matching the policy guidelines with the S&T help the decision making in terms of matching the policy guidelines with the S&T requirement. requirements.

- * Priority: Ranking will be done by RC.
 - High: A1, A2,, AN
 - Medium: B1, B2,, BN
 - Low : C1, C2,, CN
- Duration/ time schedule
 - Planned date of start a)
 - Actual date of start b)
 - Planned date of completion c)
 - d)
 - Actual date of completion/Abandoned (Termination)/Kept in e)
 - Reasons for termination/ kept in abeyance (If any) applicable) f)
- **Orientation:**
 - Non Oriented Basic (Fundamental) Research
 - * Oriented Basic (Fundamental) Research

 - * Scientific or technological service activity
 - * Experimental Development
 - * Surveys & Policy Studies

Emphasis Area Code - X999 (Suitable code from

(Multiple entries for the Parameters given below; Most likely

likely will be ranked 01)

Y/N RANK

PARAMETER

XX X

- a) Industry Economy Oriented
- * Technology Development

- * Product (New)
- * Process (New)
- * Turnkey
- * Pilot Plant
- Improvement of Product Efficiency
- * Improvement of Process Efficiency
- * Improvement of quality
- Utilization of By-Product Residues

b) Societal

* Technologies Related to

Societal Needs

Rural Sector

Weaker Sections

Women

SC/ST

Tribal Areas

c) Basic Research

- Capability building
- Technique development
- To enhance frontiers of knowledge
- Initiate work in new & emerging areas *

d. Research Support Activities and Technical Services

Survey/ mapping of indigenous natural resources (Geological data, Environmental data, Oceanographic data,

Metrological data, Pollution data)

- Data generation
- Research Support information
- Industry support information Assessment of market and market intelligence
- Calibration

- Standardization
- Analytical testing
- Certification
- Toxicological evaluation
- Safety Evaluation
- Testing of drugs for health
- Product evaluation

e) Extension & Marketing

- Promotion and Marketing
- * Demonstration
- * Training
- Science Popularisation
- Communication

f) Infrastructure Modernisation/ Strengthening

- Infrastructure Strengthening
- Modernization
- New facilities

Status of the project

- Technical details (Text; Current progress) a)
- 1) At the planning stage b)
 - 2) Approved
 - 3) Preparatory phase

 - 5) Kept in abeyance (KIA)
 - 6) Under revision/ revised
 - 7) Slowed down
 - 8) Abandoned/ Terminated
 - 9) Completed

Approved by c.

DIRECTOR

Research Council

Technical Advisory Board

Advisory Board

Governing Body

Society

DGSIR

Expenditure Finance Committee

(19 (b) & (c) together with reference date will provide the meaningful information)

*

(Detailed Project Proposal, Detailed Project Document and Detailed Project Report depending upon the proposal stage, interim stage or after the H (18, 18 completion of the project)

If Yes, Reference to the documents)

- Physical Targets or goals *
- Stages of work *

(as on 30th June of Current Year and as on 31st march Next year) Eg. for 1994-95, 30-6 -94 and 31-03-95

- Laboratory experimental work with a view to optimize different Literature Survey i.

 - Bench scale experimentation at larger scale with a view to optimize different parameters from commercialization point of ii. iii.
 - Feasibility of taking up pilot plant trials on the basis of technoeconomic and market viability iv.

- Pilot plant trials/prototypes making/ batch production ٧. Feasibility report vi. User trials/ demonstrations Commercial production by entrepreneur with technical assistance vii. viii.
- of the laboratory Impact(Quantify Wherever possible/applicable monetary or physical terms) (Multiple entries with ranking)
 - 1. Usage of Raw materials
 - a) Imported
- b) Indigenous
- c) Agricultural Product
- d) Forest Products
- 2. Potential for Employment generation in
 - a) IIrban area
- b) Rural area
- c) Both

- 3. Market Exists
 - a) In India
- b) Abroad Export earnings
- 4. Potential for Import substitution/substitution of foreign collaboration.
- 5. Application for Industry Sector
 - a) Large
 - b) Medium
 - c) Small
 - d) Tiny
 - e) House hold/Cottage
- 6. Reduction of Production costs
- 7. Exploitation of natural resources
- 8. Energy Conservation/Saving of energy
- 9. Development of S&T capabilities in strategic areas
- 10. Environmentally Friendly
- 11. Safety
- 12. Health Care

- 13. Productivity
- 14. Labour Intensive Technology
- 15. Capital Intensive Technology

Linkages (Multiple Entries) *

- a. Participating labs.
- b. Participating organisations
- c. Users
- d. Other Projects (Project Number)

Nature of Linkages

- Utilization of Results 1.
- Funding 2.
- Sharing of R&D work 3.
- 4. Exchange of Scientists
- 6. Utilization of specialized material or techniques
- Trials and testing 7.
- 8. Material
- 9. Visit abroad
- 10. Additional staff
- 11. Foreign experts
- 12. Fellowships
- 13. Training

Users (Target Group)

- 1(a) Government Departments/Ministries Central
- 1(b) Government agencies State
- Public sector undertaking 2.
- Industry 3.
- International agencies 4.
- 5. Universities
- Sister Labs CSIR 6.
- Other Scientific agencies/Departments 7.

Socio-Economic aim

- Exploration and assessment of the earth, seas, atmosphere or space 1.
- Development of agriculture, forestry, or fishing. 2.
- Promotion of industrial development. 3.
- Production, conservation and distribution of energy. 4.
- Development of transport and communication. 5.
- Development of education services. 6.
- Development of Health services 7.
- Rural/Societal development and other socio-economic services. 8.
- Development of SC/ST/ Tribal people 9.
- Protection of the environment. 10.
 - a) General advancement of knowledge.
 - b) Defence
 - c) Other aims

E. MONITORING ASPECTS

- Escalation in months
- *

(Multiple entries; Most critical will be ranked 01)

- Technical
- Unexpected technical problems
 - A1
 - Accorded lower priority and resources diverted else where A2
 - Related/ linked project behind schedule **A3** A4
 - Inadequacy of scientific/ technical expertise from indifference A5 of
 - Inadequacy collaboration/ sponsor A6
 - Redundancy
 - A7
 - Deputation or study leave of project leader A8
 - Project leader resigned or retired A9
 - A10 Other (specify) A11

b. infrastructural

astruc	tural
B12	Inadequacy of space
B13	In adecuacy of relevant literature with
	documentation facilities
B14	Non-availability of equipment
B15	Equipment failure Non-availability of materials/ chemicals Non-availability of materials/ chemicals
B16	Non-availability of materials, check inadequacy of supporting technical manpower
B17	Inadequacy of support
B18	Inadequacy of funds Administrative rules/ procedures
B19	Administrative
B20	Others (Specify)

Yearly Milestones

Quarterly Milestones for the year

- End of June I.
- II. End of September
- III. End of December

(There will be separate module for the milestone details; For each quarter the details required are:

If no, reasons, bottlenecks and the details of shifting of the milestones and

the related activities)

5.2.3 MANPOWER DATA BASE

Employee Id.No;

Employee Name;

Age; Date of birth;

Date of Joining;

Qualification;

Field of specialization;

Present designation and effective date;

Area of R&D;

Area of experience;

Grade:

5.2.4 EQUIPMENT/FACILITIES DATA BASE

Existing

Name of the equipment(E)/ Facility (F)

Total Cost (Rs. Lakh)

Degree of utilization (i.e. utilized for which project(s), or infrastructure with %

of utilization against each project/infrastructure/activity

New

Name of the Equipment(E)/ Facility (F)

Required for which project(s)/ Infrastructure activity (project no. or Infra no.)

Justification Whether the equipment / facility will help generate Extra-Budgetary

Wesources(EDD)

If so, amount expected, source and period.

Requirement current year (Rs. Lakh)

Requirement Next year (Rs. Lakh)

(This need to be repeated for the Works and Services)

5.2.5 FINANCIAL INFORMATION SYSTEM

The pay roll software(IMPRESS) has been developed by CSIR and is available with each laboratory. This will be linked with the manpower database. The data on project team and percentage of involvement of members in the project and its linkage with the payroll will help the apportioning of the manpower cost of the project.

The accounting including the project accounting is being taken care of very well in the new computerized system IMPACT. The project costing and budgeting will be taken care of in the project database and information system. The project information system will provide the technical details as described above.

New Computerized System- IMPACT

CSIR has launched New Computerized System "Integrated Management and Project Accounting (IMPACT)" with effect from the Financial Year 1994-95. Specific accounting heads to facilitate Project accounting have been identified. The entire accounting heads have been rationalized and uniform coding of heads of accounts has been evolved. A menu driven software in NISTADS. This has to have an interface with the "PROJECT DATA BASE" to see! to achieve the objectives of Project Accounting to its true meaning.

The account heads for various categories are:

- P(10) for ILP Projects
- P(11) for MLP Projects
- P(12) for OLP Projects
- P(13) for WBP Projects
- P(14) for MMP Projects

There is provision for further categorization from P15 to P19, if it is needed. From the planning point of view, considering the demands of various policy making higher echelons, one may have to add a few more specific categories such as externally (foreign) aided projects, S&T infrastructure need to be created to enable planning and budgeting in a realistic manner. Only those S&T infrastructure (for e.g. PME Cell, Testing labs, etc.) which need to be treated as specific cost centres would be classified here. Any specific R&D project or creation of a new facility as a part of S&T information need to be classified as OLP. The project-wise accounting will be available through linkage with the project information system.

In the beginning, cost data with regard to amount spent so far will have be to entered in the Project information system. The software has the provision to update this as and when any transaction takes place.

This linkage will facilitate project-wise "Financial Monitoring" which Inis linkage will facilitate project-wise "Financial Industrial In budget will improve the efficiency of the planning process.

5.3 INTERFACE WITH OTHER SYSTEMS AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL

The various sub-systems discussed in the earlier section would enable ne various sub-systems discussed in the carrier and CSIR generation of information on the various activities of the laboratories and CSIR as a with the as a whole. The planning process requires matching of these with the opportunity whole. The planning process requires matching and international levels. The opportunities and threats available in the national in the Planning Commission in guideline. guidelines for plan formulation are formulated in the Planning Commission in close commission and threats available in the national and meaning Commission in the Planning Commission i close coordination with the Finance ministry with regard to availability of economic measures. Planning financial resources and implementation of economic measures. Planning of economic measures as well as all Commiss. Commission also deals with the plan programmes of all the States as well as all the Socie the socio-economic ministries and departments. CSIR also participates in these plan discretion. Plan discussions at the Planning Commission. There need to be proper interface to be proper interface of R&D so that efforts could be with these with these systems for effective planning of R&D so that efforts could be maximized. maximized through collaborative and complementary R&D rather than duplicating efforts efforts.

In the present day context with the liberalized industrial and trade policies, the marketability of R&D also plays an important role in deciding the project portfolio of different laboratories.

CSIR is having bi-lateral agreements with several countries and international agencies for undertaking R&D activities in the laboratories.

All these need to be interfaced and integrated for generating the required information which would help the planning process in CSIR. Most of these systems need to be interfaced to decide the project activities at the lab. level.

The integrated management and project accounting system IMPACT has 5.4 CONCLUSIONS been unched from 1 April 1994. One of the main problems so far has been the maintenance of project-wise accounting. Since IMPACT is expected to implement Project accounting through specific accounting codes and proper methodology for vouches. Voucher level checks the laboratories are expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project are expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project are expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project are expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project are expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project accounting through specific accounting expected to follow the project are expected to follow the project accounting through the project are expected to follow the project accounting through the project accounting through the project are expected to follow the project accounting through the proje accounting. Projet-wise accounting without project-wise allocations, budgeting and accounting to a second information system would cater costing has no meaning. The project database and information system would cater to these needs specifically on the financial aspects. The physical monitoring linked to the financial management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project with the residual management linked to the project database and the project databas with the financial monitoring is the basis of the project database and the project information generation. information system besides projectization and information generation.

Since the proposed format for project parameters are arrived at based on Since the proposed format for project parameters are used internationally the past experience, the present need and also on the formats used internationally there is a general consensus among the for the "Dpast experience, the present need and also on the rorman among the for the "Research in Progress" database, there is a general consensus among the database. PME heads of the laboratories that providing data in the designed format without be difficult. heads of the laboratories that providing data in the designed without be difficult. In fact some of the laboratories have filled up the proforma without cost data

These laboratory data bases need to be updated periodically, period if there is any change in any These laboratory data bases need to be updated periodically, if there is any change in any depending upon the occurrence of any event i.e., These will be merged to data element. pending upon the occurrence of any event to CSIR HQ. These will be merged to data element. The floppies will be sent to CSIR HQ. have an integrated consolidated project information system at CSIR. From the CSIR HQ. system one will be able to generate need based information based on queries on any single data element or combination of data elements. Various reports will also be generated from this information system.

In order to have a meaningful information one has to consider time as one major parameter, to facilitate maintenance of historic data as well as to maintain continuity of data.

Ideally, at a later stage, when the distributed systems, viz the systems at various laboratories, stabilize, it will be worthwhile to connect them through networks. Perhaps INSDOC could be associated to take up this activity of networking the laboratory database/ information system with the central system at the CSIR HQ. through their 'SIRNET'.

The implementation of the system requires policy guidelines in terms of making projectization mandatory at the laboratory level. The micro-level information at the laboratory level could always be integrated to generate selective information at the laboratory level could always be integrated to generate selective information at CSIR HQ. level. The importance of detailed project or macro information at CSIR HQ. level. The importance upon the bench level profile and the project costing data have to be impressed upon the bench level scientists.

The advantages of the proposed system and the scope for future work will be discussed in the final Chapter i.e. Chapter-6

Annexure- 5.1: LAB-CODES

LAB CODE	LAB NAME
01	CBRI, ROORKEE
02	CBT, DELHI
03	CCMB, HYDERABAD
04	CDRI, LUCKNOW
05	CECRI, KARAIKUDI
06	CEERI, PILANI
07	CFRI, DHANBAD
08	CFTRI, MYSORE
09	CGCRI, CALCUTTA
10	CIMAP, LUCKNOW
11	CLRI, MADRAS CMERI, DURGAPUR CMERI, DURGAPUR
12	CMERI, DORO CMRS, DHANBAD
13	TEW DEDI
14	
15	CSIO, CHANDA CSMCRI, BHAVNAGAR
16.	
17	- TIVDERI
18	IICT, HTD2 IIP, DEHRADUN CHANDIGARH
19	IIP, DEHRADUN IMTECH, CHANDIGARH IMTECH, DELHI
20	
21	
22	
23	PANGALO
24	NAL, BAT NBRI, LUCKNOW
25	NDICE

LAB CODE LAB NAME

26	NCL, PUNE	
27	NEERI, NAGPUR	
28	NGRI, HYDERABAD	
29	NIO GOA	
30	MICTADS NEW DELIN	
31	NIMI JAMSHEDI O	
32	NEW DELFI	
33	DALAMPUR COM	
34	PID, NEW DELIN	
35	DITOPAL	
36	RRL, BHUBANESWAR	
37	-DI IAMMU	
38	RRL, JANA RRL, JORHAT RRL, THIRUVENENTHAPURAM RRL, THIRUVENENTHAPURAM	
39	RRL, THIRUVE	
40	arnC (IDA	
41	SERC, MADRAS	

ANNEXURE 5.2

R & D AREAS

0100 PHYSICS AND STANDARDS
0101 STANDARDS-PRIMARY STANDARDS 0102 RADIO AND ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS 0103 CRYOGENICS-LOW TEMPERATURE PHYSICS 0104 HIGH PRESSURE PHYSICS-MATERIAL SYNTHESIS 0105 OPTICS 0106 LASER SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY 0107 PHYSICS OF SOLAR ENERGY CONVERSION - SOLAR THERMAL, PHOTOVOLTAICS
TOTRONIC MATERIALS
0200 ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRONIC MATERIALS OZON ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRONIC MATERIALS
 0201 MATERIALS ELECTRONIC & ELECTRICATE 0202 PASSIVE COMPONENTS 0203 ELECTRON TUBES 0204 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES DISCRETE 0205 HYBRID DEVICES 0206 INTEGRATED DEVICES 0207 POWER ELECTRONICS 0208 ELECTRONIC PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEMS 0209 MINING ELECTRONICS 0210 COMMUNICATION ELECTRONICS
 10300 INSTRUMENTATION 10301 INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENTATION 10302 (Optical and Ion beam based) 10302 INSTRUMENTATION - MEDICAL 10303 INSTRUMENTATION - ENVIRONMENTAL 10304 INSTRUMENTATION - AGRICULTURAL 10305 INSTRUMENTATION - SPACE 10306 INSTRUMENTATION - SPECIAL DEFENCE NEED 10306 INSTRUMENTATION - SPECIAL DEFENCE

- 0307 INSTRUMENTATION GEOPHYSICS
- 0308 INSTRUMENTATION MARINE
- 0309 INSTRUMENTATION NUCLEAR ENERGY
- 0310 INSTRUMENTATION LSI, VLSI INDUSTRY

(Micro electronics)

0400 ENERGY

(Non-conventional: Solar Biomass, Wind, Geothermal)

- 0401 SOLAR THERMAL
- 0402 PHOTOVOLTAICS*
- 0403 BIOMASS
- 0404 BIOGAS
- 0406 ELECTROCHEMICAL-(BATTERIES, FUEL CELLS etc.)
- 0407 OCEAN** Tidal, wave, OTEC
- 0408 HYDROGEN ENERGY
 - * Cross reference to Physics,
 - ** Cross reference to Ocean science and technology

0500 GEOPHYSICS

- 0501 LITHOSPHERIC (Geophysics)
- 0502 EXPLORATION (Geophysics)
- 0503 ENVIRONMENT (Geophysics) 0504 GEOHYDROLOGY - GROUND WATER
- 0505 GEOCHRONOLOGY & GEOCHEMISTRY 0506 GEOTHERMICS - GEOTHERMAL ENERGY

- (Geophysical Investigations)
- 0508 THEORITICAL GEOPHYSICS INCLUDING MODELLING 0507 INTERNAL STRUCTURE OF EARTH
- 0601 ENVIRONMENT POLLUTION AND THEIR CONTROL (OCEAN

(Annexure 5.2 Continued)
0602 PHYSICAL OCEANOGRAPHY 0603 BIOLOGICAL OCEANOGRAPHY 0604 CHEMICAL OCEANOGRAPHY 0605 OCEAN ENGINEERING 0606 COASTAL STUDIES 0607 GEOLOGICAL OCEANOGRAPHY
0607 GEOLOGICAL OCEANO
0700 CHEMICALS (Organic/Inorganic, Petrochemicals)
0701 AGROCHEMICALS AND PESTICIDES 0702 ORGANIC CHEMICALS AND INTERMEDIATES 0703 INORGANIC CHEMICALS
0704 FERTILIZERS 0705 INDUSTRIAL AND PETROCHEMICALS 0706 SPECIALITY CHEMICALS 0706 SPECIALITY CHEMICALS
0707 STARCH/CHIA 0708 MARINE CHEMICALS
0800 PETROLEUM TION OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS
U8UZ RALODE
0805 SINGLE CELL PROTEIN 0806 CONSERVATION OF PETROLEUM PROD 0806 CONSERVATION OF PETROLEUM PROD 0807 TRIBOLOGICAL STUDIES - Related to Petroleum 0807 TRIBOLOGICAL STUDIES - Related to Petroleum
0900 POLYMER SCIENCE 12
0901 MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT (Polymono) 0902 POLYMER REACTION ENGINEERING 0903 PHEOLOGY, PROCESS AND APPLICATIONS RESEARCH

1000 NATURAL PRODUCTS CHEMISTRY

1001 PHYTOCHEMISTRY/CHEMISTRY OF NATURAL PRODUCTS

1002 PROCESS CHEMISTRY FOR ESSENTIAL OILS

AND USEFUL INGREDIENTS

1003 SCREENING OF NATURAL PRODUCTS FOR APPLICATIONS OTHER THAN DRUGS

1100 CATALYSIS

1200 COAL

	00.12	OF COAL
		TOMENT OF COM
		QUALITY ASSESSMENT OF COAL
	050	OUALITY ASSE
1201	RESOURCES	, Q0112
		FION

- 1202 COAL PREPARATION
- 1203 PIPELINE TRANSPORT OF COAL
- 1204 COAL CARBONIZATION (HTC & LTC)
- 1206 COAL CONVERSION TO LIQUID FUELS & CHEMICALS
- 1208 COAL FOR IRON & STEEL MAKING 1207 COAL COMBUSTION
- 1209 COAL/TAR CHEMICALS

1300 OILS AND FATS

1400 ELECTROCHEMISTRY

1500 CORROSION

1600 POST HARVEST TECHNOLOGY

- 1601 APPLIED NUTRITION
- 1602 PROTEIN TECHNOLOGY 1603 RICE AND PULSE TECHNOLOGY
- 1605 MEAT, FISH & POULTRY TECHNOLOGY
- 1606 PLANTATION PRODUCTS

	,
	TECHNOLOGY
1607	FLOUR MILLING AND BAKING TECHNOLOGY
1007	FLOOR MILLENG OGY

- 1608 PACKAGING TECHNOLOGY
- 1609 LIPIDS TECHNOLOGY
- 1610 FRUITS & VEGETABLE TECHNOLOGY
- 1611 INFESTATION CONTROL & STORAGE
- 1612 PROCESS DEVELOPMENT (P.H.TECHNOLOGY)
- 1613 FOOD SCIENCE

1700 LEATHER

- 1701 LEATHER GOODS
- 1702 FOOT WEAR
- 1703 FINISHED LEATHERS
- 1704 BYE PRODUCTS (LEATHER)
- 1705 FURS/SUEDES
- 1706 TANNING/TANNING AGENTS

1800 NATURAL PRODUCTS (Cultivation and processing etc.)

1801 MEDICINAL AND AROMATIC PLANTS (Also Indicate Sub-area of activities like Agronomy, Plant Breeding, Pathology and Physiology)

1802 ECONOMIC PLANTS

(Also Indicate Sub-area of activities like Agronomy,

Plant Breeding, Pathology and Physiology)

(Also Indicate Sub-area of activities like Agronomy, 1803 ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

Plant Breeding, Pathology and Physiology)

1805 BOTANY AND PHARMACOGNOSY INCLUDING ECONOMIC JURVEY 1806 EXPLOITATION OF USAR SOIL PHYTO CHEMISTRY

1900 INDUSTRIAL TOXICOLOGY

1901 DYE TOXICITY

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1902 METAL TOXICITY 1903 INDUSTRIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL CA 1904 PESTICIDES AND AGROCHEMICALS TOX 1905 TOXICITY OF PETROCHEMICALS 1906 TOXICITY OF PLASTICS & POLYMERS 1907 INDUSTRIAL DUSTS AND CHEMICALS	
1907 INDUSTRIAL DOSTS 1908 ECOTOXICOLOGY 1909 EPIDEMOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL I	MONITOR
1909 EPIDEMOLOGY AND ENVIRON	
1910 PHYTO TOXICOLOGY	
TON TOXICO	
1912 COSMETICS TOXICS	
1012 PHOTOTOXICOLOG	
1914 NEURO TOXICOLOGY 1915 RADIATION BIOLOGY 1915 RADIATION BIOLOGY	
TIONAL	
1916 OCCUPATION	
2000 APPLIED BIOLOGY (IMMUNOLOGY AND DIAGNOSTICS)	
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BIOLOGY	
2001 REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY	TO ETC.
2001 REPRODUCT 2002 MARINE BIOLOGY 2003 POLAR BIOLOGY 2004 BIOLOGICAL CONTROL OF INSECTS 2004 BIOLOGICAL CONTROL OF MALARIA, F 2005 BIOCHEMICAL STUDIES ON MALARIA 2006 BIAGNOSTICS/DIAGNOSTIC KITS	ILARIASIS ET
2003 POLAR BIOL CONTROL ON MALARITA	
2004 BIOLOGICAL STUDIES 2005 BIOCHEMICAL STUDIES 2007 BIOCHEMICAL STUDIES 2008 BIOCHEMICAL STUDIES 2008 BIOCHEMICAL STUDIES 2008 BIOLOGICAL STUDIES 2008 BIOCHEMICAL STUDIE	
2004 BIOLOGICAL CONTROL STUDIES ON STUDIES O	
2007 NEUROBIOLOGY 2007 NEUROBIOLOGY 2008 IN METABOL	
	[G
CENETIC ENO.	
2100 BIO-TECONING/ GETTURE	
2100 BIO-TECZONING/ GERMANIA 2101 GENE CLONING/ GERMANIA 2102 PLANT TISSUE CULTURE 2102 PLANT TISSUE CULTURE TECHNOLOGY	
2101 GENE CLOAD 2102 PLANT TISSUE CULTURE 2103 ANIMAL TISSUE CULTURE 2104 FERMENTATION TECHNOLOGY 2104 FERMENTATION TECHNOLOGY 2105 TEMBRANE BIOLOGY	
2103 ANIMAL 2104 FERMENTATION 12 2104 FERMENTATION 12 2105 ENZYME ENGINEERING 2105 ENZYME ENGINEERING 2106 ENZYME ENGINEERING 2107 ENZYME ENGINEERING 2108 ENZYME ENGINEERING 2108 ENZYME ENGINEERING	
2103 ANIMAL TION TECH 2104 FERMENTATION TECH 2105 ENZYME ENGINEERING 2106 IMMUNOLOGY/MEMBRANE BIOLOGY 5-36	
2106 IMMUNUD	

(Annexure 3.2)	
2107 HEALTH 2108 ENZYMES FOR GENETIC ENGINEERING 2109 VACCINES 2110 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES 2111 DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEM 2200 CELLULAR AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	
2300 DRUGS AND PHARMACEUTICALS 2301 TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT FOR KNOWN AND DRU 2301 TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT FOR KNOWN AND DRU	G
INTERMEDIATES 2302 NEW DRUG FOR ANTIFERTILITY 2303 NEW DR 'G FOR MALARIA 2304 NEW DRUG FOR AMOEBIASIS 2304 NEW DRUG FOR VIRAL INFECTION 2305 NEW DRUG FOR FILARIASIS AND OTHER HELMINITHI 2306 NEW DRUG FOR FILARIASIS AND OTHER	
DISEASES 2307 NEW DRUG FOR LEPROSY 2308 NEW DRUG FOR CANCER 2309 NEW DRUG FOR OTHER DISEASES 2310 ANTIGENS 2311 SCREENING FOR DRUGS FROM NATURAL SOURCES WICH LIDING OCEAN	
2401 CIVIL ENGINEERING 2402 STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING 2403 HOUSING AND BUILDING 2404 ROADS AND PAVEMENTS 2405 BUILDING MATERIALS 2405 BUILDING MATERIALS 2406 TRUCTURES	
2406 BRIDGLS 2500 ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 5-37	

PMENT

2600	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING & MACHINERY DEVELOPM
2601	MACHINERY DEVELOPMENT/EQUIPMENT DEVELOPMENT Road, Mines, Industry)
2602	Food, Agriculture, Leather, Rode, MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (Design and development)
	TRIBOLOGY
2604	POWER PLANTS
2605	DVNAMICS AND VIBRATIONS
2606	HEAT TREATMENT AND CONTROL
2607	AUTOMATION AND CONTROL
2700	AERONAUTICS
	AERODYNAMICS AND FLUID MECHANICS
2701	
2702	PROPULSION
2703	SYSTEMS ENGINEERING SYSTEMS ENGINEERING MATERIALS
2704	STRUCTURES AND MATERIALS
2800	METALLURGY
2801	ORE BENEFICIATION
2802	- TELL MANILO
2803	IRON AND STEEL MANA ALLOY/MATERIAL DEVELOPMENT

2804 SPECIAL MATERIALS

2805 POWDER METALLURGY

2806 FERRO ALLOYS

2807 CREEP

2808 FOUNDRY TECHNOLOGY

2809 BEHAVIOUR OF MATERIALS

2810 METAL FAILURE ANALYSIS

2901 GEOMECHANICS AND MINING METHODS

2902 MINE ENVIRONMENT SAFETY AND HEALTH

3000 ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY

3001	AIR	POLLUTION
		111

3002 WATER AND WASTE WATER POLLUTION

3003 SOLID WASTE

3004 INDUSTRIAL POLLUTION

3005 ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

3007 RECLAMATION AND REUSE OF WASTE PRODUCTS

3100 GLASS AND CERAMICS

3101 GLASS

3103 REFRACTORIES FOR METALLURGICAL PURPOSES

3104 REFRACTORIES FOR OTHER INDUSTRIAL USES

3105 COMPOSITE MATERIALS

3107 LOW COST BUILDING MATERIALS

3200 INFORMATION SCIENCE

3202 PUBLICATION, PRINTING, INFORMATION SCIENCE AND 3201 LIBRARY AND DOCUMENTATION 3203 PME, TECHNO ECONOMIC AND MARKET SURVEYS, FEASIBILITY

3204 INDUSTRIALISATION, EXTENSION SERVICES & PUBLICITY
3205

3206 RESEARCH SCIENCE POLICY & PLANNING STUDIES

(Including Technological forecasting, Information policy

3207 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM 3208 EDUCATION AND TRAINING

3300 COMPUTER AIDED STUDIES

3400 RURAL DEVELOPMENT

- 3401 DEVELOPMENT OF TECHNOLOGY APPROPRIATE FOR RURAL
- 3402 EXTENSION OF DEVELOPED TECHNOLOGY
- 3403 TECHNOLOGY PROFILES, TECHNO ECONOMIC FEASIBILITY
- 3404 IMPLEMENTATION OF PILOT PROJECTS
- 3405 SURVEY

ANNEXURE-5.3 EMPHASIS - AREA

INDUSTRY AND ECONOMY ORIENTED PROGRAMMES

INDUSTRY AND ECONOMY ORIENTED	
INDUSTRY AND BEE	1010
	1011
CHEMICALS	1012
Agro Chemicals/Pesticides	1013
Catalysis	1014
Chamicals and Intermediates	1020
Electrochemicals DRUG DIAGNOSTICS AND PHARMACEUTICALS DRUG DIAGNOSTICS AND PHARMACEUTICALS	1030
DRUG DIAGNOSTICS AND PHARMITE	1040
DRUG DIAGNOSTICS AND PINA APPLIED BIOLOGY & BIOTECHNOLOGY	1050
APPLIED BIOLOGY	1060
LEATHER TECHNOLOGI	1070
POLYMER SCIENCE & POLYMENTATION	1071
ELECTRONICS & IN	
ENERGY and processing	
ENERGY Energy - Petroleum Refining and processing and petroleum	1072
Energy - Petroleum Reilings Petrochemicals and petroleum	
Products sciation,	
Products Energy - Coal (Mining, Beneficiation, and Gasification and Gasification)	1073
Energy - Coal (Mining, Benefication and Transportation, Gasification and Transportation, Gasification and System	1080
Transportation, Gash Utilisation) Energy - Conservation and Efficient system FOOD PROCESSING AND POST HARVEST FOOD PROCESSING AND POST HARVEST CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES	1090
Utilisation) and Efficient ST HARVEST TEST	1091
Energy - Conservation AND POST	1092
FOOD PROCESSING	1093
00110121	1100
Building Material	1101
Structural Engineering	1102
Corrosion Protection	I110
TRANSPORTATION TRANSPORTATION	
Transportation Roads	
TRANSPORTATION Transportation Roads Transportation Air MINING, MINERAL EXTRACTION & PROCESSING, METALLURGY	
MINERAL EXTE	
MINING, WALLERGY	
METALLURGY	

(Annexure 5.3 Continued)

		1120
GLASS & CERAMICS		1130
ENGINEERING INDUSTRY		1140
ENVIRONMENT & SAFETY		1141
Environmental Pollution Contro	l Technology	1142
Environmental Impact Assessme	ent	1143
Risk & Hazard Studies		1144
Industrial Toxicology		1150
INFORAMATION TECHNOLO	OGY	2000
INFORAMATION TECH		S000
SOCIETAL PROGRAMMES		S010
SOCIETAL PROGRAM		S020
WATER		S020
SAFE DRINKING WATER		S040
HEALTH CARE		S050
FOOD AND NUTRITION	rs	S060
NATURAL PLANT PRODUC		S070
CTT		
HOUSING TECHNIQUES APPROPRIATE TECHNOLOG	GIES FOR RURA	S080
APPROPRIATE TECHNOLS	CES	S090
DEVELOPMENT	361 20	S100
NON-CONVENTIONAL ENDA NATURAL HAZARDS MITIG	ATION	S110
NATURAL HAZARDS MITTON	1	
NATURAL HAZARDS SCIENCE COMMUNICATION SCIENCE COMMUNICATION		в000
CCIENICE DOLLE		-10
BASIC RESEARCH PROGRA	MMES	B010
BASIC DESEARCH PROGRA		B020 B021
BASIC RESE		B022
MODERN BIOLOGY		B023
		B030
CHEMISTRY		B031
Organic Synthesis Natural Product Chemistry		B032
Natural Product		
Electrochemistry		
EARTH SCIENCES		
Geophysics	5-42	
Ocean Sciences	5-3-	The second secon

(Annexure 5.3 Continued)

ATMOSPHERIC AND SPACE PHYSICS MATERIAL SCIENCES	B040 B050
COMPUTER AIDED STUDIES, EXPERT SYSTEMS AND	в060
PARALLEL COMPUTATION	в070
AERONAUTICS RESEARCH SUPPORT ACTIVITIES AND TECHNICAL	R000
SERVICES	R010
	R011
SURVEYS	R012
Coal	R013
Mapping of EEZ	
Polymetallic Nodules Programme	R020
DATA BASES THANDARDISATION AND QUALITY	R030
CALIBRATION, STANDARD SYSTEM AND ANALYTICAL TESTING SYSTEM AND ANALYTICAL TESTING And Analytication and Quality	R031
SYSTEM AND ANALITIES and Quality	
SYSTEM AND ANALTY Calibration, Standardization and Quality	R032
System	R040
1 Tectino	
PRODUCT EVALUATION	
PRODUCT	

12

CHAPTER 6: SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

INTRODUCTION 6.1

If one looks back, it is evident that for the last over two decades CSIR has been attempting to establish an Information System for planning and monitoring The main problem had been the generation of information at the laboratory level and timely transmission of the same to the CSIR. CSIR was gradually establishing the information system through the methodology of formulating Annual Plan documents and the subsequent analysis of the data and preparation of a detailed profile for each laboratory. The main problem has been the non existence of the feed back system and continuous flow of information and also the non availability of the data on project costs. At a time when it was necessary to make a quantum jump to dynamic information system from the static information gathering in the form of annual plan documents, the Planning process in CSIR had a setback with the discontinuance of the Annual Plan data collection. In other words from a position of take off, the system was forced to go dormant and start all over again.

The principle problem has been, in reality the project formulation at the laboratory level. Perhaps, most of the laboratories are working on the problem solving mode rather than the project mode as for as the in-house projects are concerned. One of the reasons has been the stress on the generation of more extra-budgetary resources without any specific guidelines on how to go about that. The laboratories are having freedom to choose their project portfolios,; it could be sponsored or it could be consultancy assignments or of any other categories.

From the decision as well as information generation point of view, appreciation of the creation and maintenance of project data base maximizing all possible data elements related to a project is the need of the hour.

After a careful and detailed analysis of the data collection process followed by CSIR over the last two decades, the various analysis made to help the decision making in CSIR HQ. the gaps in information and the problems faced in meeting the information requirements at CSIR and also the questionnaire followed at the International level for the data base on research in progress", a model information system has been proposed and outlined in Chapter-5. This model information system is amenable to computerization having proper interfaces with various subsystems/databases.

This system will be effective if implemented properly. The databases need to be maintained and updated at the laboratory level and the updated information need be passed on to the CSIR HQ. till such time the laboratory databases are linked through networks.

So far plan formulation involved collection of Plan documents every year with massive information on all projects. Consolidation of information received from the laboratories and forming the overall CSIR Plan involved a huge exercise. It needed plenty of time but in reality the time available used to be very short and many times one had to rely upon the past data.

CSIR prepares the plan areawise and not laboratory wise. The collection and compilation of area-wise information from the laboratory plan documents was never an easy task within the limited time. The maintenance and dynamic updating of computerized information system will help generation of area-wise plan automatically with authentic data. This would easily integrate all the laboratory information. This would also help projectwise projection of physical as well as financial targets within any area. One can also generate areawise physical and financial information. Projectwise financial information will help physical and financial information. Projectwise financial information will help certain the scope for getting physical and financial information as well as from other socio economic better resource management and justify demands. It enlarges the scope for getting more funds from Planning Commission as well as from other socio economic ministries. Emphasis has also been made on project budgeting and costing.

The availability of Projectwise information may facilitate projectwise resource allocation. The resource allocation models are presented in the next section.

RESOURCE ALLOCATION MODEL 6.2

If one looks critically into the data on the projections, allocations and utilization it will be clear that there has been no uniform system of resource management. In most of the cases, the allocations had been almost half of the projections made.

Under the present policies, the existing manpower need to be provided with salaries, some minimum expenditure on contingencies like electricity, telephones, stationery etc and chemicals and apparatus to keep up the minimum activity level. Irrespective of whether there is any R&D or not some base line expenditure will be there.

6.2.1 Present System of Allocation

Minimum Requirements: 1.

Salaries

Contingencies

Books/Journals - Committed subscription Chemicals-day to day routine requirements

- Specific need based requirement Equipments/ Books, Journals, Special Chemicals Not specifically related to any project. 2.
- Furniture, Vehicles, Office equipment (Fax, Xerox, Electronic Typewriter etc), Models & Ehxibits, Workshop Machinery etc. 3.
- Allocation for special projects viz Global change, Antarctic research, Again generally not linked with specific tasks but based on the perceptions 4. of project coordinators.

6.2.2 Proposed System

There could be three situations

Where all the activities are projectized and the allocations are made A) on project- wise requirements.

i.e. Projectization of all activities.

Allocation projectwise

Total requirements = SUM of (Project Budget)

P1, P2,, PN : **Projects**

Resource

PR1, PR2,....., PRN Requirements:

PR1C, PR2C,...., PRNC From CSIR:

From Lab.

PR1LR,PR2LR,....., PRNLR reserves

PR1E, PR2E,, PRNE From EBR

Requirements for

PR1C + PR1LR + PR1E

PR2C + PR2LR + PR2E and so on P1 **P2**

Sum(PRiC+PRiLR+PRiE) Where i ranges from 1 to N Total budget requirements PR:

For any given project PRiC may be nil; or PRiLR may be nil; or both may be nil; or

PRiE may be nil.

Because of the Manpower policies, one has to ensure that the salary requirements for the existing staff are met without any problem.

B) In the event of all the activities not being projectized, one may have to extrapolate the requirements of overheads or supporting activities. The trend data on the ratio of R&D vs Infrastructure (supporting activities) would help the extrapolation.

Total requirements = Requirements for Projects +
Overheads based on past trends

- C) Allocations based on baseline expenditure and for a few Specific projects.
- i) MR Minimum requirements/base line expenditure.
 (Recurring expenditure)
- ii) P Requirements of few selected projects *

New manpower - if required.

| Equipment

Others

* Allocation to be done for total project costs for these projects

Pi = Spl. allocation + Part of MR (say MRi)

iii) Thus, Total = MR + Pi - MRi + Bonus (Depending upon the Performance)

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS 6.3

CSIR has been changing the classification quite often depending upon the need of the hour. The emphasis was more in getting information from the laboratories rather than generating information at the CSIR Headquarters from the laboratory data base. Maintenance of databases at the laboratory level catering to the needs of CSIR HQ. at different points of time for different purposes was perhaps never considered necessary from the This has resulted in dependency on the headquarters point of view. This in turn has laboratories almost all the time for any information. resulted in a situation wherein the laboratories started creating information as and when asked for rather than generating information from the existing data bases, or maintenance of databases. Most of the time CSIR HQ. felt that there was inconsistency in various information provided at different points of time.

Because of the change in classification, the continuity of data was also lost. For eg. till 1981, rural development projects were given a code '2' for computer analysis. This classification was changed and CSIR decided to drop Rural Development Projects (RDP) and instead introduced 'Multi Agency Projects' (MAP). These projects were conceptually very much different from RDPs. However the same computer code '2' was retained for MAPs. This created some sort confusion both in continuation of data

In the proposed system care has been taken to allocate unique codes for project numbers, employee ID, and various other classifications. categories. If a project is reclassified from MLP or OLP to ILP, MMP the original project could be treated as closed and the new project could be considered with new number as the output of the closed project with provisions for Parent-Child relationships.

CSIR has been allocating resources for the purchase of equipment during the last two months (viz Feb. & March) of every financial year. Infact way back in 1980, the then DGSIR desired to prepare a priority list of equipment and to approve them at the beginning of the year so that allocations can be made as and when the resources were available at the CSIR Headquarters. However, this has not been followed mainly because the laboratories have been changing their demands quite frequently. The proposals are never evaluated in totality taking into account the total projects both inhouse sponsored R&D and foreign aided. Irrespective of the percentage of external projects both national and international, it has been the practice for the laboratories to expect 100% or maximum requirements from CSIR. The proposed system has provisions for getting complete information. However, there need to be a policy guideline for evolving criteria for resource allocations from the Government Grant.

The Research Councils of the laboratories are expected to evaluate the projects and recommend their continuation, termination with regard to continuing projects and taking up or not going ahead with regards to the new proposals. Besides providing directions to R&D, RCs are expected to approve the Plan documents of the laboratories including the resource requirements. In general, there have been situations when there has been no one to one correlation between the laboratory plan documents ubmitted to CSIR and the plan proposals discussed in the RCs. The submitted to CSIR and items for a few laboratories over the years even analyses of RC agenda items for a few laboratories are not discussed in indicate that the entire activities of the laboratories are not discussed indetails.

If the proposed information system is implemented the project details maintained in the laboratories could be made accessible to the RC and these could be updated with the RC's decisions. This updated version will be available to the CSIR HQ. adding further to the authenticity of data as well as to the planning process.

In some laboratories, the S&T information of the project proposals is critically discussed and project proposals are formulated/finalized through these discussing in Divisional expert Committees. Then these are discussed in the RCs. This ensures validity of the S&T information and also will provide proper direction to R&D. The project information generated through this process will be most dependable. This practice is commended for being followed by in other laboratories.

- In R&D one should not expect support on past trends. The policy making and decision making authorities have several times categorically assured support to result oriented projects. This again demands projectization of R&D activities and the proposed system takes care of such requirements. This would help formulate really a few major coordinated network programmes integrating the efforts of expertise and facilities available in all the laboratories. The laboratories could complement the other rather than duplicate and compete with each other. Infact for network programmes, one may need to coordinate and cooperate with other agencies as well.
- The bench level scientists need to be trained on project costing. The general guidelines for project costing need to be followed by all the laboratories. The implementation would involve creation of data base to start with and then the work load will only be on updating wherever there is any change. The laboratories continue to enjoy the freedom and flexibility in choosing their project portfolio and in project management.

The highlights of advantages of the proposed model information system are presented in Table: 6.1

Table 6.1 HIGHLIGHTS OF PROPOSED SYSTEM

Present System

Activities

Proposed System

* Dynamic - Continuous * Static - annual plan updating - Periodic or Plan document after any event Formulation * Envisaged computerized * Time consuming module for integration of laboratory data. Hence time factor will not be a constraint. * Authentic/ dependable * Non-availability of information at any point authentic and of time. Most of the dependable information time no need to approach the laboratories * Perception of few people * Factual data from the at the CSIR HQ. * Clarity and details * Areawise/ Projectwise available on area/project Information vague * Envisages linkage with * No linkage with other other systems systems viz. Finance, Manpower, Equipment * Helps project selection * project formulation/ by RC; with the available linkage with RC's information RC could decide on continuation, decisions dropping , slowing down of the existing project or taking up the new proposal

(Table 6.1 Concinued.)		
Activities	Present System	Proposed System
Resource * Allocation	Labwise overall allocation based on past trends on conventional budget heads	* Would enbale decision on allocation based on projectwise requirements
	No projectwise allocation	* Takes care of total requirement including external funds, laboratory rserves
		* Could help justify demands with more rationality
Answer to Queries	Dependence on the laboratories and time consuming;	Helps generate dependable information from the data base; avoids frequent reference to labs
Monitoring of Achievements	Overall lab achievements Specific project linked data absent	Project linked monitoring possible; could be integrated to get overall laboratory achievements. Areawise monitoring possible.
Project Portfolio/ Project Management	Complete freedom and Flexibility to the Laboratories	Complete freedom and Flexibility to the Laboratories; No change

SCOPE FOR FUTURE WORK 6.4

- CSIR participates in the plan discussins of the State S&T plans and plans of various socio-economic departments held in the Planning Commission every year. Such interactions will help better collaboration with these departments and organizations. CSIR could possibly think of creating and maintaining a data base on opportunities available in the national scene for collaboration. A proper link of such a data base with the proposed project data base integrated at CSIR would be of greater consequence in the R&D planning.
 - Coordination among the various Technical Divisions, Administration and Finance at the CSIR Headquarters will perhaps improve the situation . Similar information is being sought from the laboratories by various Divisions.

At present Planning Division interacts with PME cells in the laboratories, Technology Utiliztion Division (TUD) intercacts with Technical Information and Liasion Group (TIL), Finance with finance and Administration with administration. In the absence of computerized data bases on different aspects and lack of coordination among the various functionaries both at the CSIR HQ. and at the laboratories, the variation in the information and the duplication of efforts are unavoidable. computrized system will remove the variation in information and will help avoid duplication.

When one thinks of planning of R&D, it may not be surprising to note the interesting feature of its definite interface or linkage with the other functional activities such as Finance, viz Costing, Budgeting, Resource allocation and Accounting, Technology utilization - Technology Transfer, Marketing, Sponsored Research, Consultancy, etc.

The present day policy guidelines provide emphasis on Marketing of larice products services and generation of extra vergment hudgetary support, it becomes very

stage. The information system for the technology utilization should also become a part of the total information system.

Further, the opportunities at the international level are also important and should be looked into at the stage of deciding project portfolios at the laboratory level.

- * Human resource development activities deals with award of junior research fellowships, senior research fellowships, research associateships, pool officerships, research schemes etc. These also should be the mainstream R&D activities and thus properly linked with the information system.
- * The vital information required for decision making and other purposes will be available through proper implementation of the system. Thus there is a need to have an integrated approach to planning and information system development linking various technical and other divisions at the CSIR HQ > level and at the laboratory level.
- * The next phase of the information system development has to recognize the importance of electronic networking technology. The information system at the CSIR HQ. level and the laboratory level need to be linked through suitable network for automatic and easy information transfer between different levels.

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